THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XIV. THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1881. PRICE 5 CENTS

HE FOUND HIM USEFUL,

THAT IS, THE LATE GENERAL MYERS DID,

And Howgate Eased the Old Man's Mind of All Trouble, and Handled the Money to Suit Himself—Hence the Peculations Discovered in the Signal Office.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—It has been something of a mystery how the enormous frauds on the signal service fund could have been perpetrated so long and so successfully without detection. An explanation of the methods employed will clear it up. Howgate is a thoroughly equipped man of business, of much organizing capacity, and endowed with great energy.

In 1876 General Myer, then at the head of the signal service, became seriously enfeebled in mind. There had been an investigation of the financial management of the bureau, and the accounts would not balance by some forty or fifty thousand dollars. This disagreement was the result of ignorance rather than of crime.

After the discovery it became necessary to find a new disbursing officer for the bureau. General Myer offered the vacancy to Howgate, who declined the proposition several times, and, as is now believed, with the object of drawing Myer on to further solicitations so that he might finally dictate his own terms. At last Howgate accepted the place upon the distinct condition that he should have exclusive control of the finances, and that even General Myer himself should not be authorized to interfere with their management.

Previous to his advent, deficiencies for the service were regular every year. Howgate pledged himself to stop them, and to live within the appropriations. He kept his word in this respect, and thus strengthened the confidence of General Myer in his ability and in his integrity. After he had thus established himself Howgate proposed to resign, giving as a reason that he could better his condition outside.

He had rendered himself indispensable to General Myer, and this suggested resignation, repeated several times, was a mere trick to make his power more absolute and to throw dirt in the eyes of vigilance, already drowsy from indifference or neglect. The scheme succeeded. Howgate was complete master of the situation. Not a dollar could be expended without his consent, nor a debt contracted.

The appropriations went into his hands exclusively, and he put them where they would do the most good to himself. He drove hard bargains for the office, with the double object of preventing deficiencies, and of providing a larger margin of money to devote to his own operations. His system was admirably arranged for deception, because it was ostensibly based upon the idea of economy and of rigid management.

General Myer was completely taken in by Howgate's methods, and indeed he was unfitted by mental condition to counteract them. Consequently he signed the multitude of so-called vouchers that were daily presented to him without question and as a matter of mechanical duty. He had not the remotest suspicion of wrong, and the guardians of the treasury, seeing everything in form, passed the accounts almost as a matter of course. Howgate had taken care to conquer prejudice in that direction.

The possession of such undisputed authority turned Howgate's head. He excited jealousy and malice among the subordinates, who were divided into two factions, for and against him, the larger, of course, being on the side of power. But his enemies were bitter, active, and intelligent. Some of them had watched him closely, knew his habits, saw his speculations, and concluded that the pay of a brevet captain would not justify his mode of life nor his investments in real estate in Washington.

They insisted that certain "vouchers" should be examined; and when the investigation was made, they turned out to be rank forgeries. Then the whole iniquity exploded, for in going back over the documents filed away as satisfactorily settled, the frauds were found to be systematic, and pervading nearly the whole period of Howgate's tenure of office.

Personal enmity and accident led to this discovery. If Howgate had been politic in his intercourse with subordinates, there is no reason why his system should not have continued without interruption. It went on prosperously for years, and it grew stronger constantly. His offensive arrogance finally invited a bold defiance, and his exposure and ruin were the necessary consequences of that quarrel.

Thus far the stealings of Howgate, subject to indictment, sum up nearly a quarter of a million of dollars. But they are only those to which the statute of limitations does not apply, and therefore they have been most carefully investigated, with a view to prosecution. The figures for the preceding years are not yet accurately ascertained, but they will be fully reported to Congress.

THE FOUL BLASPHEMY

Of the Murderer of the Late President—The Assassin Continues His Statement on the Stand.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—The court room was packed this morning, as usual. Guiteau resumed the stand and identified several papers. He was questioned as to the religious tenest of the Oneida community, and said he had the same belief as was entertained at the communit, and also stated what was the belief of the community. He then gave his experiences for the past four years, how he tramped around, trying to lecture and sell his book. He also gave an account of his visits to the white house and state department in search of a consulship, and related how he received the inspiration to remove the president.

At 12 o'clock recess was taken.

After the recess the prisoner again took the stand, and was questioned by Mr. Scoville as to his experience with special providences.

Witness—I have always believed most decidedly in a special providence. There are four distinct times in my life when I claim to have had special inspirations. The first was when I went to the Oneida community; the second when I left the community to go to New York to establish a theocratic paper, to be the organ of the Deity in this world; the third was when I left a good law business in Chicago to go out lecturing and working for the Lord, and the fourth time I claim to have had special divine authority was when I attempted to remove the president. These are the four distinct times when I claim to have had inspiration. I mean a special providence for your protection. I had abundant evidence of the Lord's protection all the time I was in the theology business lecturing around the country. Two or three times I came near meeting with serious accidents, but the Lord spared me. Since I have been in jail I have been shot at three times and missed."

"What special occasion before you were arrested were you protected by a special providence."

"I think the preservation of my life at Newark was one, when I jumped from the train, which was going thirty-five miles an hour. Another was when I was on the 'Stonnington,' when we were all in momentary expectation of going down. I remember praying to the Lord that he might spare my life, but I felt perfectly willing to leave it to the Lord. I felt happy that I had been a faithful servant of His, by trying to teach the gospel. I remember I thought if my time had come I could go with a good heart. Since my arrest it has been my constant feeling all the way through. When I was shot at and missed, and when last summer a mob was howling for me, I had no anxiety for myself, and (excitedly) I had no anxiety for the result of this trial. [To Scoville, who attempted to stop him.] Don't interrupt. I feel that the whole matter is with the Lord, and I am perfectly willing to leave it to Him."

"When you talk about a mob, to what time do you refer?"

"Last summer. At one time everybody wanted to shoot me or hang me. It did not disturb my equilibrium any. I thought that the government and the Lord would take care of me. I want to say right here that my idea is this: The first thing is, if the Deity will protect me, my idea is that He is using these men, soldiers, jury, experts, counsel and court to serve Him and protect me. That is my theory about divine protection. The Lord is no fool, and when he has anything to do He uses the best means He can to carry out His purposes. I say that He is using all these men to serve Him and protect me."

During all this speech the prisoner showed much excitement, and pounded the rail of the witness stand vigorously with his hands, while he spoke with great rapidity of utterance.

Q. What was your first instance of divine interposition after you went to jail.

A. When that keeper attempted to shoot me, and put his pistol within eight inches of my head. He denied the whole thing, but I am satisfied I am right. [illegible] General Crocker said that it was all a mistake a[illegible] hushed it up. I do not care to discuss it, b[illegible] fact is that man came into my cell deliberatel[illegible] shoot me, and the only reason he did not was that I happened to be wake.

Witness here described in detail the manner in which he had seized the keeper and pinioned his arms. The special Providence here was that the man had ten or twelve seconds in which to fire, but that the Lord stopped him.

Q.—What was the next interposition?

A.—I claim a certain interposition when Mason fired at me.

The witness then described the incident at length. He was standing in a cramped position. If he had been standing up the ball would have gone through his heart, just where Mason aimed for. In like manner the failure of Jones to shoot him, the prisoner considered it providential. He added, I say in relation to this whole business that the Lord inspired the removal of the president; that he has taken care of me so far, and he will continue to do so. If I had not had absolute certainty that the Deity inspired the act I never would have shot the president.

Q—Had you any ill feelings against the president?

A—Decidedly not. I considered him as my political and personal friend. I never had the slightest ill feeling toward General Garfield in any shape. I simply executed what I considered the Divine will for the good of the American people to unite the two factions of the republican party and prevent another war

This speech was delivered in a rapid and wild manner, the prisoner pounding excitedly upon the rail of the witness stand and raising his voice as he proceeded.

"My opinion," he continued, "has never changed as to the necessity of the act.' I undertake to say that the people of this country, when they know that another war has been prevented, instead of saying 'Guiteau, the assassin,' will some of these days say, 'Guiteau, the patriot.'

Q—What was your idea as to the removal of the president?

A—It was established in my mind about the first of June, and I never doubted from that moment to this about the divinity of the act and the necessity of it.

Q—Were you easy in your mind?

A—I was under a great pressure, and that is why I looked gaunt and thin. I could not eat well. I was ground and ground and pressed and pressed, and I could get no relief until it was actually done. I felt greatly relieved when the thing was over. I felt happy. I had not been so happy for weeks as I did when I was in the cell on 2d July. I thanked God that t'was all over."

FEDERAL FACTS.

A New Refunding Bill Promised by Ex-Speaker Randall.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—Ex-Speaker Randall says that a 3 per cent. refunding bill will be introduced in the house at an early day in the session. The proposed bill will be based on the refunding measure that was vetoed during the last session. The fourth section of the vetoed bill authorized the secretary of the treasury to use $50,000,000 of the gold and silver coin in the treasury in the redemption of the 5 and 6 per cent. bonds, which have since been converted into bonds bearing 3½ per cent, and also to apply so much of the surplus money in the treasury as he might deem necessary to the purchase or redemption of the interest-bearing bonds and certificates. Mr. Randall proposed to substitute for this a section declaring that an amount not exceeding 25 per cent of the outstanding United States notes shall be retained in the treasury as a reserve, and that the money in the treasury in excess of that amount shall be applied to the purchase of interest-bearing bonds. The effect of such a provision, Mr. Randall claims, would be to release $100,000,000 now held for the purpose of maintaining United States notes at par. The fifth section of the vetoed bill, which provided that 3 per cent bonds should be the only bonds receivable as security for bank circulation, and that national banks surrendering circulation or going into liquidation should surrender their own notes as a condition precedent to the return of their bonds held to secure circulation, is to be included in the proposed bill.

The report of the naval advisory board was made public by the secretary of the navy to-day. It recommends the construction of thirty-eight unarmed cruising vessels and a number of rams, torpedo gunboats, and torpedo boats. The numbers and types of vessels that will be available for service in the navy at the expiration of eight years, if the programme devised by the advisory board is adopted, will be as follows: 21 iron clads, 70 unarmed cruisers, 5 rams, 5 torpeda gunboats and 20 torpedo boats.

Secretary Hunt to-day gave out for publication the annual reports of the bureau officers.

Chief English, of the bureau of equipment and recruiting, reports that during the year sixty-nine vessels have been wholly or partly equipped at the several navy-yards and stations at an expenditure of labor of $8,309,407 and for material of $35,580,769. During the past fiscal year a coaling station was established on the island of Tutuila, one of the Samoan group, at an expenditure of $40,000, including the cost of 2,200 tons of coal and transportation to that island. An account of the unsettled condition of affairs at these islands, the Chief English says:

It was considered essential to have at least one of our cruisers visit them frequently, hence the necessity of establishing a coaling station in this connection. I respectfully suggest that coaling stations be established in Magdalen bay, Lower California, to take the place of the one now existing at Lapaz, Lower California. In the gulf of California there should likewise be established at least one other coaling station about midway between Magdalen bay and Panama.

The government receipts during the month of November will fall a little short of thirty million. The expenditures will aggregate more than sixteen millions. The estimated public debt statement is to be issued to-morrow, and will show a reduction of between seven and eight million dollars.

THE NEW EXODUS

From the Land of Persecution to the Land of Promise.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The influx of Russian refugees of the Jewish race arriving here has reached such overwhelming proportions that the small committee of the United Hebrew Charities, who have been unremitting in their personal attention to this charitable duty, find themselves physically unable to cope with the work. A meeting of all interested was held on Sunday, the 27th inst., at the Hebrew orphan asylum, to establish an incorporated emigrant society to take charge of the funds on hand, to secure sufficient accommodations under their own supervision, and by all the machinery of a regular organization to take up the work successfully.

When the fact is considered that in some weeks over 400 of these exiles have disembarked together, mostly destitute and helpless, it will be allowed that only a special and thoroughly organized society is equal to the task. As the subject of forming farming colonies is likely to be discussed, a large and spirited gathering of the more prominent Hebrews of the city is anticipated.

At a public meeting to-day at the Hebrew orphan asylum, it was resolved to take measures for the formation of a society to afford aid and advice to Jewish emigrants on their arrival and discourage the influx of paupers.

Suits Against a Railroad.

NEW ORLEANS, November 30.—Mr. and Mrs. George McNeill have entered suits against the Louisville and Nashville railroad for $100,000 damages for fatal injuries to their son, aged nineteen years, while riding on a freight train.

Governor McEnery has approved the sentences of Terrence Achile and Sterling Ben, to be executed on January 6th in Franklin.

INSULAR INCIDENTS.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire occurred at Cookeville, Tennessee, yesterday.

MARTIN FLANNAGAN, who killed John Cairns, in Buffalo, New York, was sentenced to-day to be hanged January 28, 1882.

THE Florida Times, a new morning daily, Jones and Barbour proprietors, Jacksonville, Florida, made its first appearance yesterday.

W. A. MARTIN, an old conductor on the Little Rock and Fort Smith railway, fell between the cars as the train was pulling into Morrelton, and was crushed to death.

NIGHT before last, at Utopia, a village in the eastern part of Brown county, Ohio, John Cheue shot and mortally wounded Billy Crab. The trouble was about a woman.

A KENOSHA, Wis., special says H. M. Thiers, the swindler, was sentenced yesterday, making no defense, but pleaded guilty to forgery, and received seven years' sentence, and left the court-room weeping.

ANNIE LOUISE CAREY, while dining at the railroad restaurant at Zanesville, Ohio, had a portmanteau stolen containing two rings, a pair of earrings and two pins with diamond sets. A colored waiter was arrested, but nothing was found on him. Afterwards the jewelry was found hidden under the waiter's table, and it was sent forward to Miss Carey. The waiter was released for lack of positive evidence, and was also discharged from the restaurant.

THIS AND THAT.

A RECORD OF VARIOUS EVENTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

A Kansas Bank Catches Up With the Spirit of the Times—A Man Pulls Out a Horse's Tongue—Shot in the Temple—A Horrible Suicide—Too Much of a Dose—Poisoning Case.

HUNNEWELL, Kas., November 30.—The excitement at Caldwell still continues at fever heat. Threats are made, and will be carried out, that Danford must settle before to-morrow or die. The cashier, Mr. Bowers, settled up with the depositors with the colaterals, real estate, etc., and paid up within $300 of the indebtedness. His course has given satisfaction to every one. The deposits at Caldwell were about $50,000. As all collaterals, books, etc., were removed to Newton, it is impossible to tell how far they will go toward paying up. Danford has offered to pay part, but the depositors refused to settle. A heavy guard watches Smith and Danford day and night. Sheriff Thralls left for Wellington to-day. He says he can do nothing against the mob, and it is with Danford to settle or die. The feeling is greatly aggravated by the fact that Danford assigned all his real estate to Colonel Hond, of Emporia, Saturday last; that he offered his guards $150 each while being brought back to let him escape, and the removal of the Caldwell property from the bank on Saturday, which Smith took with him to Newton, although deposits were received up to the last minute. At a meeting of the committee a determined man was sent after F. A. Tanner, with instructions to bring him at all hazards. Tanner is thought to have had something to do with the removal of the collaterals. Danford told the cashier here that he had just disposed of the Carbondale bank. The bank building at Lyndell was finished, but not opened for business. It is reported and believed that Danford has disposed of the Hunnewell city bonds, $16,000, to some parties in New York. Mayor Hughes and F. M. Ford have gone east to look after this. The cashier there thinks the trouble entirely uncalled for, and blames the Caldwell cashier for not keeping his New York account up, as a protested draft on the Caldwell bank caused the run. All the banks were doing well, and nothing but crooked work could have caused the failure.

NEWARK, Ohio, November 30.—Licking county, which has in a year's time produced a Hendricks, who turned his aged father almost naked out into the February storm, and a Cummings, who was convicted of driving a tack through his little boy's tongue, now produces another brute forty years old in human shape, who wears the name of William Bishop, and lives on a small farm near Johnstown, this county. Thursday night he was hauling a very heavy load of slate from Granville, and when near home one of his horses, a strong and intelligent animal, gave out. Enraged at the animal's inability to proceed further, he tied a rope to the horse's tongue, and deliberately pulled it out by the roots. The tongue was found lying in the road next morning, but the entire affair did not become known in the village until Bishop drove the animal to town Saturday.

When the facts were known the excitement became intense, and a large party was organized and started to tar and feather him that night. By the utmost exertions of 'Squire Hanover, and his promise to attend to it legally, they were quieted. Hanover came to Newark to-day and swore out a warrant for Bishop's arrest, and he will probably be tried to-morrow.

NEW ORLEANS, November 30.—The Times' Yazoo City special says that two negroes, named Jordan and Craigo, were caught and confessed having assassinated Robert Catlin, near Huntsfield landing, on the 17th. They also intended to kill Mrs. Catlin. The negroes were hanged by the infuriated citizens to a tree near Sheppardstown.

A Clinton, La., special says a mail-driver from Jackson to Clinton was shot and the mail-bags taken from him when five miles from Jackson. The bags were cut open and robbed. Edward Johnson, colored, was arrested, charged with the crime. The driver was but slightly injured.

A Jacksonville, Texas, special says a boiler explosion in the mills of Douglass & Son, at Mud Creek, yesterday, killed the engineer, Oliver Wilson, and two laborers named Burkell and Billups, and fatally injured a colored man. The mill was blown to atoms.

J. Levi & Co., dry goods; Louis Meyer & Son, tobacco; and C. B. Black & Co., tobacco, have failed. The establishments are under seizure. No statements obtainable.

NEW ALBANY, November 30.—A horrible suicide was committed eleven miles west of this city, in Floyd county, Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Magdalena Miller, a woman aged fifty-seven years, being the victim. The husband of Mrs. Miller, also the grown son, left the house about noon to visit in the neighborhood. Upon the return of Mr. Miller he found his wife lying on the bed in pool of blood, her throat being cut with a butcher-knife. The woman had evidently been dead two or three hours. She had evidently set upon the side of the bed and sawed the gash in her throat with a dull butcher-knife. After this she appears to have walked to the window, as the finger-marks are upon it, then returned to her bed, where she was found. The suicide spent two years in the insane asylum twenty years ago. Of late she showed a return of the old malady, and it is safe to say she was insane when the deed was committed. Coroner Lemon went down last night and spent all night investigating the case. His finding is in accordance with the above.

MOUNT VERNON, O., November 30.—A serious accident happened to-night from the common cause of "didn't know it was loaded." The victim was a lady named Mrs. Lawrence Alsdorf. Her son, Albert, a young man about nineteen years old, was the possessor of a small revolver, which he had loaned to a neighbor boy. He received it back this evening, and while handling it in the presence of his mother, the weapon was accidentally discharged, the ball striking her in the temple. Medical aid was summoned and the wound probed, when about half of the ball was recovered. The surgeon thinks that the brain was not penetrated, but as the lady is an invalid, her injuries may prove fatal from the shock of her nervous system.

CANTON, O., November 30.—A faithless wife has marred the happiness of another Canton family. Mr. Charles Pentz, a molder by trade and a well known citizen of this place, was married some eight years ago to Miss Emma F. Barber, the daughter of William Barber, a prominent Canton grain merchant. Their union was blessed with two children, and their married life was a happy one until within a few days ago, when Jacob Pentz, a younger brother, who for about a year past has lived with the family, left for Springfield, Ohio, where Mrs. Pentz has since joined him, leaving her two children with their father. The latter has applied for a divorce.

TOLEDO, November 30.—Quite a sensation was caused to-day by the intelligence which leaked out that E. W. Tripp, a young man employed in one of the merchant tailoring establishments of the city, had attempted to commit suicide last night, and the papers were requested to suppress it on account of his connections, etc. It seems that the dose was too large, and the would be victim was saved by the stomach-pump and emetics. Among the young man's immediate friends there was no assignable cause for the deed, but others well informed state that dissipation and financial pressure had considerable to do with it.

LANCASTER, November 30.—In the Dresbach wife-poisoning case to-day Judge Wright's decision was to the effect that all the declarations made by Mrs. Dresbach during her sickness and before her death are to go to the jury as her dying declarations, except that which refers to the expression made by her that her husband knew when he gave the medicine it would kill her. The defense objected and the court then adjourned until to-morrow morning to give them time to prepare their bill of exceptions. It is believed the case will be prolonged a month yet.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 30.—The residence of Dr. L. C. Norwood, a prominent physician of Whitesville, Harris county, was burned last night and he perished in the flames. It was a very fine house, well furnished, and everything in it was lost, including a considerable sum of money.

UNION SPRINGS, Ala., November 30.—[Special.]—The man who murdered the three Walker boys near Aberdeen, Miss., Sunday was arrested here to-night.

The Boston Banks.

BOSTON, November 30.—An agreement has been signed by more than half of the loaning banks of the Clearing house association, to go into effect December 1, setting forth the belief that the custom of loans by the Boston national banks of any excess of their reserve is full of danger, because of the facilities it offers banks to do business upon a fictitious basis; also declaring that safety requires that all banks should habitually depend upon their own resources and not upon the casual superabundance of their neighbors. They agree, therefore, to lend no money at the clearing house, but to make such loans and tender such assistance as may seem proper upon application at the respective banking rooms only and whenever circumstances place them in such condition that they require a temporary loan. They will not borrow at the clearing house, but make application at each others' place of business.

THE TARIFF CONVENTION.

Georgia Men taking Part in the Proceedings.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The second day's session of the national tariff convention was called to order at 10:30. The subject for discussion was the tariff commission. The first speaker was John Thompson, vice president of Chase National bank. He said that under the influence of a protective tariff the country had prospered beyond parallel, and grown beyond precedent. He then persistently asked the question "why then experiment with free trade." Free trade would he said bankrupt thousands of establishments, and throw millions of dependent, deserving operatives out of employment. This would bring with it a panic, a destruction of credits, in short a revolution which, like the revolution of 1873, would cause depression and despair everywhere. The good results of protection are measured by our prosperity. The bad results of free trade may possibly be measured by bringing the product of European and Asiatic labor in competition with American labor. After showing by statistics the popularity of silver coin, Mr. Thompson recommended the removal of all restrictions on silver coinage and the making of silver dollars not only for the United States but for all silver-using nations. Let us have a paper currency based on the precious metals for domestic use and American currency for the outside world. The sooner silver and silver certificates constitute the major part of our money the further off will be panics and revolutions. He also suggested that the people have the privilege of taking greenbacks from the treasury in exchange for interest bearing bonds, the bonds to be given back on the return of the greenbacks, the treasury saving the interest.

The speaker recommended the appointment of a tariff commission, to be composed of protectionists, free traders and representatives of both political parties, and hoped that any changes made in the existing laws would turn out to be mainly in the rectifying of real mistakes and abuses.

The five minute rule for speeches was adopted.

John Jarrett, president of the association of amalgamated iron and steel workers representative was, however, allowed the privilege of the floor for a longer period, in order that the views of the workingmen on the tariff question might be made known. Mr. Jarrett, in his remarks, said he represented to-day, about 600,000 working men, which, he said, was a solid phalanx of protectionists. Fair wages made the workingmen protectionists, and the reason that the English and other workingmen preferred to live in this country, is not solely on account of the higher wages paid, but also owing to the fact that in America the workingman is recognized as a man and a freeman. The speaker was gratified to see that the sentiment of the convention was favorable to the workingman. The tariff was for the protection of capital as well as labor. He admonished the convention to keep the workingmen free and untrammeled, and the country would always prosper. He advocated the education of the workingmen, and said that every means should be adopted to encourage them to educate their children. He has always contended that the interests of labor and capital were identical. Colonel Scriven, of Georgia, as representative of the rice industry, said that the rice crop of 1860 and 1861 was 11,600,000 pounds, and of 1880 and 1881, 17,766,000 pounds. Only 150,000 pounds of the American crop were exported in the last year. Take away the duty on foreign rice and it will result in the same monopoly that brought seven hundred million pounds of foreign rice into this country during the war. The average price of rice in the United States is 1½ cents per pound. This he considered was the result of the protective tariff.

The general farming industry was treated by ex-Governor Grinnell, of Iowa. In conclusion, Governor Grinnell offered the following resolutions, which were adopted by a unanimous rising vote, with cheers:

Resolved, That the convention recognize, with especial satisfaction, the awakening interest in material development in the southern section of our common country, as evidenced by the International cotton exposition now being held in Atlanta, Ga., and we pledge to our brethren of that section our cordial support in maintaining for them that protection to home industry under which the northern states have so long prospered.

Resolved, That we invite men of every political party and every section of the country to investigate the question of protection to American industries as a purely business question, and to judge it by the results achieved during the existence of the present tariff.

Ex-Governor Bullock, of Georgia, was in the chair and presided during the active debate of the closing hours of the convention.

The committee of the western agricultural association, headed by Mr. Grinnell, will meet the cotton planters on Tuesday at Atlanta.

The following letter was read from Mr. Blaine:

Department of State, Washington, November 28.—Mr. D. J. Houston, Chairman, etc.—My Dear Sir: My official duties prevent my leaving Washington at this time. I am hence deprived of saying something which I would be glad to say in your convention if I had the opportunity to speak. In a brief note of excuse I cannot discuss the tariff or shipping question, and yet I will not omit an expression of my belief that at no previous time in the history of our country has the principle of protection to American industry been so strong with the masses of the people as to-day. It was formerly an issue somewhat determined by latitude and longitude, but those limitations have passed away and enthusiastic protectionists can now be found in Alabama as well as Massachusetts, in Illinois as well as in Pennsylvania. The west and south are joining the north and east in common belief that some manufacturers should be encouraged and developed in every state in the union. I wish I could speak with the same confidence in regard to the prospects of American shipping, but I confess to some discouragements when I see the American minister to Brazil at this moment en route to Rio Janeiro, compelled to reach his post by going first to England or France in order to avail himself of a line of steamers.

We are paying to Brazil annually more than $40,000,000 in gold coin to sell the balance of trade against us. Brazil, in turn, sends this money to Europe to pay for commodities which we might at least furnish her. It is easy for the merchants of Brazil to reach England and France. We have never seen the wisdom of providing an easy mode for the same merchandise to come to the United States So long as we fail to do so the balance of trade will annually increase against us. It is idle to think of selling goods to a man unless you first induce him to come into your store.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

A Valuable Purchase.

TALLADEGA, Ala., November 30.—[Special.]—Messrs. Samuel Noble & Bros. and Horace Ware, of Anniston, Ala., purchased, to-day, the Alabama furnace iron works and the Clifton iron company's works. This is the largest transfer of property ever made in this section, involving over a quarter of a million dollars.

FASHION NOTES.

FUR lined cloaks are seen in plain gros grain, brocaded satin, embossed velvet, satin merveilleux and armure.

ALL the skirts of dresses are now trimmed with knife plaiting, kilting or box plaiting, none over two yards and a half around, and none are made plain.

MOUSQUETAIRE gloves have entirely superseded those with buttons for anything beyond four or six button lengths, that is to say, for evening dress wear.

THE esthetic young lady now conducts all her social correspondence on art-tinted paper, bearing in one corner the emblematic sunflower, tulip tiger lily, or else a solitary, weird peacock's feather, with a golden eye.

THE newest trains are of great length, sharply pointed, and all the fullness is massed in the middle breadths in plaits that meet in a small space, where they are attached to the belt, making a very narrow and graceful train.

VELVET dresses are made very plain this season, and brocaded velvets and moleskin plush are preferred to the plain material. The luster and long pile of plush are so becoming that it is much used for corsages with satin, moire or brocaded velvet.

FOR simple costumes of thick woolen stuffs, cloth, etc., silk or chenille cords and tassels, sometimes mixed with jet, are in vogue. Embroidery is in great favor, and when put on with intelligence produces the effect of being wrought on the dress itself.

IN gloves there is nothing new, except that the fur lined gloves, with beaver wristlets, are shown for cold weather. For evening the long wristed gloves still obtain. For street wear three and four button gloves are considered long enough.

BROWN furs are again in favor, and Russian sables, natural beaver, Hudson bay sable and even mink are seen. The golden beaver, the color of which is acquired by bleaching, is immensely popular. It is exceedingly becoming to the majority of wearers.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

THE DARK WORK OF THE NIHILISTS IN RUSSIA.

The Sensation Created By a Russian Nihilist—The Disturbed Condition of Society—A Remarkable Military Trial—The Question of Church and State in Spain.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 30.—Twenty-two soldiers of the regiment of huzzars of the guard are to be tried by court martial to-day for strangling one of their officers. To-morrow a Caucasian, Prince Chervachidse, lieutenant of the same regiment, will be tried for sabering last July a shopkeeper who had accidentally entered a room he had reserved at a restaurant. Another prince, also in the huzzars of the guard, who in a drunken fit last week playfully put a bullet into his servant and nearly killed him, will probably be brought before the courts before long. An inquiry was begun half an hour after the accouchment of Hessy Helfmann. Another of the three women nihilists imprisoned in the fortress has been delivered of a child. Thanks to a woman nihilist who had been allowed to escape from Siberia purposely one of the most-influential nihilist leaders has just been arrested. Knowing from revelations made by some of the St. Petersburg prisoners that the woman was in relations with the nihilist in question the police let her get as far as Moscow, where she was found in company with her accomplice. It is now decided that the approaching great trial of sixty-two or more nihilists will be conducted by the senate, not by court martial.

A great stir has been made in the nihilist camp by the following discovery: About a year ago a Jew named G. G. was denounced by some person who had a private score to settle with him, and was arrested. After he had been asked a few questions, it became clear he was one of the chief members of the central revolutionary committee. He made a clean breast of it, and denounced over sixty of his accomplices, and took the police to his laboratory, on the banks of the Neva, where six men were captured in the very act of manufacturing dynamite. A large supply of explosives were found in his laboratory. As a result of this treachery several persons were sentences and two men named Twiatowsky and Porshniakiff were hanged October 8th. A few days afterward the authoritirs announced the death of G. G. The body, horribly mutilated and disfigured, was handed over to some Jewish friends of the dead man, and buried in Isaac cemetery. The affair made a great sensation at the time, and it was believed G. G. had been murdered in prison, either by the authorities or by some avenging nihilists. When the body reached the Jewish burying ground the rabbi refused it without a certificate of identity. One of the six gendarms who had escorted the body went back to the fortress, and presently returned with a death certificate filled up with G. G.'s name, and apparently perfectly regular. The rabbi was convinced thereby that the corpse was really that of the Jew, and the funeral was allowed to take place.

The astonishing revelations made to the Russian police lately, the numerous arrests in consequence, and the certainty with which Baronoff and his successor, Kislow, were evidently operating, set the nihilists at work to find out the man who was proving so destructive to them. Their investigations were fruitless for a long time, but at last chance put them on the track. Their denouncer turns out to be no other than G. G., who is alive and well, and in the pay of the Russian police in New York. It is now known that he turned traitor on three conditions: First, that he should have a free pardon; second, that his death in the fortress should be proclaimed and fully attested; third, that he should be given 20,000 roubles to get to America. The police executed these conditions to the very letter. A body was procured from the hospital, cleverly mutilated so as to be unrecognizable, and, as already explained, was buried. G. G. got the money and was quietly slipping off to America. Before leaving he wrote a confession of faith, declaring he had made his disclosures to reform the Nihilist cause, which ought to have nothing in common with terrorism, and was destined to triumph only by the force of its principles and united action of socialists all the world over. G. G., stimulated by the hope of more roubles, is said to be still in New York, giving the Russian police active and invaluable assistance.

VIENNA, November 30.—A letter from St. Petersburg to the Vienna Pieza says that Nicolai Sankowsky intended to shoot General Ignatief, and not General Tchereine, at the ministry of the interior on the 26th. Ignatief had only just left the room where the commission for the mitigating of the sentences of exiles was sitting, or he would have received from Sankowsky, the letter requesting an interview.

SPAIN.

MADRID, November 30.—King Alfonso yesterday celebrated his birthday.

The Sagasta cabinet is more annoyed at the political consequences of the attitude of the bishops in the upper house than at any actual fear of rupture of relations with Rome. The resistance of the bishops, backed as it is by the papal nuncio, by the influence of the aristocracy, and by a strong party at court, is also getting the open support of the conservatives, led by Canovas: the ultramontanes, under Pidral, and the carlists in the provinces, all of whom hope thus to attain one of two results—either to impair the credit of the present cabinet at court, or to push Sagasta to more active reforms that would cause division in the ranks of his followers, and provoke the retreat of Marshal Campas, Posada, Herrera and other moderate men, Sagasta, with the help of the democrats and republicans, will insist upon carrying the civil marriage and education laws; but the clergy and the bishops announce vigorous opposition from the pulpit and confessional, a solemn protest in the senate of eight cardinals and archbishops, and twelve bishops and also a formal protest of all the prelates in Spain. The government, in order to stay the storm, is negotiating with the vatican and others to make marriage equally valid according to the option of the parties. If they be Catholics a religious ceremony will be performed, and if non-conformists a civil only. Both, however, will be subject to the formality of register, exactly as in the case of baptisms, to acquire legal validity. Many Spanish statesmen advocate the enforcement of both registry and civil marriage previous to the religious ceremony.

As soon as the cortes approves the home budget in December, Leon y Castillo will read the Cuban and Porto Rican estimates, with bills introducing reforms in colonial taxation and the tariff. All these will be voted before February. With the exceptions of toning down the regulations for carrying out the gradual emancipation law of 1880, the cabinet will immediately modify the condition of slaves in Cuba. In fact, all the Madrid government seem to consider changes and reforms very difficult to undertake in the West Indies, for the Spaniards say they only displease the Creole loyalists without at all conciliating the autonomists, who aim at very different ideas.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, November 30.—In yesterday's debate in the reichstag, Hoenel, progressist, complained that Bismarck, in his reports to the emperor, had cast doubts upon the loyalty of the progressists, and represented them as republican.

Bismarck replied that he had advised the emperor to the best of his belief, and had in that matter done his duty. The emperor, he said, constituted a strong feature in the system of government. How personal was the rule of Hohenzollerns would be seen in the fact that under the Emperor William's brother the government was conducted according to different maxims from those now observed. The Emperor William's personal share in the government was so active that he would not be prohibited from speaking to his people by the assertions of Herr Richter. He (Bismarck) fully and completely represented the imperial and monarchical policy. Bismarck added that Germany was not to be governed after the English pattern. The conduct of affairs was in the hands of the emperor, and the chancellor was the sovereign's responsible adviser, and would continue to be. Bismarck protested against the manner in which his name was being perpetually dragged into debates.

Reicheter retorted that it was consolation for the liberals to know that the Hohenzollerns had no liking for the domination of the major domos, and that the crown prince, Frederick William, would maintain complete independence in his dealings with Bismarck.

The debate, which throughout was very excited, closed without result, as far as the business of the day was concerned. It was remarked that Windhorst seconded Bismarck in his remarks upon the progressists.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, November 30.—At the wool sales to-day 8,700 bales were sold, comprising New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria. There was a good demand at unchanged prices.

ODESSA, November 30.—The Magdeburg fire assurance company has notified the Russian fire assurance companies that in consequence of the great losses sustained through disastrous fires in Russia in the past year, it will no longer renew polities granted in connection with those companies.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 30.—Australian papers report a heavy storm about October 20. The steamer Boisbone is a total wreck on the reef off port Darmin. The steamer Calcintha, from Melbourne to Sydney, is supposed to have foundered. The coasting schooner Schoolboy was wrecked near James' bay and all hands lost.

LONDON, November 30.—T. V. Smith has written the Geographical society, on behalf of relations and friends of Leigh Smith, stating that he is certain Smith intended returning this autumn. His supplies would only last until August, 1882. The dispatch of a well-equipped steamer to his relief, next summer, will be an imperative necessity.

PARIS, November 30.—At the last meeting of the consultive commission, convened by DeLesseps to consider serious questions prior to the main works at Panama being undertaken, the replies all favored the plan of the company's engineer, who will return to Panama December 6, and will commence work immediately. The isthmus must be attacked at three points simultaneously.

The Siecle says that Bert, minister of public worship, is preparing a bill which will abrogate the various measures by which the concordat has been modified in favor of the clergy.

SOUTH AMERICAN COMPLICATION.

Some of the Secret History of the Strange Conduct of the American Ministers.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Everybody is asking what the government is going to do in regard to the Chilian-Peru imbroglio. General Kilpatrick and General Hurlbut have succeeded in kicking up considerable of a bobbery. Each has espoused the cause of the republic to which he was accredited: Kilpatrick has become a thorough Chilian and Hurlbut a sanguinary Peruvian. A member of the government at Washington, now in this city, says that Secretary Blaine has forwarded what is virtually a reproof to each of the belligerent ambassadors, which, if they are as sensitive as they ought to be, will be considered in the light of a recall. If Kilpatrick should come home it would be rather embarrassing to the half dozen politicians in New Jersey who clubbed together to get him appointed by General Grant, so as to get him out of the path of their ambition. Kilpatrick is bright, sharp and enterprising, and if he comes home he may want to be governor, or perhaps to go to the senate, and then somebody else will have to stay at home. This possibility causes anxiety.

It is scandalous that two diplomatists, sent out only on mission pacific, should fall to fighting about questions that don't concern us in the least. The instructions to Kilpatrick and Harlbut were identical in spirit and similar in language, and they could not so far have overstepped the bounds of propriety if they had not become thorough partisans, and quarrelsome ones as that.

The World's Washington correspondent claims to have information regarding the matter. He telegraphed as follows this morning: "I have good reason to believe that the president and secretary of state are entirely agreed as to the importance of the issue forced upon this country by the Chilian seizure of the president of Peru, and that steps will be immediately taken to meet this issue in a proper and dignified manner. The government has no official reason to believe that the letter published in Chili and in the Chilian journal La Situacion, which is the only newspaper now permitted by the Chilians to be issued at Lima, as written by General Kilpatrrick to Sen or Balmesda, was really written by General Kilpatrick. General Hurlbut, the minister of the United States in Peru, has taken no notice whatever of that publication beyond forwarding a printed copy of the paper containing it to the department. All that is positively known here as to the recent course of General Kilpatrick is that on the 1st of November last he had been lying seriously ill for six weeks at Santiago. It is thought very strange that in such a condition he should have risked his life (as he is made in the published letter to say) by composing an eleborate reply to questions which it was not at all within his duty as a minister either to receive from the Chilian foreign minister or to reply to. The tenor of the letter attributed to him is so widely at variance both with the proprieties of official life and with the spirit of the instructions given to General Kilpatrick when he left the United States early last summer that persons in authority here hesitate to believe the letter to be genuine. This hesitation is strengthened by the singular fact that until within the last week it has been impossible for the department to get replies over the cable from its representatives in Peru, all messages to and from that country passing through Chili and under Chilian supervision. The department will take effectual steps to ascertain how this has happened, and to probe this whole business to the bottom. It is not believed to-day that any considerable portion of the American people are of a different opinion as to the rules which 'should prevail among enlightened nations;' and it may be taken for certain that the present administration will not recede from this position either through fear of the 'Chilian ironclads' or to accommodate an English guano and nitrate monopoly."

The sensational dispatches, touching an alleged guano lobby, organized in Washington, to protect a claim of $1,000,000,000 made by certain Americans, both in Chili and Peru, have excited a good deal of amusement here. They are simply a rehash of the details of the well-known Landreau and Cochet claim which has been urged on successive American ministers in Peru and cabinets at Washington for a quarter of a century past. The claims originated with a French naturalized citizen of the United States, who seems to have inherited them from the French discoverer of the nitrate and guano deposits of Peru many years ago.

Another explanation of the imbroglio is a version which has not yet got into the papers. It is alleged by a man who is competent to know the facts, that a syndicate to buy Peru exists in this city, and that Hurlbut is a member of it, and that he had secret instructions from the secretary of state in its interest. It sounds like an incredible yarn, but it comes from a well-informed and reputable authority.

Mrs. Kilpatrick is a niece of the archbishop of Chili, and a lady of high social and political position. She is well known and much liked in New Jersey and Washington, where she resided after Kilpatrick's resignation and before his reappointment by President Garfield. He has been confined to his bed with fever for some weeks now, and his best friends here vindicate him by suggesting the theory that his wife's family wrote the secret dispatches.

A gentleman now in this city, but who has been in South America for thirty years as diplomatist, miner and merchant, being asked when the war would probably come to an end, replied:

"When I was in Santiago two months ago, there was only one opinion. It was expected that the elongated republic would be still further stretched out by the annexation on the north of about three hundred miles of the seacoast of bumptious Bolivia and humiliated Peru, including the nitre lands, which were the cause of the war. Then very likely Bolivia may be granted a little strip to the sea between Chili and Peru, as a right of way and mutual barrier. But this addition will leave Chili the queerest shaped country in the world—3,000 miles long and seventy-five miles wide, running down the coast from the latitude of 80 degrees, where oranges ripen every day in the year, to the latitude of 60 degrees, where even overcoats will not mature, and nothing green grows but stunted pines. It will be just the shape of a boy's sled runner, turning up around Cape Horn at the toe."

"Is the southern boundary of Chili actually settled?"

"Not with precision. Before this war with Peru it was considered quite vague, but the prestige acquired in the last two years will enable her to dictate terms—unless, indeed, the Argentine Republic, which lays claim to the remainder of Patagonia, should go to war about the boundary. These two republics constitute about all the vigor and virility there is in South America. They bear the same relation to their tropical and sluggish neighbors that the United States bears to Mexico."

The Irish Convention.

CHICAGO, November 30.—The Irish national convention assembled at noon at McCormick hall, which was completely filled, largely by delegates. John F. Finerty, of Chicago, called the meeting to order. Congressman William J. Hynes, of Chicago, was nominated permanent chairman, thus harmonizing the two elements of the convention, the "no rent" and the "no rent absolutely" factions. Mr. Hynes accepted the nomination in a brief speech, and the organization was completed and committees appointed on credentials and resolutions. The declaration of the convention will favor a hearty support by all Irish societies in this country of the land league in Ireland. It is probable that the convention will conclude its business and adjourn to-morrow.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

OVER 600 converts at a recent revival at Callettsburg, Ky.

WILMINGTON, N. C., has new water works, which give satisfaction.

THE Memphis, Tenn., Cooperage manufacturing company have failed.

RICHMOND, Virginia, has abandoned the idea of a paid fire department.

THE crops in upper East Tennessee are better than they were last year.

THE Virginia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, favors the passage of a law for the cessation of the liquor traffic.

THE Kentucky, Clark county, Democrat says that six Cotswold sheep will live and keep fat on what it takes to keep one cow.

THE Memphis Appeal wants a well lighted, well heated and handsomely decorated theatre for that city. Not a beastly barn, painted in imitation of an Egyptian sarcophagus.

AT THE EXPOSITION.

FACTS AND INCIDENTS OF THE DAY NOTED.

A Grand Turnout of Commercial Travelers—Florida to Be With Us To-Day—The Attendance—Interesting Facts and Incidents—The Attractions of the Future.

The attendance at the exposition buildings on yesterday was fully maintained, and among those present could be found people from every section of the union.

The principal feature of the day was the gathering of commercial travelers, who were on hand in full force. The address, one that gave evident satisfaction, was delivered by Mr. Samuel W. Small.

To-day a large party from Florida will be upon the grounds, and relate the wonderful advantages of the sun-blest state. The day promises to be one of unusual interest.

Drummers' Day.

THE HIGH OLD TIME THE BOYS HAD YESTERDAY AND LAST NIGHT.

Yesterday was a red letter day at Oglethorpe park. The crowd was large and the interest manifested was great. The special features of the day consisted of the convention of commercial travelers and the visit of Postmaster-General James and party.

At 11 o'clock the commercial travelers assembled in the arcade of the Kimball house, where the badges were distributed and the "drummers," headed by a brass band, formed into line and proceeded to the depot, where the train was boarded for the exposition grounds. Upon arriving at the grounds the line was again formed and the drummers, to the music of the band, proceeded to make a tour of the buildings, commencing with the main building and its annexes, and going from there to the Florida building and art hall. Upon reaching Judges hall the drummers were seated in a body and the exercises of the occasion were commenced.

The first part of the programme was a concert given by the Estey organ company, under the direction of Mr. C. M. Cady.

Mr. Samuel Bradley played the beautiful Gate City Guard march, and at its conclusion was rewarded with a shower of applause.

Mr. R. B. Toy, general traveling man for the Estey company in the southern states, sang, "Never go Back on a Traveling man." He gained an encore and sang, "Call Her Back and Kiss Her."

Mr. W. H. Ryan, of Cincinnati, was expected to read a poem, but was late in arriving in the city and was too much wearied to do so.

Mr. A. B. Abenethey, of Richmond, sang "Davy Jones," and pleased the audience to such a degree that he was encored and sang Kitty Tyrrell.

Mr. C. M. Cady, the Estey organ company's manager in Atlanta, sang "Nancy Lee." The drummers were requested to join in the chorus, which they did with spirit. This closed the concert programme. Miss Emma Hahr was expected to be present and favor the drummers with some of her fine piano music, and would have done so had it not been for the fact that she had happened to a painful accident yesterday morning just as she was starting to the exposition grounds. In going down the steps at her home she accidentally lost her footing and fell. When picked up it was found that her right arm was painfully hurt, and it was at first thought to be broken. A surgeon was called in and pronounced the arm not broken, but the injury was great, and the pain which Miss Hahr experienced was severe.

At the conclusion of the concert Mr. Sam W. Small, of THE CONSTITUTION, the orator of the occasion, was introduced and delivered the address. It would be useless to attempt to give the reader an idea of the charming address that Mr. Small made. With only a few hours to prepare himself, he succeeded in throwing into the address enough of his native, sparkling humor to keep his hearers delightfully entertained, while his references to the noble-hearted actions of commercial men which had come under his observation, o their kindly acts of charity, generous impulses and devotion to duty and to business brought out round after round of applause. When the speech was concluded amid rousing applause and ringing three cheers for "Old Si," there was a general opinion that the choice of the orator of the occasion was indeed a most happy one, and that the office had been most satisfactorily filled.

At the conclusion of Mr. Small's address, Major J. F. Cummings was introduced, and made a short address, welcoming the drummers to Atlanta.

The committee on resolutions and constitution then made a report. The resolutions condemned the present tax, which some cities impose on commercial travelers, and urged their repeal. The constitution and by-laws for the permanent organization of the association were read and approved.

The meeting was then dismissed, and the drummers proceeded to make a second tour of the buildings and grounds, while the drummers' band took possession of the band stand and furnished music for the general public.

At four o'clock the line was again formed and the drummers boarded the train and returned to the city, where they marched through several streets, passed THE CONSTITUTION office and saluted it with three cheers, and soon after broke ranks.

Last night at 7:30 the drummers assembled again at the Kimball house and proceeded to the Williamantic linen company's headquarters on Peachtree street, where Mr. Allison, assisted by Mr. Denny, tendered them an elegant reception. The handsome house was brilliantly lighted and the genial gentlemen who tendered the reception were particularly industrious in making everything pleasant. Everything which could add to the enjoyment of the occasion had been provided lavishly, and it is impossible that any company of gentlemen could have crowded more enjoyment into four hours than marked the time from eight to twelve at the Williamantic headquarters last night. The remarks that were made over the punch bowl were sparkling and bright, and evinced the high enjoyment of the occasion. Altogether there was never, and there could never have been, a more delightfully pleasant occasion than drummers' day, nor a more elegant or enjoyable reception than that tendered the drummers last night by Mr. Allison, of the Willimantic linen company.

Florida Day.

THE FLOWER LAND COMES TO THE EXPOSITION.

To-day is Florida day, and a glorious day it will be for the land of flowers. The weather is delightful with the exception of a slight inclination to dampness, and the building in the mossy grove in Oglethorpe park can be thrown open, and the people will not shiver as they walk through the condensed section of the orange land which has been transplanted to the exposition ground. No day in the history of the exposition will be as unique as to-day, and no event will be longer remembered than the exercises which will occur at the Florida building at half past two o'clock to-day. A good large excursion came in from Florida yesterday, which was reinforced by another last night in which were a number of distinguished gentlemen, among them Governor W. D. Bloxham, Hon. H. A. L'Engle, state treasurer; Hon. George P. Rainey, state attorney; Hon. F. F. Foster, superintendent of public instruction; Hon. J. L. Crawford, secretary of state; Hon. Hugh A. Corley, commissioner of lands, and many other prominent gentlemen. There will also be present to-day Mr. Disston, who made the great four million acre purchase of Florida lands with probably the governors of Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. Mr. Disston comes with a party of about thirty from Philadelphia.

The programme for the day will be a meeting at the Florida building at half-past two o'clock, at which addresses will be made by Major A. J. Russell, of Jacksonville, and other Floridians, including the governor, and possibly some of the other state officers.

The building and exhibits are in trim order, and the crowd that will be attracted to-day will be well entertained.

The following is the programme of the exercises: Election of chairman.

Return of plans and presentation of building to executive committee.

General superintendent's presentation of building, decorations and exhibits.

Acceptance and addresses.

[illegible]

No Competition in Spool Cotton.

There will now be no competition amongst the spool cotton manufacturers at the exposition. The manufacturers of Clark's O. N. T. spool cotton discovered after they came to Atlanta that the only house in America that they recognize as a competitor would not enter into competition with them, therefore the O. N. T. manufacturers have withdrawn. The only manufacturers of spool cotton left are a New England company, who make a cheaper thread and who came into competition with the O. N. T. at the great world's fair held at Paris in 1878, where O. N. T. was awarded the gold medal, while this New England thread received a silver medal. It would, therefore, under the circumstances, be out of place to make any further tests at Atlanta after the matter was so fully and ably decided at Paris in 1878 in favor of O. N. T. by the best spool cotton judges in the world. The exhibits will therefore be continued as displays only, but not for competition.

Exposition Notes.

Drummers' day was a success.

The drummers had a high old time yesterday.

Jones's restaurant grows in popularity every day.

Every meal at Jones's restaurant is a banquet in itself.

Yesterday all the roads brought in good excursions.

John Temple Graves, of the Florida Union, will be here to-day.

Postmaster-General James was amazed at the magnificence of the exposition.

General James and party received in the rooms of the executive department in Judges' hall yesterday.

Mr. J. Coryell, representing the Disston land interests in Florida, is in the city attending the exposition.

A man yesterday asked Mr. Crosby, of the seven wonders, if the fat boy had not been brought up at Jones's restaurant.

Hon. A. J. Russell, of Florida, is attending the exposition and will deliver an address to-day at the meeting at the Florida building at half-past two.

J. P. Stevens & Co. should find the man who bought the first watch ever manufactured in Atlanta and present him with a chromo. He invested in a good piece of property and we will guarantee that he would not sell it for the amount paid for it.

To-day Commissioner Voyle will send around to the press pavilion a box of fine Florida oranges and a box of the famous Florida Havana cigars. These oranges and cigars will be presented with the compliments of Florida, and will be highly appreciated by the press gang.

The young man who was caught in the machinery of an engine at Stevens's watch factory a few days ago and terribly hurt has so far recovered as to be pronounced out of danger. The engine was making 200 revolutions per minute at the time and his escape from instantaneous death was miraculous.

Japanned Work Boxes.

For sale at Clark's O. N. T. Exhibit, 16,000 Japanned work boxes of very beautiful designs. Each box containing 8 spools of O. N. T. Cotton and will be found a most appropriate and useful gift for the holiday season. Price, 50 cents each.

nov29—dtildec30

What the Papers Say.

Cincinnati Gazette:

Certainly, no king has a better lineage, or can show more substantial reasons for maintaining rule over his own realm, than King Cotton, and just now he holds his court at Atlanta. When it comes to cotton here at Atlanta, we might smother all the kings of the earth with it. Everywhere you can plunge your arms into it. You can analyze it in the pod, with the seed or without; in the bulk, or in the long-drawn thread, or on Governor Colquitt's shoulders. It is white, and it is light, and throws itself into a slender film that you can hardly discern, but it is powerful, and has a mighty sway, as all will acknowledge who come to Atlanta.

Baltimore Sun, Editorial.

Our special correspondent writes from Atlanta, some interesting observations of the south and its industrial progress, which are given in a letter in to-day's supplement. It is gratifying to realize that the people of the south are taking as much interest in the cotton exposition as the people of other parts of the country, and that the fair has become so much of a success as all accounts represent it to be. Nothing could be of greater importance to the cotton belt, where it is intended that manufacturing shall go hand in hand with production, than an exhibition on the soil where the raw material is grown of all the achievements which industry has accomplished in textile fabrics. The south is in a position to make the lesson of the exposition valuable. It has never been so prosperous as it is at this time, and its people are fortunately in a mood to take further steps toward that continuous material development to which climate, soil and unique productions invite the skilled labor and capital of the country.

Baltimore Sun.

In the meanwhile one may see along the railroad from Charlotte to Atlanta the crop of this season ready at the stations for shipment to market on a line leading direct to Baltimore. However great the consumption of raw material by manufacturers in the cotton belt may become, production will go on in proportion to outside demands. Until the south has facilities for making and repairing machinery it could not be depended upon to supply any very large per centage of the fabrics needed by the country. Consideration of these facts lead to the natural reflection that Baltimore city, which is already foremost in an important line of cotton manufacture, enjoys advantages possessed by no city north of Mason and Dixon's line for expanding both its commerce in cotton and its manufacture of the raw material. Some of the cotton which goes into Augusta mills is transported as many miles as much of the Georgia and South Carolina staple would have to be carried to reach Baltimore, where there is the option of either shipment or manufacture.

Springfield Republican.

The exposition is then, first of all, a great object lesson to the south, teaching her how she may extend the cotton culture and make it more profitable by the introduction of new methods and appliances and how advantageously she may herself manufacture the cotton into goods for her own and outside markets, opening her eyes to many new fields for enterprise in her borders that are sure to yield abundant reward, getting her interest in her own resources and arousing her ambition for progress and development. Until a few weeks ago there was danger that this important educational influence would be limited to the few on account of the high rates charged for travel over the railroads, but the roads are now bringing people to the fair at the low tariff of one cent a mile and thousands are flocking hitherward from all over this state, from South Carolina, from Tennessee and Alabama and many from the more remote districts of the south. If the exposition is a lesson to the south it is a revelation and an invitation to the north, exhibiting as it does so remarkably the great inducements that exist here both for immigration and investment. It is certain to have the effect of largely increasing the northern capital already employed in the railroads, the mines and the manufacturing interests in these states, and it will also undoubtedly tempt many northern men to settle here. There is now a strong flavor of New England in Atlanta and it is likely that the Yankee element will play a growingly important part in the future development of the south as it has largely led the settlement and upbuilding of the west.

Correspondence Baltimore Sun.

Strangers who visit the south for the first time express surprise, even now, with its backwardness in comparison with progress in the far west. A gentleman from the north made the observation that the southern people never finish their undertakings. As he made the remark he pointed out a number of untidy features in the exposition grounds, and to some of the buildings which would have been vastly improved by a little paint or even whitewash. He also referred to the inconveniences of travel, to the absence of comfort in wayside houses, and to many instances where abundance prevailed and thrift and neatness were wanting. Atlanta is a town full of large warehouses and of business on a large scale; it has many pretty streets of villa-like residences, but its pavements are sadly neglected, and in wet weather pedestrians become large possessors of real estate by simply walking over the ground. If on a dark night a visit is to be made, a lantern to show the way and a club for dogs are as necessary as in any village. These, however, are minor defects, which will disappear when time and continued prosperity afford the opportunity and the means to attend to nice details. The Atlanta of to-day is only fifteen years old. It is not a finished city by any means, and it does not propose to be for some time to come; therefore, the small fault-finders may revel in the luxury of these petty grievances and find employment for their limited powers of observation. Atlanta is in a situation to disregard the small critics when she stands forth the leader of southern enterprise and the centre of southern industry. But even if she did not possess this commanding influence and the great business qualities which overshadow minor defects, the south has sufficient examples of thoroughness in business and building to redeem the section from animadversions of the character I have referred to. One need point only to the elegant old city of Charleston, to the beautiful Savannah and to that great center of wealth and enterprise, the cosmopolitan city at the mouth of the Mississippi. These are the centers of the expanding civilization of the gulf states, to which Augusta and Atlanta are adding day by day in the rapid development of the new industrial era on which the cotton states are embarked. As an aid to this development one can scarcely estimate the value of the cotton exposition.

A Great Obligation.

"I am indebted for my life," says Judge F. M. Brooks, of Columbus, Ga., "to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure."

THE hippodrome attached to Coup's circus will winter in Richmond, Va.

Malarial Diseases.

A sure and effectual prevention and cure is found in Simmon's Liver regulator. It originated in the south, and there achieved its great fame for diseases of that section.

SOME parts of Kentucky are favoring the whipping post as a punishment for petty offenses.

—Loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, premature old age, promptly cured with Brown's iron bitters. It restores lost functions and strengthens the weakened parts.

—nov27—d&w1w

LARGE numbers of cat-fish are being caught in Columbia river this season.

An Old Doctor's Advice.

It was this: "Trust in God and keep your bowels open." For this purpose many an old doctor has advised the habitually costive to take Kidney-Wort—for no other remedy so effectually overcomes this condition, and that without the distress and griping which other medicines cause. It is a radical cure for piles. Don't fail to use it.—Translated from the New York Zeitung.

A CONVICT from the penitentiary is repainting the capitol at Richmond, Va.

Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime.

The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Scrofulous Humors, and all Consumptive symptoms, it has no superior, if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease, when an agent is at hand which will cure all complaints of the Chest, Lungs, or Throat. Manufactured only by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

nov29 d1w tues thurs sat

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

THE GENUINE

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

has acquired a reputation GREATER THAN ANY MEDICINE EXTANT as the CHEAPEST, PUREST AND BEST FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy on the Liver—the largest organ of the body, called, from its importance, The Housekeeper of Our Health. When the liver is torpid, the bowels are sluggish and constipated; the food lies in the stomach indigested and poisoning the blood. Frequent headaches, a feeling of lassitude, despondency, and nervousness, indicate how the whole system is deranged. To prevent a more serious condition, at once take

Simmons Liver Regulator

The test of time and the experience of thousands have proven it the best, safest and speediest remedy for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen. As a remedy in

MALARIOUS FEVERS,

Dyspepsia, Mental Depression, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Colic, Constipation and Biliousness.

Buy only the the Genuine in White Wrapper, with red Z, prepared only by J. H. Zeilin & Co.

aug30—d1y tues thur sat&wly top col n r m

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



IN HOSTS OF FAMILIES

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is as much regarded as a household necessity as sugar or coffee. The reason of this is that years of experience have proved it to be perfectly reliable in those cases of emergency where a prompt and convenient remedy is demanded. Constipation, liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion and other troubles are overcome by it.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1882.

dec1—d1m tues thur sat&wkylm nxr1 mat

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

TRADE QUALITY PURITY MARK REGISTERED NOT QUAKER

BITTERS

A TRUE TONIC.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS are a certain cure for all diseases requiring a complete tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. Acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 a bottle.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. and have crossed red lines and trade mark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

mar15- d9mus sat thurtuesw 9t D[illegible]

H. K. BENNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
COTTON YARN AND WARPS
30 AND 32 LETITIA STREET,
oct20-d3m Philadelphia, Penn.

JOHN S. JAMES & CO.,
COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS,
16 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
JOHN S. JAMES, Member N. Y. Stock Exchange.
WARREN T. JAMES.
Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.
Refers to John H. James, Atlanta, Ga.
nov12—d2w&then d2½m sat tues thur

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

VISITORS TO THE EXPOSITION

Will find at our display in Art Hall, a large stock of Rich Jewelry Diamonds, Silverware, and objects of art suitable for presentation purposes. This stock is not composed entirely of expensive articles. We offer beautiful souvenirs at such low prices that any one can possess themselves of something pretty.

Every article that we exhibit is FOR SALE, and our stock has been selected with this object especially in view.

We offer BARGAINS—no trouble to show goods.

A FEATURE OF OUR DISPLAY IS

ATLANTA MADE WATCHES

the merits of which will be explained by polite gentlemen in charge.

AT OUR FACTORY, 34 WHITEHALL STREET,

we will execute promptly all orders for any special designs for jewelry or watches.

AT OUR SALESROOMS, NO. 34 WHITEHALL STREET,

can be found the largest stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware ever seen in the South.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

892 oct16 d3m 2p nx expos mat topc

DR. HARTERS' IRON TONIC.

D. HARTER'S IRON TONIC.

Endorsed and recommended by the medical profession, for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, and Convalescence from Fevers, &c.

GENTLEMEN: I was suffering from general debility to such an extent that my labor was exceedingly burdensome to me. A vacation of a month did not give me much relief, but on the contrary, was followed by increased prostration and sinking chills. At this time I began the use of your IRON TONIC, from which I realized almost immediate and wonderful results. The old energy returned and I found that my natural force was not permanently abated. I have used three bottles of the Tonic. Since using it I have done twice the labor that I ever did in the same time during my illness, and with double the ease. With the tranquil nerve and vigor of body, has come also a clearness of thought never before enjoyed. If the Tonic has not done the work, I know not what. I give it the credit.

J. P. WATSON, Pastor Christian Church, Troy, O.

The Iron Tonic is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark, and Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. It serves every purpose where a Tonic is necessary.

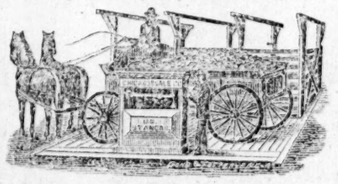
MANUFACTURED THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., NO. 213 NORTH MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS.

une7—d1y tues thur sat 2d or 4thp not on 3d &wly

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

U.S. STANDARD SCALES!

CHICAGO SCALE CO.,
147, 149 and 151 Jefferson Street, Chicago,
MANUFACTURE
MORE THAN 200 DIFFERENT VARIETIES.
Buy the Best Quality at Lowest Prices.



2-TON WAGON SCALES (Platform 6x12)..... $40
3-TON, 7x13..... $50 | 4-TON, 8x14..... $60
The Best Scales for cotton gins in use.
700-LB BRASS Cotton Beam and Frame..... $45
Sold by reliable merchants everywhere. All Scales warranted. Send for price list.
BECK, GREGG & CO., General Agents,
oct6—d&w3m Atlanta, Ga.

TO MANUFACTURERS

VISITING COLUMBUS.

FOR SALE FOR $10,000,

1,160 FEET ON BAY STREET,

Next to the Eagle & Phenix Manufacturing Co.

THE PROPERTY EMBRACES THE ENTIRE front of the center block in the city of Columbus and extends across the river to high water mark on the Alabama bank.

Titles declared perfect by the Supreme Court. For further particulars address

R. J. MOSES,
(Agent for Owners)
nov17—dim Columbus, Ga.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

NOS. 15 AND 16 EAST CAIN ST., BETWEEN Peachtree and Ivy sts. The exercises of this school will be resumed Wednesday, September 7th 1881, with a corps of experienced teachers. The object of this institution is to afford the advantages of a thorough education embracing Primary, Intermediate, Academic and Collegiate Departments. Special attention is given to the study of Music, Modern Languages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native, French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the able management of Prof. Alfredo Barili.

For Circulars apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.
jul

The People Appreciate Short Lines

EAGLE AND PHENIX

Columbus, Ga.

SMOOTHEST, STRONGEST, BEST

SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS

BALL SEWING THREAD

1878 1879

Production Doubled. Again Doubled.

feb1—d1y tues thur sat

MILL & FACTORY SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS. BELTING, HOSE and PACKING, OILS, PUMPS ALL KINDS, IRON PIPE, FITTINGS, BRASS GOODS, STEAM GAUGES, ENGINE GOVERNORS, &c. Send for Price-list. W. H. DILLINGHAM & CO. 121 Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till Cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio

ONLY SIX FLANGE SAFE

IN THE WORLD.

WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO.
17 S. Broad Street.

BUY THE IMPROVED SIX FLANGE SAFE—th best made. WM G OSGOODBY & CO,

We sell more Safes than any other house in the U. S. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Safes! Safes! Safes! Both Fire and Burglar Proof. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Only full stock of Safes in the South. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Burglars are plenty. Protect your valuables by purchasing Improved Safe. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Large Safes. Small Safes. All styles at reasonable pri[illegible] WM G OSGOODBY & CO.

[illegible]—dtf

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

[illegible] tues thur&wly

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation created by the laws of the State of Georgia, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of said company at the office of the company in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on Thursday, the 8th day of December, 1881, at one p.m., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the agreement of sale of the rights, privileges, franchises, works and property of the said Georgia Pacific railroad company to The Georgia Pacific railroad company, a corporation created by the laws of the State of Alabama, which said agreement bears date November 12th, 1881, and has been adopted by the board of directors of each of the said two companies.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN B. GORDON,
President of the Georgia Pacific Railroad Company.

Atlanta, Ga., November 15th, 1881.

nov19—d2tuw til dec8 sat thur

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

apr5—deowly tues thur sat

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

COLUMBUS L. REDWINE AND THEODORE COX have formed a limited partnership upon the following terms:

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—It is agreed by and between Columbus L. Redwine, of said county and State, and Theodore Cox, of the county of Essex and State of New Jersey, to form a limited partnership under the laws of Georgia, and that said partnership shall be conducted under the following provisions: That the name of said partnership, by which only it shall be known, and which alone shall be used in its dealings shall be C. L. Redwine; that it shall be located in the city of Atlanta, in said county of Fulton and State of Georgia, and its business shall be the dealing in Drugs, Medicines, and such wares and commodities as are usually kept in a first-class drug store, by retail and wholesale, in said city of Atlanta. Said Columbus L. Redwine is the general partner of said firm and will have have the entire direction and management of its affairs and business. Said Theodore Cox is the special partner, and as such has contributed ten thousand dollars in cash towards the capital stock of said firm or company. The said business shall begin on the 15th day of October, 1881, and shall terminate at and after the expiration of three years from said date, subject to be dissolved at any time during that period by complying with the provisions of law.

Signed 7th day of October, 1881, before Edw. J. McCandless, Notary Public, by C. L. Redwine, and on 10th of October, 1881, before Charles Nettleton, Commissioner of Deeds for Georgia in New York, by Theodore Cox. nov17—d1aw

LOTTERIES.

L. S. L.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION.
OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Co

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $350,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

It never scales or postpones.

Look at the following distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT,

during which will take place the
139TH GRAND MONTHLY
AND THE
Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

At New Orleans, Tuesday, December 13, 1881, Under the personal supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $100,000,

NOTICE.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.		
1 Capital Prize of	$100,000	$100,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Grand Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10,000 "	10	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
11,379 Prizes, amounting to		$522,500

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La. } Commissioners
GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Va. }

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

Write for circulars or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN, at No. 212 Broadway, New York.

Notice to the Public.

The public are hereby CAUTIONED AGAINST SENDING ANY MONEY OR ORDERS TO NUNES & CO., 83 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY, as authorized by the Louisiana State Lottery Company to sell its Tickets. They are flooding the country with BOGUS CIRCULARS purporting to be of The Louisiana State Lottery Company and are FRAUDULENTLY representing themselves as its Agents. They have no authority from this Company to sell its Tickets, and are not its Agents for any purpose.

M. A. DAUPHIN,
Pres. Louisiana State Lottery Co.
nov8—d1w5w

---38TH---

POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the city of Louisville, on

Wednesday, November 30th, 1881.

These drawing occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st, rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

NOVEMBER DRAWING.

1 Prize	$30,000
1 Prize	10,000
1 Prize	5,000
10 Prizes, $1,000 each	10,000
20 Prizes 500 each	10,000
100 Prizes 100 each	10,000
200 Prizes 50 each	10,000
600 Prizes 20 each	12,000
1000 Prizes 10 each	10,000
9 Prizes $300 each, Approximation Prizes	2,700
9 Prizes 200 each,	1,800
9 Prizes 100 each,	900
1,960 Prizes	$112,400

Whole Tickets $2. Half Tickets $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Post-office order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., or 309 Broadway, New York.

nov1—d4w tues thur sat&w3w

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN Treatment; a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature old age, caused by overexertion, self-abuse, or overindulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied by five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, wholesale and retail agents, Atlanta and Macon, Ga. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

apr18 d&w1y

POPE THE HATTER No. 2 WHITEHALL ST. ATLANTA, GA.

BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD

WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO., 17 S Broad St.

LOST—My books, papers and money in a cheap safe, which burned with the building. Next time I will buy only Wm G Osgoodby & Co's Improved Safe. Atlanta Salesroom, 17 S Broad street.

FOUND—That everything was secure after the fire that the Wm G Osgoody & Co. Improved Safe opened on the combination. Atlanta Salesroom 17 South Broad street.

We will exchange you one of our large Improved Safes for your small old one at small difference.

WM G OSGOODBY & CO.,
ep20—dtf 17 S Broad stree

OFFICE ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD,
ATLANTA, November 12, 1881.

ONE CENT PER MILE.

ON WEDNESDAYS OF EACH WEEK DURING the exposition, commencing 16th instant, round trip tickets will be sold at all agencies on Atlanta and West Point railroad to Atlanta and return by day passenger train No. 1 at one cent per mile each way.

Tickets good to return within three days and including day of sale.

A. J. ORME,
General Passenger Agent.
CECIL GABBITT, Superintendent.
599 nov13 tf

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN,

Portrait and Landscape Painter,

Has Removed His Studio to

NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Van Stavoren is now prepared to construct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape Painting. may29 dtf

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 30, 1881.

EXCHANGE—
Buying at..............⅛ off | Selling ....⅛ pre
BONDS—

Confed'te bonds per $1000 ..$2.00	@		Confed'te notes per $1000.....		10c
Georgia 6s 110	@112		Sav. City 5s new........... 87	@ 89	
Ga. 7s, 1886 ...110	@112		Macon City..... 97	@ 96	
Ga. 7s, 1896....122	@125		Col. City........ 78	@ 80	
Ga. 7s, gold ...116	@118		Ga. R. R. 6s...108	@110	
Ga. 8s. 110	@111		Cent. R.R. 7s..115	@117	
Western R.R. Ala. first mortgage ...116	@118		W & A R. Lessees; 10 pc. inc'e b'ds...115	@120	
Atlanta 6s.....102	@104		Ala. Class A 2 to 5.......... 78	@ 80	
" Water 7s. 111	@113		Class A small 78	@ 80	
" City 7s....111	@113		Class B 5s...... 97	@100	
" City 8s....116	@118		Class C 4s...... 83	@ 85	
" 10s..........108	@110				
Aug. City 7s..110	@112				

We quote long dates; short dates are lower.

RAILROAD STOCKS—

A & W P st'k. 78	@ 82	E T Va & Ga.. 14	@ 16
do. scrip 98	@100	Georgia 168	@172
At. & Char 73	@ 75	Mem. & Char. 65	@ 67
Aug. & Sav ...120	@122	North Car....... 90	@ 95
Central 125	@127	Rich. & Dan....116	@118
do. scrip 98	@100	South Car...... 40	@ 45
C., C. & Aug. 54	@ 56	Southw'n.......120	@122

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, November 30—Noon—Stocks higher. Money 6. Exchange—Long $4.80; short $4.84. Governments dull. State Bonds quiet and unchanged.

Evening—Exchange $4.80. Governments strong. new fives 102½; four and a half per cents 114⅛; four per cents 117⅝. Money 6@6 1-32. State Bonds dull and generally nominal.

Sub-treasury balances:
Coin.................$87,424,167 Currency .....$ 4,381,383

Stocks closed irregular.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5....	80	Lou. & Nash	98⅞
do. Class A small	80	Mem. & Char...........	70
Ala. Class B 5s	100	N. C., & St. Louis	86¾
do. Class C 4s	82	N. Y. Central...........	138¾
Chicago & N. W.........	129⅝	Pittsb'g F.W. & C	136
do. Preferred	142¾	Rich. & Alleghany...	38½
Erie	46	Rich. & Dan	119
East Tenn R. R..........	14¾	Rock Island	135
Ga. R. R	163	Wab., St. L. & Pac...	44¾
Illinois Central	133⅛	do. Preferred	84⅞
Lake Shore	122⅞	Western Union	85⅞

PARIS, November 30—2:30 p.m.—Rentes 85f. 12½c.

LONDON, November 30—noon—Erie 48¼.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, November 30, 1881.

New York—The cotton market opened firm this morning, but quotations were not sustained and immediately afterwards futures began to decline. Throughout the entire day a steady feeling prevailed, and no indications of a reaction occurred until just at the close when the months moved up a fraction. For the day the market has suffered a loss of 6@8 points. The spot market admits of no quotable change; middling 12c.

Net receipts for four days 132,747 bales, against 142,228 bales last year; exports 61,251 bales; last year 121,694 bales; stock 947,134 bales; last year 890,237 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
December	12.11@12.13	December	12.10@12.11
January	12.30@12.31	January	12.27@12.23
February	12.49@12.50	February	12.47@12.48
March	12.68@12.69	March	12.66@12.67
April	12.83@12.85	April	12.81@12.82
May	12.96@	May	12.92@12.93
June	13.07@	June	13.02@13.03
July	13.15@13.18	July	13.12@13.13
August	13.24@	August	13.29@13.22

Closed steady; sales 133,000 bales.

Liverpool — Futures closed steady. Spots—Uplands 6½d; Orleans 6¾d; sales 12,000 bales, of which 8,500 bales were American; receipts 12,300; American 8,500.

The local market is decidedly firm, and its general appearance is strongly upwards. While we make no change in quotations we note a few sales at better figures. The condition of the cotton trade at this point is very satisfactory. Receipts to-day amount to 1,335 bales, of which 273 bales were received from wagons. We quote cotton as follows: Good middling 11⅝c; middling 11¼c; low middling 10⅞c; strict good ordinary 10½c; good ordinary 10¼c; ordinary 8¼c; tinges 10⅞c; stains 8@10c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	273	
Air-Line Railroad	374	
Georgia Railroad	124	
Central Railroad	223	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	135	
West Point Railroad	206	
Total	1,335	
Receipts previously	79,222	
Total	80,557	
Stock September 1	1,109	
Grand total		81,666

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments for to-day	1,295	
Shipments previously	51,408	
Local consumption previously	1,677	
Total		54,380
Stock on hand		27,286

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts to-day	1,335
Same day last year	888
Showing an increase of	447
Receipts by wagon to-day	273
Same day last year	375
Showing a decrease of	102
Receipts since September 1	80,557
Same time last year	80,916
Showing a decrease of	359

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, November 30—noon—Cotton firmer; middling uplands 6 9-16; Orleans 6 11-16; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 12,300, American 8,500; uplands low middling clause November 6⅝@6 21-32; November and December delivery 6⅝; December and January delivery 6⅝@6 21-32; January and February delivery 6 11-16@6 23-32; February and March delivery 6 23-32@6¾; March and April delivery 6¾@6 25-32; April and May delivery 6 13-16@6 27-32; May and June delivery 6 27-32@6⅞; June and July delivery 6⅞@6 29-32; futures opened strong.

LIVERPOOL, November 30—1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 6⅝; middling Orleans 6¾; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 6 25-32; March and April delivery 6 13-16.

LIVERPOOL, November 30—3:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause December and January delivery 6 11-16; January and February delivery 6¾; April and May delivery 6⅞; June and July delivery 6 15-16.

LIVERPOOL, November 30—4:00 p. m.—Sales of American 8,750 bales; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 6 13-16@6 25-32; March and April delivery 6 27-32@6 13-16; May and June delivery 6 29-32; July and August delivery 6 31-32.

LIVERPOOL, November 30—5:00 p m—Uplands low middling clause January and delivery 6 23-32; March and April delivery 6 27-32; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, November 30—Cotton firm; middling uplands 12; middling Orleans 12 5-16; sales 1,900 bales; net receipts 472; gross 8,559; consolidated net receipts 28,320; exports to Great Britain 5,601; to France 2,460; to continent 12,710.

GALVESTON, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝; low middling 11⅛; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 3,257; gross —; sales 1,800; stock 92,292; exports to continent 791.

NORFOLK, November 30—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅝; net receipts 3,653; gross —; sales 2,570; stock 63,307; exports coastwise 1,572.

BALTIMORE, November 30—Cotton steady; middling 11⅞, low middling 11⅜; good ordinary 10⅜; net receipts 660 bales; gross 1,253; sales none; to spinners —; stock 36,927; exports to Great Britain 1,350.

BOSTON, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 12⅛; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 1,156 bales; gross 2,873; sales none; stock 3,420.

WILMINGTON, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11⅞; low middling 11; good ordinary 10; net receipts 1,016 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 21,060; exports coastwise 2,153.

PHILADELPHIA, November 30 — Cotton steady; middling 12¾; low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 46 bales; gross 747; sales to spinners 155; stock 27,070; exports to Great Britain 436.

SAVANNAH, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜; low middling 11; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 6,717 bales; gross —; sales 5,500; stock 103,985; exports to France 1,200; coastwise 3,901.

NEW ORLEANS, November 30—Cotton firm, middling 11⅝; low middling 11⅛; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 444 bales; gross 5,206; sales 7,000; stock 260,491; exports to Great Britain 3,815; to continent 480; coastwise 3,815.

MOBILE, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜; good middling 11; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 2,338 bales; gross —; sales 3,500; stock 40,893; exports coastwise 3,411.

MEMPHIS, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝; net receipts 4,290 bales; shipments 2,481; sales 1,400; stock 77,390.

AUGUSTA, November 30—Cotton firm; middling 11¼; ... 10¾; good ordinary 10; net receipts 271 bales; shipments none; sales 1,310.

CHARLESTON, November 30—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 11⅝; low middling 11⅜; good ordinary 10⅞; net receipts 4,036 bales; gross —; sales 1,500; stock 116,401; exports to France 1,269.

PROVISIONS GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, November 30, 1881.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
December	1 24½	1 25⅜	1 24½	1 24⅝
January	1 25⅞	1 26	1 25⅞	1 26

PORK.

December	16 42½	17 10	16 42½	16 42½
January	17 50	17 55	17 40	17 40

CLEAR RIB SIDES.

January	8 92½	8 92½	8 92½	8 92½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, November 30—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $5.85@$6.75; good to choice extra $6.80@$8.00. Wheat opened a shade easier but afterwards became strong and advanced ½@¾c, closing weaker; No. 2 Milwaukee $1.38; ungraded spring $1.11@$1.15; ungraded red $1.25@$1.41; mixed winter $1.36; No. 2 red December $1.38¼@@$1.39¼; January $1.42@$1.42¾; February $1.44½. Corn ½@¾c higher, closing weak and declining; ungraded 63@67; No. 2 December 67⅞@68¼; January 70@70½; February 71⅝@72. Oats a shade easier and fairly active; No 3 49. Hops firm and quiet; choice yearlings 12@22.

ATLANTA, November 30—Flour—The market continues steady at quotations; fancy $9.50; extra family $8.50; family $8.00. Wheat—Chicago—There has been some fluctuation in the market to-day which, toward the close, resulted in advancing quotations. The general tone of the market shows but little material change. The local market is quiet for spots; the demand is still limited; milling $1.60@$1.65; seed $1.75@$2.00; fancy seed $2.25@$3.00. Corn—There is not much change in the market; choice white 95c; yellow 90c. Oats—60@62c. Meal—95c@$1.00. Grits—$5.50.

CHICAGO, November 30 — Flour quiet; common to choice western spring $4.50@$6.75; common to fancy Minnesota $5.25@$7.75; patents $7.50@$9.25; winter wheat flours, fair to choice $6.50@$8.00; fancy $8.00; low grades $3.50@$5.00. Wheat active, firm and higher; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.25@$1.25¼ cash; $1.24⅞ November and December; $1.26@$1.26⅛ January. Corn active, firm and higher; 58½@59 cash; 58⅝@58¾ November; 58⅝ December; 59⅝@59¾ January. Oats fairly active and a shade higher; 44⅜ cash, November and December.

ST. LOUIS, November 30—Flour, low and medium grades 5c better; treble extra $5.60@$5.80; choice to fancy $6.37@$7.10; family $6.75@$6.90. Wheat higher and firm; No. 2 red fall $1.31¾@$1.34 cash; $1.35⅛ January. Corn higher; 63¾ cash; 64⅛ January. Oats slow; 46 cash; 47 January.

CINCINNATI, November 30.—Flour easier; family $6.30@$6.60; fancy $7.00@$7.75. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter $1.37. Corn heavy and lower; No. 2 mixed 66. Oats strong; No. 2 mixed 48.

LOUISVILLE, November 30 — Flour firm; extra $5.00@$5.50; choice to fancy $7.75@$8.25. Wheat steady at $1.35@$1.38. Corn firm; No 2 white 69¼. Oats steady; No. 2 white 49.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, November 30—Paper—Trade active; prices steady. Manilla No. 2 10@12c ℔ lb; No. 2 7½@8c ℔ lb; No. 3 6½@7c ℔ lb; good wrapping 4@6c ℔ lb; straw 3½@3¾c ℔ lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8¾@9½c; second-hand 5@7¼c; bran bags 11½@14½c.

ATLANTA, November 30—Leather—Market active for manufactured goods. We quote leather as follows: hemlock sole, best quality, 27@29; hemlock, G. D., 24@25; hemlock, P. D., 22@23; whiteoak sole 36@42; harness leather 35@40.

ATLANTA, November 30—Hides—Firm; dry flint 12½@13; dry salt 11@12; wet salted 7@7½. The season for fur skins is about over and prices are nominal at lower figures.

ATLANTA, November 30—Salt—Ground Liverpool $1.10; Virginia $1.10@$1.25.

ATLANTA, November 30—Hay—Choice Timothy $1.35; fair $1.30.

ATLANTA, November 30—Barley—$1.75@$1.80; in good demand.

ATLANTA, November 30—Tallow—5@6c; demand fair.

ATLANTA, November 30—Beans—None on market.

ATLANTA, November 30—Peas—Clay 75@80c.

ATLANTA, November 30—Iron Ties—$1.75.

ATLANTA, November 30—Bagging—10c.

ATLANTA, November 30—Bran—$1.25.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 30 — Market generally steady. Coffee—Steady; Rio 10½@15. Roasted Coffees — Old government Java 25@3 best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—Standard A 10¼; granulated 11¼; cut loaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10⅛; yellow C 9¼@9¾; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses — Black strap 30, Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and gunpowder 40@80; Young Hyson 27@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper quiet at 18; allspice, best sifted, 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers — Firm; we quote milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 9c; lemon 10c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—Firm; No. 2 bbls $9.00; ¼ bbls $5.00; kits 85; No. 1 $12.00; ½ bbls $6.50; kits $1.10. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ℔ 100 cakes, Candles—Full weight 13½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, $4.00@$4.50; in boxes, 5c. Rice—Steady; choice 8c; prime 7½c; fair 7c.

NEW YORK, November 30—Coffee dull; Rio 8¾@11¾. Sugar dull and nominally unchanged; fair to good refining 7¾@7⅞; refined firm and quiet; standard A 9¼. Molasses quiet; new crop New Orleans 60@70; old do, 35@60. Rice steady with demand firm; Carolina and Louisiana 5½@7¼.

CINCINNATI, November 30—Sugar firmer but not quotably higher; hard 10⅜; New Orleans 7½@8½.

Provisions.

CHICAGO, November 30—Dressed hogs nominally $6.75@$7.00. Pork moderately active and higher; $16.75 old, $17.25 new, cash, November and December. Lard active, firm and higher; 11.20 cash and November; 11.20@11.22½ December. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 6.40; short ribs 9; short clear 9¼.

ATLANTA, November 30—The market remains steady. Clear Rib Sides—9¾c, Bacon — Inquiry moderate for sides; sugar-cured hams are firm but steady at 14½@15c. Lard—Market steady at quotations; best leaf scarce at 16½c; refined 13@13½c; cans 13c@14.

NEW YORK, November 30—Pork moderately active and firm; new mess spot $17.50@$17.65. Middles quiet; long clear 9¼@9⅜; short clear 9⅝@9¾. Lard irregular and unsettled, closing lower; prime steam spot 11 50.

ST. LOUIS, November 30—Pork very slow and neglected. Bulk meats in good demand for car lots but very little ready. Bacon quiet; shoulders 8; clear ribs 10⅛; clear sides 10½. Lard better at 11.10@11.15.

CINCINNATI, November 30—Pork in fair demand at $17.50@$18.00. Lard active and firmer at 11.20. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 6⅝; clear ribs 8⅞. Bacon quiet; shoulders 8½; clear ribs 10¾; clear sides 11¼.

LOUISVILLE, November 30—Pork and lard nominal. Bulk meats, shoulders 9⅜; clear ribs 9⅛; clear sides 9⅜. Bacon none on market. Sugar-cured hams 13¾.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, November 30—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum, rectified $1 25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jaimaca $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00;; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, November 30—Whisky steady at $1.15; combination sales of finished goods of 570 barrels on a basis of $1.15.

LOUISVILLE, November 30—Whisky steady at $1.15.

ST. LOUIS, November 30—Whisky steady at $1.16

CHICAGO, November 30—Whisky steady at $1.17

Dry Goods

ATLANTA, November 30—There is no quotable change in prices, but the tone of the market is improving, and a general advance in cotton goods is predicted. Business is fairly active.

Solid prints	6	
Fancy, new designs	5	@7
Fine brown shirting	3	@10
¾ brown shirting, standard	5½	
⅞ brown shirting, standard	6½	
4-4 brown sheeting, standard	7½	
⅞ brown drills, standard	8	
¾ bleached	5	@ 6½
⅞ bleached	6½	@ 9
4-4 bleached	7½	@13
6-oz. white osnaburgs	8½	
8-oz. white osnaburgs	10½	
Southern cotton plaids and stripes	8½	@ 9
Cambrics	6½	
Ticks, mattress	7	@11
Ticks, feather	13	@18
Yarns	90	

Tobacco.

ATLANTA, November 30—Market firm at quotations; lowest grades 40; medium 42@50; extra medium 52@58; fine 11 and 12 inch 58@65; extra fine and fancy 75@80; Stultz AAAA $1.00; natural leaf 95; Calhoun $1.15; Cook's extra fig 90; Cook's extra leatherwood 90; Lucy Hinton 58; Lucy Lawson 52; shellroad 55; fine-cut pails 70@85. Smoking Tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55; other brands and grades 40@50. Snuff—Lorillard's in jars 62; 2-oz. packages $11.70 ℔ gross; Railroad Mills in jars 55; Mrs. Miller's 55.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, November 30—There is very little change in the market. Trade is steady. Horse-shoes $4.75; mule $5.75; Horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00@$5.50. Trace-chains $10.50. Ames' shovels $12.50. Haiman's plowhoes 6c; Haiman's plow-stocks $1.75. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $8.00@$10.00 ℔ doz. Cotton cards $5.00. Well-buckets $4.50. Cotton rope 18. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3½ rate. Plow steel 5c; cast-steel 15c. Nails, $3.50 rate; firm and in active demand. Powder, rifle $6.40; blasting $3.40. Bar-lead 8c; shot $2.00.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, November 30—Apples—$5.00 ℔ bbl; in good demand. Lemons—$6.00 ℔ box. Oranges—$2.00@$2.50 ℔ 100. Cocoanuts—3½@4c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.50@$2.50 ℔ bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new ℔ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants 7½@8c. Cranberries—None. California Pears—$6.00@$7.00 ℔ bbl. Citron—26@28c. Almonds—22@23c. Pecans—16c. Brazils—10c. Filberts —15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Tennessee 4½c; North Carolina 5c; Virginia 6½c; roasted 1½c ℔ extra.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, November 30—Eggs—Scarce and firm at 27½c. Butter—In fair demand; choice 25@27½c; prime 18@20c; fair 15@16c. Sweet Potatoes—75@85c ℔ bushel; in good demand. Poultry—Hens 44@25c; chickens 15@20c. Irish Potatoes—$3.75@$4.00. Dried Fruit—Apples 5c; nominal with moder stocks offering. Wax—20½@21c. Onions—$4.50. Cabbage — 4c; scarce. Feathers — Choice 63@65c; prime 60. Cheese—13½@15½c.

Live Stock.

CINCINNATI, November 30—Hogs steady; common and light $5.00@$6.05; packing and butchers $6 05@$6.40.

GROWERS SHRUBBERY AND FRUIT TREES.

ATLANTA NURSERIES.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

M. COLE & CO., PROPRIETORS,

GROWERS OF STANDARD AND DWARF FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, SMALL FRUITS, ASparagus, Rhubarb, etc.

Our Stock of HARDY ORNAMENTAL TREES is the largest in the South—with many rare varieties.

ROSES! ROSES! ROSES!

A large stock of Ever-Blooming and other classes of Finest Varieties.
We will contract to plant Orchards, Vineyards, and Ornamental Grounds.
Catalogues free. Address

M. COLE & CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

nov10 d4m—top col 7p

THE IMPROVED SAFES ARE THE BEST.
WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO., 17 S. Broad St.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE IMPROVED SAFES before buying. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Do not forget that if you or your friends want a Safe the place to secure protection is at Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Why do every one buy our Safes after examining them? Because they are best. Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Only stock of Safes in Atlanta. Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Have you seen our new stock of Safes? Call and examine, WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad street.

sep20—dtf

New Peachtree Street Store,
No. 108.

I AM NOW RECEIVING A NEW SELECT STOCK of Fancy Family Groceries at the above number, which I offer to my customers at the lowest rices. Your orders respectfully solicited.
J. D. CLEATON,
989oct 16 d3m 2tawk sun thur 108 Peachtree

SYMINGTON BROS. & CO.
BALTIMORE, MD.
OFFICE, No. 7 GERMAN ST., Manufacturers of the WORKS, LOCUST POINT

ORIOLE FERTILIZERS.

Oakey Wood Fertilizer for Red Lands,
Piney Wood Fertilizer for Grey Lands,
Dissolved Bones, Acid Phosphate,
and other material for manipulaton of Fertilizers
DESIRABLE AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH oct11—d4m

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N. Y.
ep10—d1y sat tues thur &wkyly

ASTHMA Quickly and Permanently CURED

Dr. Stinson's Asthma Remedy is unequaled as a positive Alterative and Cure for Asthma and Dyspepsia, and all their attendant evils. It does not merely afford temporary relief, but is a permanent cure. Mrs. B. F. Lee, of Belmore, O., says of it: "*I am surprised at the speedy effects of your remedy. It is the first medicine in six years that has loosened my cough and made expectoration easy. I now sleep all night without coughing.*" If your druggist does not keep it, send for treatise and testimonials to
H. P. K. PECK & CO.,
853 Broadway, New York.
oct6 dthur sat tues&w3m

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockolders of said Company at the Relay house, Birmingham, Jefferson county, Alabama, on Thursday, the fifteenth day of December, 1881, at one p.m., for the purpose of considering and sanctioning a proposed agreement for the consolidation of the Columbus, Fayette and Decatur Railroad Company, the Elyton and Aberdeen Railroad Company, and The Georgia Pacific Railroad Comany, into one company under the name of The Georgia Pacific Railway Company, which agreement has been adopted by the Board of Directors of The Georgia Pacific Railroad Company, and for such other business as may come before the Stockholders.

By order of the Board of Directors,
EUGENE C. GORDON,
President of The Georgia Pacific Railroad Company.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 12th, 1881.
nov19—d2taw til dec15 sat thur

NOTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS. Georgia, Fulton county.—All persons indebted to the estate of William Kidd, late of said county, deceased, will please come forward and settle with the undersigned, and those who have demands against said estate will present them properly proven to the undersigned for payment.
J. H. MECASLIN, Executor
Estate of William Kidd, deceased.
nov17—d1aw6w thur

COLLINS, BOUDEN & JENKINS,
BANKERS.
DEALERS IN STOCKS AND BONDS,
nov 25d3m 25 Pine Street, New York.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS

CAN SEE AT THE SPACE OCCUPIED BY George Draper & Son's, of Hopedale, Massachusetts, near the center of the main exposition building, a twister, spooler and reel, built by the Hopedale machine company, containing all the latest improvements; also, a ring filling frame of the best construction for coarse work. The twister and filling frame are supplied with sawyer spindles. The filling frame is supplied with Draper's evener and double adjustable rings. A twister and ring frame, built by the Fales & Jenks machine company, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, having improved Rabbeth spindles, may be seen in operation on fine work. In connection with the exhibit of the Willimantic Spool Cotton company, one side of a frame, built by the Bridesburg manufacturing company, containing sawyer, spindles may be seen at the space occupied by that company.
GEORGE DRAPER.

P. S. In buying new, don't be persuaded to take spindles of a former period, because they cost less money, you need improved ones on coarse work full as much as on fine. 188 nov6—1m

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAIROAD,
ATLANTA, November 19, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1881, trains will run over this line as follows

DAY PASSENGER AND MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta at.......... 5:30 a.m
Arrive at Atlanta at.......... 12:05 nigh

FAST MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta at.......... 3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Atlanta at.......... 11:00 a.m.

Through Sleeper Atlanta to New York via Charlotte, Danville, Lynchburg and Washington City, leaving at 3:15 p.m.

Through Sleeper Atlanta to Richmond, leaving at 3:15 p.m.

Solid Trains Atlanta to Richmond.

Double Daily Connection at Lula for Athens Ga. (Sunday excepted.)

PASSENGERS FOR

Pendleton, Anderson, Belton and all points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad, will leave at 5:30 a.m. and make direct connection.
T. M. R. TALCOTT, G. M.
I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent.
A. POPE, G. P. and T. A.
nov20—dtf

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER, AUGUSTA, GA., September 3, 1881.

Commencing Sunday, 4th instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 30 am	L've Augusta -	10 30 am
Ar. Athens - -	4 40 pm	" Macon -	7 10 am
" Washington -	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak -	1 26 pm	" Camak -	11 33 am
" Milledg'v'e -	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 30 am
Ar. Macon - -	6 45 pm	" Athens -	9 30 am
" Augusta -	4 06 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	5 45 pm

No connection to or from Washington on Sundays.

LITHONIA ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	6 00 pm	L've Lithonia -	6 35 pm
Ar. Lithonia -	7 25 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	12 35 pm	L've Decatur -	2 05 pm
Ar. Decatur -	1 14 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	2 45 pm

NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 30 pm	L've Augusta -	5 55 pm
Ar. Athens -	8 05 am	" Athens -	7 00 pm
Ar. Augusta -	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta -	5 00 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at regular scheduled Flag Station.

No connection to or from Washington on Sundays. Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-East.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.

Only one change Atlanta to New York.

JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. | E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agen

Liverpool and London and Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY.
ASSETS OVER THIRTY MILLIONS DOLLARS.

Surplus (as regards Policy-Holders,) $7,165,267.98.
Losses paid Cash on Adjustment without discount
OFFICE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT, NEW ORLEANS.
HENRY V. OGDEN - - Resident Secretary.
JULES P. ROUX - - - Assistant Secretary
CLARENCE F. LOW - - Dep. Assistant Secretary
JOEL HURT, Agent - - ATLANTA and vicinity
I. C. PLANT & SON, Agents - - MACON
W. H. DANIEL, Agent - - SAVANNAH
R. P. CLAYTON & Co., Agents - - AUGUSTA
YONGE & GRIMES, Agents - - COLUMBUS
HAMILTON YANCEY, Agent - - ROME
THOMAS & GRIFFITH, Agents - - ATHENS
Agents in other Principal Towns.
jan30—d1y sun thurs &wkyly

FRANKLIN
TYPE
FOUNDRY,
168 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
ALLISON & SMITH.

The type on which this paper is printed is from the above Foundry.—ED. CONSTITUTION.

DR. WARNER'S
CORALINE CORSETS.
Boned with a New Material,



called Coraline, which is vastly superior to horn or whalebone.

A REWARD OF $10 will be paid for every Corset in which the Coraline breaks with six months' ordinary wear. It is elastic, pliable, and very comfortable, and is not affected by cold, heat or moisture.

Price by mail for Health or Nursing Corsets, $1.50; for Coraline or Flexible Hip Corsets, $1.25.

For sale by leading merchants. Beware of worthless imitations boned with cord.
WARNER BRO'S,
oct1—w9w&w8w 372 Broadway, N Y.

FOR SALE.

SPLENDID WATER POWER AND TWENTY acres of land ¼ mile from the city of Rome, Ga., and on Selma Division of E. T., Virginia and Ga. R. R. Good dam and cement race on same, suitable for cotton factory or machinery of any kind; plenty of water the year through. For prices, terms, etc., apply in person or by letter to
J. J. COHEN'S SONS,
nov10 d2m Rome, Ga.

FOR SALE,
TWENTY THOUSAND TONS FERTILIZERS,

Embracing
ACID PHOSPHATE, DISSOLVED BONES
AMMONIATED FERTILIZERS, and
GERMAN POTASH SALTS (Kainit).

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE WHOLEsale and Retail trade the above at different ports, both North and South, at prices to compete with other manufacturers. Special efforts will be made to meet the views of large buyers. Address

PERRY M. DeLEON,
Manufacturer and Importer of Fertilizers,
57 Broadway, New York.
Southern Office: 104 Bay St., Savannah, Ga.
591 sep18—deod4m sun wed fri

HOW IT IS DONE.

YOU GO TO OR TELEPHONE THE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, 28 Wall street, register what and where you want anything, pay a small fee and not be bothered with advertising or answers to them. oct11 d1y

$500 REWARD.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness, we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes containing 30 Pills, 25 cents For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 and 183 West Madison street, Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.
apr15 d&wly

LAW CARDS.

S. A. REID, Attorney at Law, Eatonton, Georgia. Will also give attention to collections at Milledgeville. oct26 d6m

SAMUEL W. GOODE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, 44 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Corporation and Real Estate Law Specialties. 1121oct23 3m

John Milledge. Wm. A. Haygood.
MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office, corner Alabama and Loyd streets, opposite Georgia Depot.
Mr. Milledge being no longer Judge of the Police Court will give his entire time and attention to the practice. july6—dtf

BUCKNER K. COLLIER, ATTORNEY. Offices: Opelika, LaFayette, Ala Commercial Law. nov5 d6m

JOHN. D. POPE, (Formerly Judge Atlanta Circuit.) ATTORNEY AT LAW 100 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo. sep16—d6m.

WALTER R. BROWN, ATTORNEY, 9 Whitehall St. ATLANTA Reference: American Exchange National Bank, New York. 867 sep25—d6m

Hugh H. Starnes. Val. W Starnes
STARNES & STARNES, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, 805 Broad street, Augusta, Ga. 614 feb27—d1y.

HOWELL C. ERWIN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, 48 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga. Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to collections. sept8—d3mo

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Rome, Georgia. Collections a Specialty. feb25—dtf.

CLAUD ESTES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Georgia. nov22—tf

MEDICAL CARDS.

D. A. COOK, M.D., RESIDENCE 245 RAWSON STREET. Office, Dr. J. Bradfield's Drug Store, Whitehall St, 494 nov13—1m

DR. JOHN S THOMPSON, DENTIST, No. 37½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. 195 nov5—d3mos

JNO. G. EARNEST, M. D. Office, No. 8 Broad street (up-stairs,) Residence, 296 Whitehall St., ATLANTA, GA. Office Hours, {8 to 9 a. m. 1½ to 3. p. m. 364 sep11—d3m

DR. CH. R. UPSON, Offices: 66 and 68 Whitehall Street. The medical and surgical diseases of NOSE, EAR, THROAT AND LUNGS. 328 mar 13—d1y

DR A. G. HOBBS, EYE, EAR AND THROAT Atlanta, Ga., 14½ Whitehall street, Office hours 9 to 2. sep20—d3m

DR. D. O. C. HEERY. Office at Messrs. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar's. Private office, No. 131 Marietta street, two blocks above the post-office. Diseases of the rectum, genito urinary organs and syphilis a specialty. july29—d6m

DRS. BROKETT & HARRIS, DENTAL SURGEONS. Office: Corner Alabama and Pryor streets nov29—d1y

DRS. J. P. & W. B. HOLMES, DENTISTS, Macon, Georgia. Publishers of Dental Luminary. Proprietors of the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds of dental goods. jan11—dtf

ARCHITECTURE.

JOHN MOSER, F. A. I. A., ARCHITECT. 66 Whitehall Street, over Schumann's Drug 19

NORMAN & WEED, ARCHITECTS, And Patentees of Fire-Proof Framing. Office 48 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr14—1y

PARKINS & BRUCE, ARCHITECTS, Atlanta Georgia. Plans, specifications and Detail Drawings furnished for buildings of any description. After sixteen years experience will refer to our work throughout the south.

GUST. E. LEO, ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga., corner Alabama and Pryor Sts. Plans, specifications and detail drawings for buildings of every description, complete and satisfaction guaranteed, at short notice and reasonable rates. Correspondence promptly attended to. sep22—d6m

THE COMPARATIVE EDITION OF THE NEW TESTAMENT!
BOTH VERSIONS IN ONE BOOK! FULL TEXT OF KING JAMES & REVISED VERSIONS IN PARALLEL PAGES. Free from errors. Changes shown at a glance. Only ONE BOOK REQUIRED. Saves time, saves labor, insures accuracy, gives satisfaction. Sells Rapidly. Containing 1000 pages.
AGENTS WANTED { Price, $1.50 } J. H. CHAMBERS & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
sep8—d&w3m

LANIER HOUSE,
MACON, GEORGIA.
THE LARGEST AND ONLY WELL LOCATED hotel in the city. First-class in every particular. Free omnibus. STEWART & POWELL, Proprietors.
3sep18 3m

CASH PAID FOR
BEESWAX.
W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass
dec16—d1y fri sun wed

PRESCRIPTION FREE
For the speedy Cure of Nervous Weakness, Lost Vitality, Premature Debility, Nervousness, Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Defective Memory and disorders brought on by over-work and Excesses. Any druggist has the ingredients. Sent in plain Sealed Envelope. Address DR. W. S. JAQUES, 130 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BOARD.

PRIVATE SLEEPING ROOMS WITH GAS AND fire, with or without board, two squares from car shed, located in business center of the city, and in close proximity to the avenue of fashion. Hoppie Bros. & Co., 59 Peachtree street. 1162 nov27—d1w

LODGING 25 CENTS PER NIGHT, WITH TWO meals $1.00. 55½ Peachtree street. 1162 nov27—d1w

MRS. A. C. SHACKLEFORD HAS OPENED A Boarding House at the residence of Dr. J. T. Warnock, corner Wheat and Collins, for the accommodation of visitors to the cotton exposition. Nice rooms and best of fare. 855 nov20—sun tues thur til jan 1

GENTLEMAN CAN OBTAIN GOOD BOARD BY applying at once at 41 West Mitchell street. Table supplied with the best the market affords. 1147 nov27 d1m sun thur

LEYDEN HOUSE, 124 PEACHTREE STREET Atlanta, Ga. Located on the most fashionable street, adjoining governor's mansion, and on connecting street car line to exposition. Accommodations first-class, $2.00 and $2.50 per day, according to rooms and number of party. 270 nov6 1m

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OF WOODLAND, FIVE miles from Atlanta. Will cut 25 cords per acre. Price $10 per acre, or will exchange for city property. Also 125 acres land with fine improvements on Georgia railroad, 40 acres cleared, balance well wooded; located within six miles of Atlanta. Also 75 acres with good improvements; land fresh and productive; near railroad. Price $15 per acre; easy payments. Also farms of various sizes and well located on lines of railroad. J. A. Ansley, Real Estate Agent. nov30 2t

FOR SALE—FARM OF 100 ACRES AT HAPEville, one-half cleared and in good state cultivation, balance well wooded, bold stream of water with some good bottom land, frame house of four rooms, plastered good, outhouses and good orchard. Price $1,800 on easy payments. J. A. Ansley, Real Estate Agent. nov30 3t

FOR SALE—A MOST DESIRABLE FARM, NEAR Adairsville, Western and Atlantic railroad; 500 acres rich valley land, 375 under fence, 175 set in grass and clover; spacious brick dwelling surrounded by a beautiful grove of over 50 acres in grass; other buildings to correspond; also, a valuable tan yard, fish pond, orchard, etc.; three churches and one high school in sight. Place well watered and perfectly healthy. Apply to Major John A. Fitten, Atlanta; or John H. Fitten, Adairsville. nov3—dtf thur sun tues

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

BRIDAL TRUNKS, BRIDAL TRUNKS; CALL and see the celebrated bridal trunk—No bride happy without it. Lieberman & Kaufmann 92 Whitehall street. 1153 nov27—3t su thur sat tp cl

TRUNKS FROM 75 CENTS TO 75 DOLLARS AT the old reliable Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall street. 1153 nov27—3t sun thur sat top col

TRUNKS, VALISES AND SATCHELS REPAIRed and covered, made equal to new at a very nominal cost, at the old reliable Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall street. Called for and delivered free of charge, 92 Whitehall street. 1155 nov27—1w top cl

AUCTIONS AND SALES.

SATURDAY, 10 O'CLOCK, WE WILL SELL AT Auction, one new one-horse Carriage, and one new four-seated side-bar dray. W. C. Morris & Co., 21 Marietta street. dec1 d3t

ANNOUNCEMENT—ON NOVEMBER 1st 1881, W. C. Morris & Co. will resume the Auction and Commission business at their old stand, No. 21 Marietta street, corner Broad. Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Prompt returns guaranteed. Large storage rooms. W. C. Morris & Co. oct28—dtf top col

D. P. ELLIS & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND Commission Merchants, 21½ Marietta street, give their personal attention to auction sales of merchandise, furniture, real estate, live stock, etc. Liberal advances made, and prompt returns on sales. 244 nov6—tf

AUCTION—JOHN NEAL & CO., AUCTION, commission and warehouse merchants; consignments solicited and liberal advances made on the same if desired; regular auction sale days and excellent warehouse facilities for storage; office and salesroom, No. 9 Broad (near Marietta) street, Atlanta, Ga. All communications strictly confidential. oct28—tf

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—PUPILS FOR ORGAN, PIANO, violin and general knowledge of music, by Professor Charles Baur, 76 Calhoun street. nov29 d1w

WANTED—TO BUY IN ATLANTA, THE whole or part interest in Fancy Goods or Picture Frame business. Address with particulars, G. Clayton, 261 LaFayette avenue, Baltimore, Md. nov19—d13t

WANTED—HELP.

PIANIST WANTED—A PIANIST FOR DANCING School, four times a week; must read at sight. Address, stating terms per week, Prof. Nott, this office. dec1—d4t

WANTED—A GOOD BOY, ABOUT FOURTEEN years old to work in a bindery; one that has had some experience preferred. Apply 26½ Broad street. dec1 d1t

WANTED, AT ONCE—SIX FIRST-CLASS CARpenters, at Atlanta Elevator building. Spring street. dec1 d1t

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN to travel Georgia, who can give good references. No one need apply who is not thoroughly fitted for the position and a Clothing Salesman preferred. Address "Clothier," Baltimore, Md. nov29—d4t

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS TURNER; NONE other need apply. Traynham & Ray, 68 Decatur street. 1138 nov27 d1t

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN in hardware store. Best of reference. Address W. E. C, Constitution office. dec1 d1t

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERstands book-keeping a situation as assistant in some good business house. Address A. C. M., this office. nov30 2t

WANTED—TO PURCHASE STOCKS OF GOODS or household furniture. Cash paid for either upon a fair valuation and auction expenses saved. Address or apply to John Neal & Co., No. 9 Broad street. 551 nov13—tf

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED, AGENTS—STATE AND COUNTY agents, for a new Foot Power; can be attached to any sewing machine in ten minutes; lessens labor, saves health, and is recommended by the best medical men in the country. Liberal discounts. Sells fast. Secure the agency. Call and see it at 31½ Broad street, during continuance of this advertisement, or address, Weaver Treadle Co., Springfield, Ohio. nov30 d1w

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD GENTLE FAMILY HORSE, cheap. Call at or address 78 Broad street. dec1 d1t

THREE MILK COWS, WITH CALVES; WILL give from 3 to 4 gallons per day, for sale at Fullers Wagon Yard, 224 Peters street. dec1 d1t

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS TO REliable parties, an established hardware business at LaGrange, Georgia, the only concern of the kind in the county. Address P. O. Box 2071, New York. nov30 d1w

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE 30 H. P. PORTABLE Engine for $625, delivered on board cars, Address B. H. Tyson, Archer House, Atlanta, Ga. nov30—d5t

FOR SALE—THE NEXT FOUR DAYS, ONE gentle buggy horse: large and fine. No. 50 Decatur street. H. G. Shields. nov29 4t

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF FINE ANGORA GOATS male and female, cheap. Apply to J. Elsas, 62 and 64 Broad street. nov29 dtf tues thur sat

FOR SALE—NO. 1 SHINGLES, DRY DRESSED and matched flooring, rough lumber, full stock weather boarding. Terms strictly cash. J. C. Donald & Co., 145 Marietta street. 1126 nov27 d3t sun tues thur

BUGGIES. — THE BEST BUGGIES THE cheapest. N. C. Spence, 45-47 Decatur street. nov18—dtf tues thur sun

FOR SALE, THE LIBRARY OF THE LATE DUFF Green, comprising rare books—law, medicine, miscellaneous—can now be examined. Single copies can be purchased. "Auction House"—W. B. Burke, 99 Whitehall street. 247 nov6 sun tues thurs tf

WASHINGTON MIXED PAINTS, THE BEST in the market; guaranteed to last 3 years without peeling or crackling off. At wholesale or retail by F. J. Cooledge & Bro., 53 South Broad street. 1151 nov27 d5t

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES OF all kinds; Reno's French Umber Filler at F. J. Cooledge & Bro., 53 South Broad street. 1151 nov27 d5t

HEADQUARTERS FOR FRENCH AND AMERican picture and Window glass, all sizes, single or double, thick, wholesale and retail, bottom figures, at F. J. Cooledge & Bro., 53 South Broad street. 1151 nov27 d5t

THE BEST TRUSS—SUREST TRUSS—THE R. C. Truss, at Dr. Gurley's, 67 Whitehall street. nov18—dtf

REGISTERED JERSEYS—BULL "TORONTO," 2976, quite gentle; brother to "Duchess of Bloomfield" for which Major Campbell Brown refuses $1,000. Heifer "Rowena," due to calve in February next. Can be seen at my stables, Loyd street. W. O. Jones. nov12—dtf

FOR SALE—A FORSAITH FOLDER, IN GOOD condition, cheap. Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. oct8—dtf

HEADQUARTERS FOR FIRE PROOF SAFES. Parties wanting will find bargains at Thos. M. Clark & Co., agents for Macneale & Urban. may10—dtf

WASHINGTON STRICTLY PURE WHITE lead can't be beat for body, fineness and whiteness. See that the "Red Star" is on every keg. For sale by F. J. Cooledge & Bro., 53 South Broad street. 1151 nov27 d5t

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS PRINTING USED IN THE GUANO trade—pamphlets, circulars, note books, etc. B. F. Bennett, Hillyer block. nov29—d3t

LADIES ELECTRIC BATHS FOR THE CURE of Nervous Weakness and Rheumatism, Paralysis and Neuralgia—Dr. Gurley, 67 Whitehall street—in charge of Mrs. Gurley. nov18—dtf

PAINT—THE CELEBRATED ENAMEL PAINT, manufactured by the New York Enamel Paint Co., can now be had in any desired quantities, of me, as I have been appointed sole agent for Atlanta. F. W. Hart, 30 South Broad street. nov15—d1m

LOST.

ESTRAYED FROM 84 ELLIS STREET, A RED and white muley Cow in good condition. Finder will be rewarded by bringing cow to premises. dec1 d1t

LOST—A SCOTCH TERRIER BITCH, ABOUT 6 or 7 months old, ears and tail trimmed. Reward of two dollars will be given for her return to A. McD. Wilson & Co., 32 Peachtree street. dec1 d1t

ESTRAYED—BAY MARE MULE; LAME IN right hind foot. Reward will be given for its return to Hoffman's Stable, Forsyth street. nov30—dtf

THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month, $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING rates depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

UNDER no circumstances will the editors undertake to preserve or return manuscripts not available for publication.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts and checks paybale to

THE CONSTITUTION
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., DECEMBER 1, 1881.

ONE of the James brothers is in the city.

BOSTON banks are taking steps to re-establish their credit.

THE drummers of the world seemed to have taken possession of Atlanta on yesterday.

AN Ohio man has pulled a horse's tongue out. Mr. Hayes' attention is called to this fact.

ANOTHER lynching in Mississippi. It is an unfortunate community that cannot trust a jury of its own people.

HUNNEWELL, Kansas, has a bank. The present trouble would not have existed if the bank had not been there.

A REDUCTION in the public debt of between seven and eight million dollars will be shown by the coming debt statement.

ALPHONSO has been celebrating another birthday. It seems as if he were always celebrating either birthdays or births.

THE naval advisory board recommends the building of a number of vessels of different classes for the navy. This means a few more jobs for patriots.

THE tariff convention was continued on yesterday. Colonel Screven, of Savannah, was one of the speakers. Ex-Governor Bullock presided most of the day.

THE democrats lose one more member on the organization of the house. Hon. V. P. Deutsch, of Wisconsin, who has been abroad, is weatherbound at Plymouth, England.

THE democrats in a minority, with Mr. Randall standing in the front like a lion at bay, but with no sign of flinching, will recall the exciting sessions during reconstruction.

THE debates in the reichstag between Bismarck and the progressists seem to be rather heated. It is noted, as a curious fact, that Herr Windhorst, the ultramontane leader, seconded Bismarck throughout the discussion.

IF Guiteau were guilty of nothing else than the infamous blasphemy he uttered in his statement yesterday, he deserves "removal" for that alone. It is certainly galling to a judge and jury that they are compelled to listen to such sanctimonious drivel.

A REVISED refunding bill, based on the bill vetoed by Mr. Hayes in the interest of the bankers, will be among the earliest measures brought to the attention of congress. Ex-Speaker Randall considers himself commissioned to undertake its championship.

THE exodus of Jews from Russia to this country is becoming enormous. The Hebrews of the large cities of the union, with the practical benevolence characteristic of their race, are doing all in their power to alleviate the condition of the suffering exiles.

THE purchase of the Alabama iron works and the Clifton iron company's works, at Talladega, Alabama, by Messrs. Samuel Noble and brothers and Horace Ware, for which they paid $250,000, is one of the largest manufacturing purchases ever made in that section. There is more money in iron than in gold.

THE strange occurrence of a man failing in business two years after his death is reported from Leesburg, in this state, where Tison & Carter have made an assignment. Mr. Tison, it will be remembered was murdered under very tragical circumstances; but his partner, Mr. Carter kept up and did business under the old firm name.

HOWGATE's capture of the late General Myers, by which he secured absolute control of the signal office, and swindled the government out of immense sums of money, furnished another evidence of the folly of continuing men in offices for which they are no longer fitted, simply as a reward for previous services. If General Myers had been promptly retired at the proper time, there would have been no chance for Howgate.

THAT chickens come home to roost is exemplified anew by an occurrence which happened in New Jersey a few days. Years ago an orphan boy was apprenticed to a Paterson farmer, by whom he was treated so badly that he had to run away. Before going, however, he told the neighbors that in due time he would return and "square up." Grown to a stalwart young manhood, he made his reappearance on thanksgiving day, and squared off in a manner highly hurtful to his old tyrant.

POLITICS are becoming interesting in Spain. The present ministry have presented to the cortes a bill requiring civil marriage to precede the religious ceremony. To this the churchmen and the conservative elements are making a strong opposition. In this opposition they are aided by all the political enemies of the premier, who are ready to take advantage of any means to secure his downfall. The question is a critical one to handle in such a country as Spain, and the result will be watched with interest.

THE part taken by the American ministers to Peru and Chili, in the complications between these countries, is certainly very indiscreet, if, indeed, it does not prove criminal. There are grave charges that behind all this there are jobs of a very rotten character, that should call for the immediate attention of the state department. General Kilpatrick has become, by marriage, social relationship and business connections, more of a Chilian than an American; while it has been known all along that Mr. Hurlbut, the minister to Peru, is interested in a number of doubtful schemes, involving the acquisition of the Peruvian guano beds. The government should see to it that the honor of the country is not smirched by men who have no pride in its maintenance.

THE ELECTION OF STREET COMMISSIONERS.

We respectfully suggest to the city council that it has never had so important a duty to perform as the election of a board of street commissioners, which is set for next week.

The great eyesore of the city is our streets. The great danger of our city is its imperfect and absurd sewers. It is now proposed to permanently remedy both of these. The charter has been so amended that the council can pave our streets and give us a perfect sewerage system. This work will be begun at once. Two-thirds of the cost of it will come directly as a special tax from the pockets of the property-holders along the route benefited. For the first time since Atlanta has been a city, permanent and intelligent work on the streets is about to be done.

It will be calamitous indeed if this great and essential work is entrusted to corrupt or incompetent hands. It will be a sad thing if so vital a matter shall be put in the hands of men who are weak enough to be fooled or bad enough to huckster the contracts out. If the work is confided to strong, honest, and devoted men, we believe the tax payers will make no resistance to the special tax, as onerous as it is. But if bad or weak men are put in charge, and we are treated with the scandals that usually attend the paving contracts of large cities, the authorities will find that they will have to wring every dollar of the tax from reluctant hands, and at the end of a law suit.

We believe that the council will do its duty. We merely wish to remind them that never have officers been elected whose course will be more vital to the city, than the street commissioners. Every councilman should rise above all personal considerations and vote only for the best, broadest and most capable men.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

In a rude and somewhat rambling strain yesterday we ventured to suggest some of the objections to the system of female education at present in vogue in Georgia and elsewhere in the south. We do not know that there is any better system at the north, but certainly the tendency in that section toward the practical in matters of education has the advantage of several years of active, earnest and persistent discussion. What the result has been we have no means of knowing, nor is such knowledge necessary to aid in putting on foot a similar discussion here. No one who has ever given the subject a moment's serious thought can fail to perceive the distressing limitations of our present system of female education; but, at the same time, no thoughtful person can justly criticise either the intentions or the capacity of those who have the education of our girls in charge. We are inclined to believe that there does not exist a more painstaking, self-sacrificing class than those who devote themselves to educating the rising generation of young ladies, and we venture to affirm, furthermore, that every suggestion in the way of improving a system for which they are in no way responsible will meet with their cordial approval. If we seem to insist upon this fact it is because we desire to repudiate even the suggestion of an attack upon those who have devoted their lives to what at bes is a comparatively thankless task. Our attack is upon the system which educates the future mothers of the state for the parlor alone instead of fitting them for the duties and responsibilities of their home life.

The defect of the present system is not so much what it does as what it fails to do. The same objection holds good with respect to the education of our young men, but in a far less degree. In the latter case there is at least a pretence of utility, and an urgent public opinion is compelling important improvements and modification, in the system.

For instances the state university and its branches have their agricultural features and their schools of engineers, and other important practical features will be added from time to time—for the last barrier between the university and public progressiveness was broken down when tuition fees were abolished. But, so far as we can perceive, there is not the faintest symptom of improvement in the methods employed in educating our girls. The same old forms and processes that have been in vogue for fifty years—and that were invented in behalf of young ladies with competencies—are in vogue now, and parents are still content with results that are fondly supposed to make their daughters ornaments in society. Our opinion is that the young women of the country are entitled to as high an education as the young men, and when we say a high education, we mean a training that fits them for the real duties and responsibilities of existence. No training can be higher or better than that which fits the young for the business of life.

Our objection to the present system of female education is that it is incomplete—so incomplete, indeed, as to be practically useless. Let the girls be accomplished—and the more accomplished they are the better—but while they are learning Georgia French, and music, and acquiring the thousand and one little formalities of deportment and conversation that society insists upon, let them also be trained in the practical affairs of life. It is quite as important that they should learn to regulate their future homes as it is that they should memorize a confusing mass of irregular verbs in a foreign tongue. Let them paint, sing, dance, play, embroider or talk French, but, while all this is going on, let them learn to cut and make their own clothes, cook their own dinners, and manage the affairs of a household.

The inherent grace and goodness of the female mind has thus far been more than a match for the slipshod system of education of which our girls are the victims, but we believe the time has come for a serious discussion of the whole subject with a view to radical reform. We fail to perceive wherein the education and training of our boys are one whit more important than the training and education of our girls, and yet the state has made a distinction that is almost brutal in its suggestions. For years and years a university for the higher education of young men has been endowed and carefully nursed by the legislature, but not the slightest effort has been made to provide for the higher education of young women, and it is to be presumed that any suggestion in that direction would attract the scorn of our statesmen and law-makers. In the face of the fact that our orators, and our poets, and our editors claim that appreciation of women attains its highest development in the empire state of the sweet sunny southland, this condition of affairs is a little curious.

BURDETTE, of the esteemed Burlington Hawkeye, is a stalwart, but somehow he can't stomach the daily exhibition of stalwartism in the trial of Guiteau. You must bear in mind, little children, that when the stomach of a stalwart is turned there is serious trouble in the air. The most that can be done, however, is to sit quietly and munch our sugar cane and wait for the old man with his disinfectants to come along.

WHAT the Georgia Mahone wants is an issue.

COLONEL JOHN H. MARTIN, who is well known in Georgia journalism, left yesterday for Rome, to take editorial charge of the Courier. He will improve the Courier and wield its influence in the interest of conservative politics.

JOHN SHERMAN was partially converted by his visit to Atlanta. He is willing to admit that our people are in a peaceable frame of mind; but 1884 is several months off, and there is plenty of time for the south to inaugurate another war in the columns of the stalwart organs. We trust, however, that, in the meantime, Mr. Sherman will conclude to be a good, nice man, politically speaking.

MR. WALTER H. PAGE, a rising young journalist with strong literary tendencies, left yesterday for New York to take a position on the editorial staff of the World. A few such acquisitions as this will make the World the strongest newspaper in the country.

THE strong stalwart backing which Guiteau is receiving in Washington shows that he is not by any means a political orphan.

IF Guiteau is acquitted or pardoned, the people will have to depend on the Bill Joneses of the country to see that complete justice is done in the premises.

THERE never was in the whole history of the world a more hardened criminal than Guiteau. In the first place, he assassinated President Garfield; in the second place, he is a stalwart republican; and, in the third place, he is anxious to lecture. It is not often that one man can be justly charged with such a catalogue of crimes.

THE New York Tribune says Georgia is "ripe for "revolt from the solid south." As the Tribune declares in the same issue that there is no longer a solid south, we are a little curious to know what its young men mean.

CASHIERS are getting so they no longer run away. They stick to their post until the last nickel is gone.

GENERAL GRANT ought to come south to watch Mr. Blaine. They say Mr. Blaine has very winning ways.

WHEN Anna Dickinson was young—years and years before she jilted Whitelaw Reid—she was called Ann Eliza. And it is a very nice name, too; but Ann Eliza proposes to spoil it all by playing Hamlet.

THE trial proves to be quite a recreation to Guiteau. He never had so much fun and paid less for it in all his life before.

THE fact that the New York Sun insists that Mr. Sam Randall shall continue to perform the functions of a democratic leader shows that Mr. Sam Tilden doesn't know on which side his bread is buttered.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL KIMBALL was instructed yesterday by the exposition committee, upon motion of Treasurer Inman, to cable an earnest invitation to ex-President Davis to visit the great show. So it seems after all that there will be days enough to go round.

AS YET none of the negroes who emigrated to Kansas have been made colonels or given any profitable offices. It is to be inferred from this that Kansas is not as nice a place as the railroad agents say it is.

PERSONAL.

MR. WENDELL PHILLIPS is seventy years old.

OF Senator Mahone's eleven children three are living.

A NEW YORK report is that Emma Abbott is losing her teeth.

M. AMS BONE, a French savant, well known in his own country, is dead.

W. D. HOWELLS, the novelist, is ill at Belmont, Mass., from overwork.

JUDGE JEREMIAH S. BLACK will, in January, become seventy-two years old.

WHITELAW REID draws $6,000 per year as an editor, and $35,000 as a husband.

CONGRESSMAN S. S. COX and wife arrived at New York on the steamship Republic.

MRS. WHALLEY, widow of a Lancashire, England, farmer, died lately, leaving 230 descendants.

MLLE. ROSA BONHEUR is living at Nice, where she has a charming villa and is greatly admired and courted.

JUDGE BANCROFT DAVIS is mentioned by the stalwart papers as the probable successor of Mr. Hitt, assistant secretary of state.

MR. RANDALL's gout is inherited, and he suffers greatly from it. His family is occupying his house near the capitol, in Washington.

SIGNOR SALVINI has become a father-in-law. His eldest daughter has just been married at Florence to a clever young lawyer, Signor Gabrielli.

EX-ATTORNEY-GENERAL WILLIAMS, who is now in Washington, has been enjoying society in Oregon, wherein, of course, Mrs. Williams, is the leader.

L. L. LORILLARD, of New York, has had a valuable French black poodle dog stolen. He offers $500 reward, and says he will spend $10,000 if necessary to send the thief to prison.

THE Abbe Liszt has with him in Rome this season his grand daughter, the young Baroness von Bulow. She is a girl of eighteen, dresses elegantly and, without being handsome, is attractive.

QUEEN VICTORIA has just graciously accepted from the author a volume of Tupper's poems, which suggests to the London News that Tupper is, as it were, "a refined and chastened Walt Whitman."

COLONEL JACK BROWN, of Georgia, is a candidate for doorkeeper, and established himself in headquarters with a liberal supply of strong liquids. Colonel Brown claims that he will make the south solid for his nomination.

JACOB THOMPSON, who was born in North Carolina, but who afterward moved to Mississippi, and became secretary of the interior before he took risks in the confederacy, now lives in Memphis. He is seventy-one years of age.

KING KALAKAUA's first visit on his return to Honolulu was paid to his sister, who had reigned in his absence. He found her sitting in a straw hut, surrounded by natives. Thus informally she listened to his tale of a journey round the world, and told him in return what his ministers had been doing in his absence.

IN mentioning the fact that President Arthur's sister will assist in doing the honors of the white house, the Edgefield (S. C.) Advertiser says that Miss Arthur was once a governess in that town, and then remarks that it is a striking example of the ups and downs of human life—a woman toiling hard in her youth in a strange land—and in her mature years occupying the highest social position in all America.

IN GENERAL.

THERE is a wild pigeon roost in Benton county, Tenn., four miles square.

IT is estimated that fifty tons of blueberries were shipped from Bath, Me., last season, and the pickers made $6,000.

THE Central national bank, of Boston, has been ordered by Comptroller Knox to increase its capital stock by $500,000.

BALTIMORE boasts because it has thirty-one millionaires. But a place with 31,000,000 airs must have more smells than Cologne.

A NEW Sunday law is so stringently enforced in Indiana that barbers and cigar dealers who keep their shops open on Sunday morning are fined.

THE death rate in English prisons last year and the year before was only 80 per 1,000, or about 16 in the thousand less than the death rate in New York city.

THE committee that was appointed in Baltimore recently to solicit subscriptions to a memorial fund for the family of the late Sidney Lanier has secured about $3,000.

BY a return just made it appears that there are in England 4,000 paupers who are ending their days in work houses because their savings were engulfed by fraudulent friendly societies.

"WHO wrote the Book of James, in the New Testament?" asked a Sunday-school teacher in a Missouri village; and a little fellow at the foot of the class shouted: "The James boys!"

THE Egyptians understood the manufacture of perfumery so perfectly that some of their ancient ointment preserved in a vase in a British museum still retains a powerful odor, although it is more than two thousand years old.

THE state inspector of Texas has accepted ten miles of new track of the Chicago, Texas and Mexican railway. This acceptance gives the company its first installment of sixteen sections of land per mile and allows it to "float" bonds on its road.

IN order to do away with a practice that has brought considerable scandal, the Austrian war office has issued an order that officers of the army or navy who advertise for a wife, whether in good or bad faith, will be placed before a court of honor and are in danger of being dismissed from the service.

IN Chicago there is what is called a philosophical society. The lady members have been discussing the American novel, and they have agreed that there will be no success until the ideal American heroine has been created. When she is created she will probably not be found on the platform of so-called philosophical society.

THE quantity of foreign cheese imported into Great Britain has doubled since 1870, and is now said to be about 278,310,000 pounds per annum. This is greater than has been generally supposed, and serves to explain why the demand for American cheese has constantly increased, to the astonishment of many of our dairymen and produce dealers.

THE Paris home of Minister Morton is more beautiful than that of any other official representative of the United States in foreign lands. The curtains and furniture are all of the finest of silk velvets, the carpets are Aubusson and Smyrna, and Mrs. Morton on reception nights can throw the entire lower floor of her house open, thus entertaining at least 1,500 guests.

A PROMINENT senator explains that while a speaker of the house of representatives can, if able, give great assistance to the floor, recognizing the proper man at the proper moment and keenly apprehending the vulnerable positions of both parties, the leader of a party is valuable only in emergencies. He says that a man in the chair can serve his party better than a dozen leaders on the floor.

A HANDSOME memorial to Thomas Clarkson, the philanthropist, was unveiled the other day at Wisbech, England, on the spot where Clarkson once dismounted to rest, and while meditating upon the scene about him, resolved to dedicate himself to the liberation of the slave. The memorial is in the form of a statue, beautifully carved in white Ancaster stone.

A NEW company was recently organized to utilize, if possible, the water power of Niagara river. The company has nearly completed a wheel pit near the reservoir 40 feet long by 20 wide, and sunk in the solid rock 86 feet. In this pit will be placed three large wheels to which the water will be led by huge iron pipes. This will give an available head of 134 feet, and the possibilities seem inexhaustible.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Governorship.
Darien Gazette.

Hon. A. O. Bacon, it seems, is the coming man for governor.

The new Silent Man.
Philadelphia Times.

Grant is no longer the prize silent man; Arthur has captured that championship.

The Pension Drain.
New York Post.

The enormous drain upon the treasury caused by the pensions-arrears act threatens to upset, for a period of several years at least, all the financial calculations based upon the so called surplus revenue. The commissioner of pensions estimates that in addition to the sum of $100,000,000 already paid for arrears of pensions, $235,000,000 more will be required for the same purpose.

Makes them Unenterprising.
New York Herald.

Our "infant manufacturers" are all, all, honorable men, but the protective tariff makes them to a great extent idle and unenterprising men. We hear of woolen manufacturers buying and using old and wasteful machinery, which they can afford to do only because the tariff "protects" them against foreign competition. We hear of iron works established in inconvenient and unnatural places, where the manufacture is needlessly costly, and this also is one of the bad fruits of "protection." The tariff is made in this way to cover a multitude of industrial sins.

Out of the Business
New York Tribune.

We presume that the report of an intention on the part of the Mississippi liberals to inaugurate the men whom they supported for state offices at the recent election, and call upon President Arthur to recognize and sustain them, has no other basis than the talk of a few individuals who believe their party was cheated out of a victory it fairly won. The day has gone by for setting up state governments by Federal bayonets. As to the forcible interference of the national government to correct frauds perpetrated at southern elections, that was a feature of the turbulent days of reconstruction which will not be revived at this late day.

Seeking the South and West.
Baltimore Sun.

The four cities, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, are engaged as competitors in a struggle for the trade of the west and south. Each seeks to be the point of export and import for the largest possible area, and although it is quite possible that different cities may attain the same end by different means, it is of interest to Baltimoreans to consider what methods have prevailed elsewhere, since something may thus be learned which will perhaps contribute to our further success. It goes without saying that the immediate aim of Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston at present is to take from New York as much as possible of the trade to which they think themselves entitled from geographical position and other advantages.

The Business of the Week.
Cincinnati Enquirer.

The cold wave during the past week, together with the incipient holiday inquiry, has greatly stimulated business in retail lines. In wholesale departments, however, the volume of transactions has fallen off a little, due in part, of course, to the interruption consequent upon the advent of the turkey, and the exclusive attention which that national fowl annually claims The average amount of business transacted, however, has kept up well during November, and the season promises to exceed all predecessors. Southern merchants are reported to be scanning credits with more than usual care, and their exertions are largely confined to collecting outstanding bills rather than to extending trade This confirms the exhibit made in these columns last week respecting the condition of small traders in the south and southwest.

The Needs of the South.
Springfield Republican.

The two great wants of the south to-day are cheap money and universal education. It is necessary now to pay from 8 to 15 per cent for loans and they are hard to obtain even at those rates. It is simply impossible to borrow money on real estate even when there are improvements on it. There are no savings banks, the national banks cannot loan on real estate, and loanable capital in private hands is extremely scarce. When money can be had there at fair rates of interest, with real estate security, there is still to be a more powerful impulse to industrial activity. But no less important than cheap money is popular education, not simply of the schools, but through newspapers and books, through business experience and contact with the outside world. The south is still too solid, stands too much by herself. She needs to be stirred up within herself and with the rest of the world, to learn the lessons of thrift, of industry, and of tolerance. The change from the old life to the new has been nobly begun and the sky is bright with the promise of a glorious future.

An Important Developer.
Springfield Republican.

A most important factor in developing the new south is the railroads. As they have settled the west so they are now pacifying and rehabilitating the old southern states. Old roads are being relaid and improved, and new lines are being pushed in all directions. Millions of dollars, mainly drawn from the north, have been expended in these enterprises during the past year, and there is every reason to anticipate that they are to be carried forward on an equally extensive scale in the future. Georgia has now two direct lines of communication both with the northwest and northeast. Atlanta in the northern part of the state is hardly more than thirty-six hours from New York, by the Richmond and Danville or Piedmont air-line, and Savannah and southern Georgia have their own connection by the coast line, via Charleston and Wilmington. The journey from Atlanta to Cincinnati requires only 17 hours by the Cincinnati southern, and Chicago may be reached in less than 30 by the same route, or via Nashville and the roads north of there. One line already runs to the Mississippi river and the southwest, and General Gordon's Georgia Pacific, which is to extend nearly due west from Atlanta, through Alabama and Mississippi, and connect with the Texas Pacific in northern Louisiana, is now under way, with flattering prospects of wealth before it. Other roads through the state and out of it are also projected. In South Carolina, Charleston, ambitious to become the great southern seaport, is seeking to develop her connections with the west, and looks forward confidently to the time when the commerce of that great region with the West Indies, Central and South America, and to some extent with Europe, will be carried on over her wharves. By next year one railroad will be laid over the Blue Ridge mountains from North Carolina into East Tennessee, and bring Charleston within 700 miles of Cincinnati, and another and shorter route is partly built and will before long be opened Along with the railroad building comes the introduction of new manufacturing industries, and the enlargement of those already established. It is idle to deny that the manufacturing interests of the south are soon to become varied and important. She would be unworthy and blind indeed if she did not recognize her exceptional advantages in this field. With abundant stores of iron in her mountains and rich harvests of cotton in her fields, why should she not avail herself of the opportunity for double profits? The successful rolling mills at Chattanooga and Atlanta, and the smaller iron manufacturing enterprises in these and other cities, and the cotton mills of Augusta, Atlanta and Columbus, in Georgia, of Graniteville, Langly, and fifteen other small places in South Carolina, paying 10, 15 and 20 per cent profits indicate clearly enough what is to come hereafter when capital is more abundant and the spirit of progress, already abroad in the land, shall have more fully exerted its influence.

The Guiteau Trial.
Knoxville Tribune.

Guiteau won't need as much rope out of court as they give him in it.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Another avalanche of sentimental slush in the interest of the assassin inundates the country to-day.

Cincinnati Times-Star.

It is advanced as a forcible argument in favor of Guiteau's lunacy that he wanted to start a newspaper.

Philadelphia Record.

The "experts" are at Washington, and we shall soon enter upon the most exasperating stage of the Guiteau trial.

Cincinnati Gazette.

The trial of the assassin of President Garfield is a disgusting farce, for which the presiding judge is largely responsible.

New York Tribune.

The Guiteau trial has produced some legal anomalies, but none more amusing perhaps than the appearance of the prisoner yesterday as a witness to identify letters tending to prove his own insanity. If Guiteau is so insane that he did not know it was wicked to commit a murder, he can hardly have a sane notion of the nature of an oath. If he is capable of giving rational testimony, the average citizen will wonder how it can be possible that he is not rational enough to know that shooting a man down in cold blood was not an inspiration of the Deity.

Baltimore Sun.

Guiteau's trial has now lasted two weeks, and the protracted strain on his weak intellect, caused by his effort to be his own counsel and supervise all the proceedings of the court, seems likely, in the opinion of many, to prove too severe, and result in his becoming insane, if he is not already so. He is reported to have become even "less capable of sustained thought" than formerly. Before the trial is concluded it is thought the prisoner's sanity or insanity will have been demonstrated by the incidents of the trial itself, whatever may have been his condition before.

Providence Journal.

According to British law, Guiteau would unquestionably be hanged. After the acquittal of McWaghter, who killed Mr. Drummond, the private secretary of Sir Robert Peel, mistaking him for his chief, to whom he bore a considerable personal resemblance, and of Edward Oxford for shooting at the queen on the ground of insanity the law was defined so that the individual, who had sufficient sanity to deliberately plan and execute a crime as any ordinary person would do, was held to be responsible in law, no matter what delusion he might be laboring under. Under such construction of the law there would be no question of the responsibility of Guiteau.

Brooklyn Eagle.

The crime for which Guiteau is being tried stretches to its utmost tension the faith of those ultra opponents of capital punishment who base their preference for a life term of imprisonment, not so much upon the belief that the latter penalty is more potent to prevent the commission of murder, as upon the belief that man has no right to exact the life of his fellow man to satisfy the demands of offended law. The assassination of President Garfield presents a case so exceptional that not a few of them are willing to acknowledge that if the culprit were hanged from the gallows tree eternal justice would suffer no shock on account of it. The less radical branch of the advocates of imprisonment for life are as a general thing to be found in the ranks of those who would condemn Guiteau to death. So that it is perhaps no exaggeration to say that all classes are substantially united in the view that the author of the tragedy of the 2d of July, if he were a responsible being at that time, should expiate his crime by the surrender of his life.

THE MIDNIGHT TRAIN.

Across the dull and brooding night
A giant flies with demon light,
And breath of wreathing smoke;
Around him whirls the reeling plain,
And with a dash of dim disdain,
He cleaves the sundered rock.

In lonely swamps the low wind stirs
The belt of black funeral firs,
That murmur to the sky,
Till, startled by his mad career,
They seem to keep a hush of fear
As if a god swept by.

Through many a dark, wild heart of heath
O'er booming bridges, where beneath
A mighty river brawls;
By ruin, remnants of the past,
By ivies trembling in the blast;
By singing waterfalls.

The slumb'rer on his silent bed
Turns to the light his lonely head,
Divested of its dream,
Long leagues of gloom are hurried o'er,
Through tunnel sheaths, with iron roar,
And shrill night rending scream.

Past huddling huts, past flying farms,
High furnace flames, whose crimson arms
Are grappling with the night,
He tears along receding lands,
To where the kingly city stands,
Wrapt in a robe of light.

Here, round each wide and gushing gate,
A crowd of eager faces wait,
And every smile is known,
We thank thee, O, thou Titan train,
That in the city once again
We clasp our loved, our own.

—All the Year Round.

WITH AND ABOUT JOURNALISTS.

COLONEL A. L. HARRIS will publish the first number of "The Railroad Record" in a few days. It will be published at Atlanta and as its name implies, devoted to railroad interests.

MR. WALTER H. PAGE, whose admirable and thoughtful letters in the New York World have won unstinted praise, leaves for New York this morning to take a place on the home staff of that paper. Mr. Page is thoroughly well equipped for his work, and must become one of our best and strongest journalists.

WE have but casually alluded to the exposition letters of Mr. T. P. Grasty in the Courier-Journal. We take occasion now to commend them heartily for their fairness, their brightness, and correctness. Barring none, Mr. Grasty has been the best friend the exposition has had among the correspondents, and has served his paper as well as he has served the exposition.

MR. F. H. RICHARDSON, whose brilliant letters to THE CONSTITUTION from Washington last winter are well remembered, leaves to-day for Washington where he will again be in charge of THE CONSTITUTION's interest. Mr. Richardson's experience of last winter will tend to make his work better even in the future than it has been heretofore. We expect to yield to no paper in the pith and point of our Washington news service.

An Industrial Convention.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The national convention of representatives of the agricultural, manufacturing and commercial interests of the country was called to order at 10:30 a.m. in Cooper's institute, by Colonel D. T. Houston, chairman of the executive committee. Hon. George B. Loring, commissioner of agriculture, was elected temporary chairman. Mr. Loring was received with applause, and after thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on him reviewed at some length the manufacturing and agricultural interest of the country, and recommended harmony in the convention, so that the greatest good might come to the greatest number.

Madame Iturbide's Journey.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—Madame Iturbide, daughter-in-law of the late Mexican emperor, has left for Mexico, accompanied by her son. She goes on business relating to her property interests there. The grants of real estate that were made her some years ago by the Mexican government have become very valuable. The son, it will be remembered, was once adopted by Maximilian, who, having no children of his own, intended making him heir to the throne. Madame Iturbide is a sister of Mr. Zolla Green, of this place, and has several married sisters in Virginia.

THE STATE'S MONEY.

Recovery of More From the Bank of Rome.

When the state depository at Rome failed, the state had involved about $53,000. It was on this bank that the question arose as to the liability of the bank to the state, and it was determined that the state had a prior lien, which must be satisfied out of the first assets of the bank.

Judge Brown was then presiding in the Rome circuit, and when the case was brought before him adjudged that the money coming from the assets of the bank should first be turned over to the state. Some time after this Judge Underwood, on the bench in his own circuit, set aside this order of Judge Brown, and some trouble was apprehended. It is now all happily ended and there is every probability that the state will recover every cent of the money due from its late depository. Some time ago eight thousand dollars was paid in under the order of Judge Brown. Yesterday twelve thousand more came into the treasury under a decision of Judge Underwood himself, who declared on the bench that his order setting aside the order of Judge Brown had been made simply because at that time one of the counsel of the depositors of the bank was absent and he did not desire the case to be adjusted without a full and ample hearing on both sides. Judge Underwood stated that he had never had the slightest doubt as to the order, but he merely desired to allow everybody concerned to have every possible right.

From the first he was satisfied that the state had prior rights which must be satisfied, but he felt sure that they could not suffer from the delay. It appears that there was no clash of authority between the two judges, but that both agreed on the main points of the law.

Yesterday a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION met Major R. J. Moses, who has been counsel for the state in this case with the attorney general, and asked him how the matter stood:

"Well," said he, "we have already recovered $8,000, and to-day we paid $12,000. That makes $20,000 of the $53,000 due. I am sure now that the state will recover all that is due to it without calling on the stockholders for one cent."

"You are sure, then, that the assets of the bank will pay the state all that is due it?"

"Yes, sir; I think that every cent of the $53,000 involved will come out safe and sound from the assets of the bank, and the stockholders will not have to pay a cent."

After getting this cheerful news, the reporter wended his way in peace and joy.

THE LATE INDICTMENTS.

What is Said About Them on the Streets.

Yesterday's CONSTITUTION created quite an excitement in Atlanta. The fact that the grand jury had returned true bills agains the president, cashier and directors of the late Citizens' bank, was the cause, and when it became generally known that the sheriff was in possession of warrants for the parties named in the indictment, the excitement only increased. Everywhere the subject was discussed and all conceivable theories as to the result were advanced. Many boldly asserted that the grand jury had only done its duty, while others expressed the belief that they had committed an unpardonable sin. Some suggested that the indictments would be the last of it, while others said that a vigorous, well-conducted prosecution would follow.

An inquiry at the sheriff's office ascertained that two warrants—one based upon each indictment—had been issued against each of the gentlemen, and that every effort was being made to serve them, but late in the evening it was learned that only two arrests had been made. These were Mr. W. C. Morrill and Mr. John Stephens, both of whom gave bond, Mr. Morrill's bondsmen being Mr. Joseph Brown, Jr., and Dr. Connally and Mr. Stephens's bondsmen being Dr. R. D. Spalding and Mr. John Morrison. The other gentlemen, however, with two exceptions, were seen by the sheriff and arrangements made for their bonds. It is understood that Messrs James English and West Murphy will be Mr. Patterson's bondsmen, Mr. C. I. Brown will be Mr. Perrino Brown's bondsman, and Mr. R. J. Lowry will be Mr. Crew's bondsman. Mr. L. C. Jones is in the city, and although on the watch for the sheriff did not see him. Mr. H. C. Leonard is out of town on business, and in all probability does not know of his trouble. The amount of bond required from each gentleman is $5,000, $2,500 in each case, and as there is no doubt about their ability to secure the bail, no trouble is anticipated.

A JUST RETRIBUTION.

An Absent Boy Returns in Manhood and Settles Matters.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Many years ago an orphan boy was taken from the house of refuge in New York to work for a Paterson farmer. After a while he complained that he was over-worked and beaten, and at last he ran away, telling the neighbors before he went that he intended to come back again when a man, and "square off" with his unkind employer.

On Thanksgiving day a stalwart young man called upon the farmer, and announced that he was the identical "orphan," and that he had come to "square off" with him, which he proceeded to do in the most emphatic style, giving the man a sound thrashing. His wife came to the rescue, but the young man also "squared off" with her, and when a big dog was set on him, he polished off the dog too. He then announced that their accounts were all "squared off," and he would return to his western home, whence he had come expressly for the purpose of fulfilling his threat made when a boy, and before a warrant could be issued for his arrest he was many miles away.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pinafore.

Last night Ford's English opera company closed their engagement in Atlanta, one very satisfactory to our theater habitues and exceedingly gratifying to Mr. Ford's treasurer. "Patience" at the matinee yesterday afternoon, and "Pinafore" at night, large audiences being present at each performance. "Patience" was highly enjoyed by those to whom it was new, and those who had heard it Monday night, found it bore a repetition admirably. It was gratifying to hear "Pinafore" again. It has not passed its popularity, and its production last night was given in the most pleasing manner. No matter what opera is presented by this company, Misses Lucette, Stembler and McHenry, Messrs. Fitzgerald, Lang, Rennie, Hogendorp and Jones, demonstrate a proper conception of the characters they assume, and render them with much good taste and in the most acceptable manner. The choruses are equal to the principals in the excellence of their musical work.

In taking leave of the company, regrets are softened by the fact that they will return to our city in a few days.

Hess Acme Company.

After highly successful engagements in Charleston and Savannah, this company will appear at DeGive's opera house to-night in "Olivette." Our amusement-loving people require no word from us as to who or what they are. The caste comprise the well known artists Henry Peakes, Mark Smith, James Peakes, Emma Elsner and Adelaide Randall, efficiently supported by a strong chorus. During their recent visit to our city the singing and acting throughout was heartily appreciated, and all the solos, duets and choruses redemanded and given with fine effect.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The stock market was irregular at the opening, but was generally weak and an ⅛ to ½ per cent lower, and in the early dealings prices recorded a further decline of ¼ to ½ per cent in the general list, and 1¼ per cent in the Erie preferred. A downward tendency was however checked at the first board and under the leadership of the Nashville and Chattanooga and Louisville and Nashville, and an advance was recorded ranging from ¼ to ¾ per cent, the Northwestern, St. Paul, Lake Shore, Michigan Central and the New York Central being also prominen in the improvement. The highest figures were reached at the second board, and in the final sales speculation became weak and feverish, closing quotations showing a decline of ¼ to 1¼ per cent. From the highest points the Nashville and Chattanooga, Louisville and Nashville, Michigan Central and the Denver and Rio Grande being most conspicuous therein. Dealings were, as a rule, on a fairly large scale and the volume of business is considerably larger than yesterday. The sales aggregated 299,900 shares.

Georgia 6s	108	Manhattan Ele	57⅝
Georgia 7s mortg'e	111½	Metropolitan Ele	96
Georgia do gold	117	MichiganCentral	93⅛
Louisiana consols	68¼	Mobile & Ohio	36½
North Carolina old	35	N JerseyCentral	95¼
North Carolina new	22	Norfolk & W'n Pre	57
Funding	13	N. Y. Elevated	107
Special tax	9	Ohio & Miss	40⅝
Tennessee 6s	73½	Preferred	107
Tennessee new	72¾	Pacific Mail	45¼
Virginia 6s	33	Panama	195
Consolidatsd	75½	Quicksilver	14
Deferred	17½	Preferred	61
Adams Express	143	Reading	66¼
American Mer. Ex	96	St L & San Fran	43½
Chesap'ke & Ohio	27¾	do Preferred	66⅛
Chicago & Alton	132½	do first Preferred	105½
C., St. L. & N. O.	80	St. Paul	*108⅛
Consolidated Coal	33	Preferred	122¼
Delaware & Lack	126¾	Texas Pacific	54½
Fort Wayne	136	Union Pacific	†119⅝
Hannibal & St Joe	95	United States	78
Harlem	200	Wells & Fargo	134½
Houston & Texas	90	N., C. & St. L.	80¾
Chicago & N.W	129⅝	N.Y.Central	138¼
do Preferred	142¼	Pittsb'g F.W. & C.	136
Erie	46	Rich. & Dan	119
Illinois Central	131½	Rock Island	135
Lake Shore	122⅞	Wab., St. L. & Pac	44⅛
L. & N.	98⅝	do Preferred	84⅛
Memphis & Char'n	70	Western Union	85⅝

*Offered. †Ex-div.

A ROYAL WELCOME,

A JOYOUS TIME AROUND THE FESTIVE BOARD.

Hospitalities Extended the Postmaster General and His Party—Their Movements During the Day—The Banquet at the Exposition Hotel—What the Party Has to Say.

The distinguished party of visitors, headed by Postmaster-General James, whose arrival was mentioned in yesterday's paper, had a most pleasant experience with Atlanta yesterday.

At an early hour after breakfast ex-Governor Conley and Mrs. Conley, Mr. Terrell and Mrs. Terrell and Major Fitten, Mr. Peck and Mr. Sidney Root called at the Kimball house with all necessary carriages, and took Postmaster-General James and party over the city until eleven o'clock, at which hour they proceeded to the exposition grounds and made a tour of the buildings and grounds. Every thing which came under the observation of the visitors was examined with great interest and many exhibits drew forth exclamations of surprise and admiration. At three o'clock the gentlemen of the party received in the rooms of the executive department in the Judge's hall. A large number of gentlemen and ladies were presented and the utmost cordiality was shown

At five o'clock the banquet which was tendered the party by the New York exhibitors occurred at the exposition hotel. The affair was a most pleasant one indeed. The large dining room was brilliantly lighted with electric lights, and the scene which was presented when the guests were seated around the tastefully arranged tables was most enchanting. The banquet, which had been prepared was elaborate, and embraced everything that could be desired. Among those who were noticed about the tables by THE CONSTITUTION were many of Atlanta's most prominent citizens—including a remarkably handsome collection of our most charming ladies—together with prominent New York exhibitors, and others. The conversations were bright and chatty, and every face was smiling, and every one present was happy. When the tempting feast, spread by Mr. Brown, had been disposed of, Postmaster-General James arose and returned thanks for the banquet, which had been tendered himself and party. He took occasion to pay a high compliment to Assistant-Postmaster-General Elmer, whose services in the department were pronounced of such great benefit He said:

"I am to be congratulated for having the good sense to keep around me such men as William B. Thompson, general superintendent of the railway mail service, who, I think, is perhaps the best railway man in the United States. It has been my high privilege to call around me such men as Mr. Jamison, his assistant, and L. M. Terrell, your own citizen, who has made the service so perfect that when a man does not get his letters before breakfast a clatter is raised at Washington."

He then spoke of the exposition, which he characterized as the greatest of truly American expositions, and after paying a high compliment to the exposition and to New York state and to Atlanta, he said:

"Allow me to thank you, gentlemen, for your courtesy and for your kindness, and let me say here that this occasion, this feast with the New York exhibitors, is one of the most pleasant in all my life. I propose as a sentiment: 'The great state of New York: first in war, first in peace, and first in commerce.'"

The toast was drank standing, and when that was over, Assistant Postmaster-General Elmer was called for and responded. He said that with his brain clouded with all the things that he had seen, with his heart filled with kind expressions of welcome, with his waistcoat filled with good things, and with the pockets in his coat tails filled with spool cotton, he was hardly able to say anything. He went on, however, and made a most acceptable address. He said that he was astonished by the business of the south and especially of Atlanta. He was surprised because he had no idea of what had been done here since the war. He spoke of the exposition in the highest terms, and said that wherever he had been the exposition was the topic of conversation. He proposed as a toast for Atlanta, "The brightest among her sister cities and the queen of the south."

Mr. Sam W. Small was called on and responded for the press. He made a charming address, which drifted from humor into a more sober vein, in which patriotic sentiments were uttered, and met a warm and hearty response in applause from all present. He referred to the ascension of President Arthur to power, and said that when President Garfield was buried the people turned from his grave determined to give to the new administration a proper support. He said:

"I want to welcome you, and do it with a free hand and a full heart, because I welcome you as the representative of a people who are devoted to the best interests of this union. I welcome you gentlemen, as the representatives of the president's cabinet, I welcome you as the representatives of the administration from which we have much to hope. We believe that you will do what is for the best interests of this country and this people, and that is all that the American people demand of any administration. I welcome you as the representative of a reform in public affairs which has brought you into such prominence as to demand for you our most grateful acknowledgments and thanks. I welcome you, sir, as an American citizen in whom all of us can be proud, and I call to-night upon the people of the south to drink the toast which I shall drink; "to the president and to the government of the United States of America to whom our allegiance is due."

The toast was drank and Mr. Van Wormer, chief clerk of the post-office department, was called on. He responded in a most happy speech in which he spoke of the greatness of the exposition and the attractions of the south generally. His remarks were listened to with great interest and were received with much applause.

It was proposed that the company drink the health of Colonel Pardee, the manager of the press department of the exposition. The proposition was greeted with applause, and Colonel Pardee's health was drunk standing. Colonel Pardee then made a brief speech in response to the compliment. His remarks were characteristic of the man—well timed, graceful and interesting.

General Lewis was called on to respond for the management of the exposition. He did so and took occasion to pay a high compliment to Director-General Kimball. His remarks on that score were roundly applauded.

Mr. Ryckman was called on and responded. He spoke of the liberal manner in which New York had sustained the exposition both in point of subscriptions and in the number of exhibits sent down.

At the conclusion of Mr. Ryckman's remarks Postmaster-General James arose and said that he wished to return the acknowledgments of his party to the citizens of Atlanta for the courtesy and kindness shown them. He said:

"We were strangers and ye took us in, but we are strangers no longer. We feel now like citizens of Atlanta, and I propose this toast: 'To the citizens of Atlanta, their energy, pluck and enterprise is only equaled by their hospitality.'"

This closed the banquet and the company left the dining room and returned to the city.

General James then proceeded to the elegant quarters of the Willimantic Linen company on Peachtree street, where a reception was being tendered the commercial travelers, by Mr. Allison, assisted by Mr. Denny, of the Willimantic company, and Mr. Payson, of the Foss & Pevey cards.

At the place of reception, the party found the jolly drummers with Governor Colquitt and other distinguished gentlemen of Atlanta, enjoying the most royal reception of the season. The company was passing the evening most delightfully. The "spread" was elaborate and complete, not one thing was wanting that could have added one particle to the enjoyment of those present.

When the feast was reached speeches again became the order and toasts prefaced by sparkling speeches and bright sayings served to add much to the occasion. Addresses were made by Colonel Frank Howe, Governor Colquitt, Postmaster-General James, Assistant Postmaster-General Elmer, General Lewis, Mr. Reid, treasurer of the Drummers' association, and others. The occasion was indeed a pleasant one.

THE COWS.

The Candidates on the Ordinance.

The excitement created by the cow ordinance last summer is still well remembered. For a while it was the only live and enlivening question in local politics. Before the enactment of that famous ordinance the cows of Atlanta had enjoyed a free sweep of the city and had used it well.

But the city council, after a long consideration, and three or four dead-lock votes, at last determined that it would be best to confine the cows, and passed a resolution declaring that if any man's cow was caught out he should come before the recorder, and there, upon conviction, would be liable to a fine as high as $100. Indignation meetings and all sorts of fun were had out of the cow ordinance.

Now that the election for half the city council is approaching, the cow question has loomed up again in considerable proportions, and THE CONSTITUTION has taken the pains to see every one of the numerous candidates on the subject.

Mr. L. C. Jones, candidate for alderman, said: "I am opposed to the ordinance. I am for the cows. I have been against the ordinance all the time and expect to fight it if I am elected."

Mr. T. G Healey, the other candidate for alderman, said: "I am opposed to the present ordinance. So far as restricting cows is concerned, I think some proper ordinance could be framed, but this one is not just. I don't think you can hold a man responsible for his animal beyond the actual damage done. The ordinance is too arbitrary."

FIRST WARD.

Dr. W. D. Mitchell—I am opposed to the cow ordinance.

Major D. A. Cook—I think the present cow ordinance is unjust. I am in favor of leaving this question to the people. It is of interest to a great many of them. They, and not the council, ought to determine it."

Mr. J. Olin Claridy—"I am not in favor of the cow ordinance. I think it is unjust."

SECOND WARD.

Mr. William Laird—"I think some sort of ordinance to confine the cows in the fire limits might work well, but I am opposed to any such ordinance as this we have."

Mr. Frank T. Ryan—"I am opposed to the present ordinance out and out. Some regulation for cows might be devised, but this won't do. It is too severe and too arbitrary."

THIRD WARD.

Mr. E. E. Schenck—"I am opposed to the cow ordinance. It is an injury to the poor and the working classes."

Mr. Zack W. Adamson—"Put me down as against the ordinance out and out."

Mr. W. H. Frizzell—"I am opposed to this ordinance and have always opposed it."

FOURTH WARD.

Dr. Fred King—"There might be some plan devised to keep up the cows in the fire limits of the city, but the present ordinance is too sweeping and too severe. I am opposed to it."

Mr. William H. Howell—I am in favor of the cows and against the ordinance"

Mr. A. M. Reinhardt—"I am dead against this cow ordinance."

FIFTH WARD.

Mr. W. C. Reynolds—"I think the cow ordinance works great hardship to the poor classes and does no special good. Therefore I am against it."

Mr. J. S. Lester—"I am against the ordinance, and have always been so. There might be some fair ordinance for keeping cows up in the fire limits, but I am opposed to the present ordinance."

Mr. Robert L. Barry—"I am in favor of the cow ordinance. I keep up my cow, and think everybody else should do the same. This way of letting a man's cow go out and eat another man's grass, and come back to give him milk from it, I don't fancy. It looks like deadbeating."

Here the chapter endeth.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The streets are crowded with strangers.

Mud does not keep Atlanta ladies indoors.

Dr. A. J. Flowers, of DeKalb county, is dead.

Mr. Francis Riviere, an old citizen of Barnesville, is dead.

The Atlanta drummers took care of the visiting brethren in good style.

The street force has just finished opening Hilliard street between Houston and Cain.

About five miles of track has been laid on the Georgia Pacific, and an engine and cars will be called into service in about a week.

A building is going up on the line of the Western and Atlantic railroad, near the old circus ground, which will be used by the Neff soap factory.

The reception tendered the drummers by Mr. Allison, of the Willimantic linen company, last night, was the most brilliant affair of the season.

The machinery for the new factory of the Fulton county spinning company, is arriving daily by the car load and will be in position and the factory will be running in a few weeks.

NECROLOGICAL.

W. H. WHITNECT, business agent of Rice's opera troupe, dropped dead in the Osborne house, Auburn, New York, to-day.

DR. JOHN BACON, for many years professor of chemistry in Harvard college, is dead.

A. E. Clabaugh, of Baltimore, well known among turfmen, died this morning.

HENRY SHEEKS SYKES THORNTON, partner in the firm of Williams, Deacon, Thornton & Co., bankers, was found dead in his bed yesterday.

A Rough Time at Sea.

HALIFAX, November 29.—The steamer St. Germain, of the French line between Havre and New York, put in here this morning for coal. She left Havre November 12th with forty cabin and 400 steerage passengers. She had continuous heavy westerly gales for ten days, ending with a violent hurricane, followed two days after by another hurricane in which the barometer fell fifteen points in two hours. One of the steerage passengers—name unknown—was washed overboard. The steamer suffered no perceptible injury beyond carrying away the sails, staunchions, bulwarks and spare wheel aft during the two nights of the hurricane, and when about 150 miles from Havre the passengers gave themselves up for lost and were praying and despairing.

A Tie in the New Jersey Assembly.

TRENTON, November 29.—A recount of the votes cast in the third assembly district of Mercer county at the late election was made before Chief Justice Beasley yesterday. The contest was betweeen William Ossenburgh, republican, and William J. Convery, democrat, for the assembly. The board of canvassers gave Ossenburgh twenty majority and a certificate of election. The recount to-day shows a fraud or mistake in the first precinct of the fourth ward of Trenton of thirty-eight votes that should have been counted for Convery, and elects him by nine majority. This will make the house of assembly a tie—thirty democrats and thirty republicans, instead of thirty-one republicans and twenty-nine democrats, as previously reported.

Newspaper Consolidation.

NEW ORLEANS, November 29.—The Picayune publishes a report that the Times and the Democrat will be consolidated about December the 1st. It is ascertained that the owners of the Times has executed an agreement of sale to an agent representing the leading business men of this city for the sum of $50,000 cash, and that upon the payment of the price agreed upon, the Times will be consolidated with the Democrat, and the papers will be continued by the Times-Democrat publishing company, under the management of E. A. Burke, at present the managing editor of the Democrat.

The Alabama Methodists.

SELMA, November 30.—The Alabama conference of the Methodist church, south, convened here to-day, with 200 delegates present. Bishop Pierce will preside. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist church, north, passed through the city yesterday, to Marion, Alabama, where he presides over a conference of the African M. E. church. It is expected that Bishop Simpson will be present at some time during the session of the conference in this city.

A Delayed Member.

PLYMOUTH, Eng., November 30.—P. N. Deusch, democratic member of the United States house of representatives from Wisconsin, is a passenger on the steamer Lessing, which was compelled to return to this port in consequence of detention. He will be unable to be present at the opening of the next session.

Death of a Leper.

NEW YORK, November 30.—The board of health was notified to-day of the death, at Charity hospital, of Charles Henkle, a German musician, aged 7k. His death was caused by leprosy. He had been in this country 31 years, and his case had for some time attracted much attention from medical men

BRIDAL GIFTS

The E Jaccard Jewelry Company

of St. Louis, has on exhibition and for sale at the exposition in Art hall the most beautiful collection of Gems, Diamond and Gem Jewelry, Watches, Repousse Silver work, Bisque Ornaments, Real Bronzes, Japanese Curios, etc., that has ever been seen in the south. These goods are offered for sale here by this old house, which was founded in 1829, at the same prices as are charged by them in St. Louis. An opportunity is offered to all who are contemplating the purchase of wedding, birthday, christening, anniversary or holiday gifts to procure them upon the most favorable terms. In addition to the above, orders will be received for wedding cards and invitations, visiting cards, menus, ball programmes, etc., which are executed by the Jaccard Jewelry Company in the most correct style.

Silver Plated Ware.

The display of silver plated ware, art and industrial building, made by Messrs. Charles W. Hamill & Co., Baltimore, Maryland, is like "solid silver." It is of their regular manufacture. All orders sent to the factory will receive prompt attention. The ware in the case will be delivered after the close of the exposition. Souvenir of the exposition triple plated cup, gold lined, special-price $1.

n

Watches in Art Hall,

Exposition Grounds.—A Rare Opportunity to Secure a Watch.

The E. Jaccard jewelry company of St. Louis having perfected arrangements with the American watch company, of Waltham, Massachusetts, for a full supply of their celebrated watches, are now prepared to sell at retail, in connection with their elegant exhibit of gems, diamond and gem jewelry, silver ware, bric-a-brac, etc., an immense variety of watches in gold and silver of every grade, at prices far below any heretofore offered. Every watch will be guaranteed to perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
of St Louis,
Art Building, Exposition Grounds.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN.

—MR T G HEALEY is announced as a candidate for Alderman at large by citizens of Atlanta.
843 oct16 td

—The friends of Mr LITT C JONES respectfully announce him as a candidate for Alderman large. Election to be held December 7th, 1881.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

—We are authorized to announce Dr. W. D. MITCHELL as a candidate for Council from the First Ward. oct2—dte

—The friends of MAJOR D A COOK announce him as a candidate for council from the First Ward
509oct9—dte

—At the solicitation of numerous friends in all the wards of the city, I have consented to become a candidate for the city council from the First Ward Election on seventh of next December. I have neither the time or inclination to enter into an active canvass, but if elected I will faithfully discharge my duty to the very best of my ability.
nov3—dtd J. OLIN CLARIDY.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

—We are authorized to announce the name WM. LAIRD for councilman from the Second ward.
1115 oct23 d tild

—FRANK T. RYAN, formerly Clerk of City Council, is announced as a candidate for Councilman from the Second Ward. oct29—dtde

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

—By request of many citizens of Atlanta, E. E. SCHENCK will run for Council member of the Third Ward.

—ZACK W ADAMSON, is hereby announced as a candidate for councilman from the Third Ward Election first Wednesday in December, 1881.
521oct9—dte

—The friends of W. H. FRIZZELL announce him as a candidate for Council from the Third Ward. Election December 7th, 1881. oct19—dtf

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

—Dr. FRED KING is a candidate for council from the Fourth Ward, and asks the support of his friends throughout the city. novltde

—The friends of WM H HOWELL announce him as a candidate for councilman from the Fourth Ward at the election in December next. td

—The friends of A. M. REINHARDT, Esq., of the Fourth Ward, will support him for Councilman at the ensuing election in December next.
oct12—dtde MANY FRIENDS.

FOR COUNCIL—FIFTH WARD

—The friends of W C REYNOLDS respectfully announce him as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward. oct13 td

—J. S. LESTER is hereby announced as a candidate for Council from the Fifth Ward. Election December 7th, 1881. oct14—dtde

—The friends of Captain ROBERT L. BARRY announce him as a candidate for Council from the Fifth Ward. nov17—dtde

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, December 1, 2 and 3. | GRAND SATURDAY MATINEE.

RETURN OF THE CELEBRATED

C. D. HESS ACME OPERA COMPANY.

Giving in its entirety, without burlesque, with full cast, choruses and orchestra, the world renowned operas of Audran, as played thousand of times in the largest cities of Europe and America.

THURSDAY NIGHT, December 1. } OLIVETTE.
FRIDAY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE. } The Mascotte.
SATURDAY NIGAT. } Chimes of Normandy.

With the following celebrated artists in the casts: Henry Peakes, Mark Smith, Alfred Wilkie, James Peakes, Walter Allen, H. F. Fairweather, Miss Adelaide Randall, Miss Emma Elsner, and Miss Anna Guenther. Grand Chorus of 30 Fresh Young Voices. New and Brilliant Costumes. An Augmented Orchestra. Musical Director and Conductor —W. E. Taylor.

Prices as usual. Reserved seats 25c extra—for sale at Phillips & Crew's Music Store.
nov26 27 29 30 dec 1 2 3

4 NIGHTS Commencing Monday, Dec. 5. | GRAND WEDNESDAY MATINEE.

Pure and Refined English Opera.

Mr. Chas. F. Ford begs to announce that, encouraged by the brilliant reception and success of his first appearance in the Gate City, he will return for a second season, next MONDAY, when he will give the following refined operas;

Monday, Dec. 5, and Wednesday Matinee, } Billee Taylor.
TUESDAY, December 6th, } THE MASCOTTE.
WEDNESDAY, December 7th, } PATIENCE.

And for the first time in the South, the sparkling and beautiful new opera of

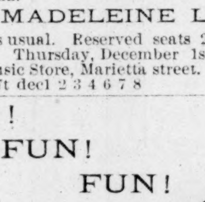
Thursday, Dec. 8th, } THE MUSKETEERS.

These four operas will be given with the full strength of a superb company of thirty artists, first-class choruses, and the brilliant young English Prima Dona.

MISS MADELEINE LUCETTE.

Prices as usual. Reserved seats 25c extra. Will be on sale Thursday, December 1st at Phillips & Crew's Music Store, Marietta street.
dec1—d7t dec1 2 3 4 6 7 8

FUN!
FUN!
FUN!



Comical & Fancy
SKATING AT THE RINK
TO-NIGHT
Get in early and secure seats.
IMMENSE ATTENDANCE EVERY NIGHT.
Skating Rink corner Decatur and Pryor Sts.
nov30—dtf un amus

NEW YORK SCHOOL
—FOR—
DANCING & DEPORTMENT,
CORNER OF WALTON AND FORSYTH STREETS.

Entrance on Walton Street.

Professor Nott, Member of the Society of Professors of Dancing of New York. The beautiful new Quadrilles. "Lawn Tennis," "Saratoga Lancers" and "Minuet;" also the "Waltz," "Racquet," Fatinitza," etc. Special attention given to deportment and physical culture. Also the late London and Paris Novelty, the Nursery Rhymes, Vocal Lancers, for little girls and boys who sing the nursery songs while dancing.

Class for Ladies, Misses and Masters, Tuesday's 3 to 5 o'clock p.m., and Saturday's 10 to 12 a.m., commencing Tuesday afternoon, November 22.

Class for Gentlemen, Tuesday and Friday evenings 8 to 10 p.m., beginning November 22. Call for Circular at Phillips & Crew's.
926 nov20tf sun tu th un amuse

1,000 PIANOS!

IN STOCK AND COMING! BOUGHT BEFORE the rise for cash. Sold at wholesale to the trade in all the Southern States, or to retail buyers in Atlanta low for cash, or on installments as low as $10 a month. Warranted so that the buyer runs no risk. The Clear Grit String for Violin, Guitar, etc. (Our Trade Mark), made expressly for us by the best European makers. Large invoices just received and more coming, of violins, guitars, accordeons, harmonicas, and all other kinds of musical merchandise, imported direct by us.

New styles of the Incomparable Estey Organs from the largest Organ Manufactory in the world. Production, one every ten minutes.

Depot of Cheap Music.—Buyers are rapidly learning where they can get the most for their money.
Nobody can under buy us.
Nobody can undersell us.
ESTEY ORGAN COMPANY,
Corner of Broad and Alabama street, Atlanta,
Wholesale Managers, for the South, of Steinway, Decker Bros, Weber, and Gate City Pianos.
nov39 dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



FOR SALE.

THE BICYCLES, USED IN Rink, on Pryor street. Also [illegible]ls and extra parts for keeping them in repair. Address
H. B. BRACKETT,
132 S. Forsyth street,
dec1 d1w Atlanta, Ga.

ATTENTION, CAPITALISTS.

ANY ONE DESIRING TO BUY OR LEASE FOR a term of years, one of the largest and best arranged Tanneries in the South, with fine set of Merchant Mills, Saw Mill, Cotton Gins, etc., with complete line of machinery for manufacturing shoes, all in complete order, now have the opportunity of

A BARGAIN.

The property is located in the most desirable part of Middle Georgia, and has ample power for driving all machinery.

For further particulars, apply to
W. A. RUSSELL,
No. 2 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.
dec1 d2w

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., November 30th, 1881.

TO THE VOTERS OF ATLANTA.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT, BY AN amendment to the Registration Ordinance, passed by the Mayor and General Council, at a special meeting held this day, the time for Registering to vote in the city election was extended to 6 o'clock p.m., on Tuesday before the election.

I trust that every legal voter in Atlanta will now avail himself of this extension of time and qualify himself to vote in the ensuing election.

J. W. ENGLISH,
dec1—d1t Mayor.

KIRKWOOD ACADEMY,
BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG MEN,
Four and One-Half Miles from Atlanta, Ga.
MILITARY ORGANIZATION.

THE SPRING TERM BEGINS JANUARY 9TH, 1882, and continues twenty-four weeks. The course of study embraces the Languages, Mathematics, Sciences, Surveying, Topographical Drawing, Book-keeping, etc. The school has been patronized by the most prominent citizens of Georgia and the surrounding states. Charges for Spring Session, $150 IN ADVANCE. For Circulars address
CHAS. M. NEEL, Principal,
or Captain Lyman Hall, Assistant.
dec1 d1m&w1t Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF Ordinary Chambers, November 30, 1881.—To Augustus Kile, of the State of Arkansas, one of the heirs at law of James Kile, late of said county, deceased.

William C. Kile having applied for an order requiring the Administrator of said James Kile, deceased, to make titles to him to city lot near the junction of Peters and Walker streets, fronting on Peters street 34 feet, more or less, and running 59 feet, more or less, through to Walker street on the northeast line, with 47 feet, more or less, on the southwest line, and having thereon a two-room tenement house, and being a portion of land lot No. 85, in the 14th district of said county; you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next January Term of said Court, as said application will then be heard and determined.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec1 d1aw4w—thur

FOR SALE.

THE FAMOUS FACTORY SHOALS, SITUATED 15 miles from Atlanta, and on which the new Manchester Manufacturing Company's Factory, etc., was built, but which was reduced to ashes by Sherman's army, is now for sale. This factory covered about one half acre of ground, and the main building was five stories high. The walls of this magnificent building is yet standing. These shoals are the most valuable on Sweetwater. There is a natural dam or hedge of rock running diagonally across the stream, which throws the water into the canal cut to the factory place, a distance of 300 yards and empties at a fall of 24 feet. There are 133 acres of land belonging to the place, with five springs, and plenty of timber. The property is now owned by Judge McIntosh, of Powder Springs, senior partner, and S. N. Dorsett, of Douglasville, Ga. These shoals are about three miles from Georgia Pacific Railroad, and four miles from Rome extension.
dec1—d1t

CHEAPEST BOOK STORE IN THE WORLD
175672 Magnificent Gift Books; Gorgeous Juvenile Books; Superb Bibles and Prayer Books almost given away. Grand Holiday Catalogue free.
LEGGETT BROS,,
81 CHAMBERS ST., BROADWAY, N. Y.
dec1—d4w thur fri tues

G. W. ADAIR......AUCTIONEER

Valuable McDonough Street Property.

I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES, AT THE corner of McDonough and Jones streets, on Thursday, the 1st day of December next, at 3½ o'clock, p.m., sharp, two very desirable lots, one having on it a nice, well proportioned, conveniently constructed two story house, with six large rooms, halls, verandahs, and servants' and cook rooms. The other unimproved. Size of lots, etc., shown by plats at my office.

The street cars, and the gas and water mains, are in front of these lots. The High school, and Crew street and Fair street schools; also many of the prominent churches in the city, are convenient, and Capitol Square is in two blocks.

The house and lot will be sold for one-half cash, the remainder in twelve months, with 8 per cent interest. The unimproved for cash: both with approved titles. Possession given 1st of January next.
G. W. ADAIR, 6 Wall street.
878 nov20 22 24 26 27 30 & dec 1

GEORGIA, MILTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, November 28th, 1881.—Whereas, Lucinda Smith, administratrix of Walter Smith, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the real estate of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else leave will be granted the applicant as applied for.
dec1 w4w W. H. NESBIT, Ordinary.

TITUS HOUSE,
TITUSVILLE, INDIAN RIVER FLA.
W. M. NICHOLLS, Proprietor.

The above is strictly a first-class hotel, pleasantly situated on Indian river, 250 miles south of Jacksonville. Accessible daily by fine steamers to Salt Lake, St. Johns river, then by stage seven miles to Titusville. To the sportsman, pleasure seeker and invalid this house presents attractions nowhere else to be found in the south. The fruit surpasses any in the known world. The proprietor assures his guests all the comforts of a home at modern rates. Open the year round. nov29—1m 5thp

MUSICAL.
MRS. MARY MADDEN,

WILL BE AT HER MUSIC ROOMS, 161 Whitehall street, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of every week, from 12 m. until 2 p.m., for the purpose of receiving pupils and making business engagements. nov12—1m

CONFEDERATE BONDS.

NOW IS THE BEST TIME TO SELL THEM. Bring them to our office and obtain the highest market price. HAAS & CO.,
848nov20—tf Dodd Building, 32 Alabama street.

WANTED.

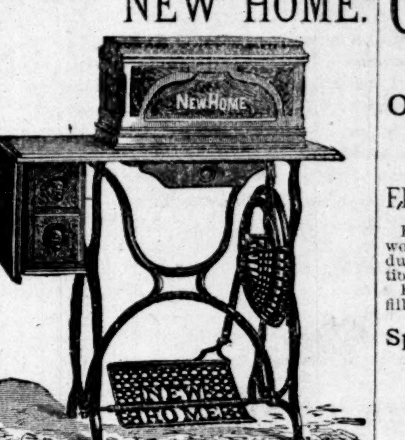
A GENTLEMAN OF TEN YEARS' EXPERIence in grocery business, and well acquainted with the trade of Atlanta, wishes to purchase January 1st, 1882, an active interest in wholesale grocery house; best references given. Address
LOCK BOX No. 35,
nov1—d1m 5thp Atlanta, Ga.

SANFORD HOUSE,
SANFORD, FLA.,

LEADING HOTEL IN SOUTHERN FLORIDA. Now open, head of St. John's River, Sulphur Spring, Electric Bells, all modern improvements, superior Table and Attendance. Address
nov8 d1m JAS. M. CASE, Proprietor.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SIMPLEST
LATEST IMPROVED AND MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES, IS THE
LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME.



200 000 SOLD YEARLY.

Parties visiting this city during the Great EXPOSITION are cordially invited to call at our office and inspect

THE NEW HOME.

Comparison with other machines snlicited.

JOHNSON CLARK & Co.,
25 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.
H. C. PEEPLES, Manager.
oct25—d3m

HOLIDAY ANNOUNCEMENT.
"GENIUS REWARDED!"
FREE TO ALL!

Visitors and strangers in the city are cordially invited to call at our salesrooms, No. 42 Marietta street, next block to the capitol building, and receive a copy of our beautiful holiday Gift Book, entitled "Genius Rewarded," handsomely bound in blue and gold, and profusely illustrated. This really valuable volume will be presented free of charge to those who apply for it.

We desire to call the special attention of those who may wish to buy a really handsome and useful Christmas Present for a lady to our beautiful holiday Sewing Machines just received.

These machines are highly ornamented and inlaid with pearl in elaborate designs, and the cabinet work is of an entirely new pattern and exquisitely finished. These handsome machines are offered either for cash or on the installment plan, at a very small advance on the prices of our ordinary machines.

SPECIAL OFFER!

To every purchaser of one of our machines who will cut out and present this advertisement at the time of purchase, we will donate Professor Woodward's "Magic Scale," and Book of Instructions by which any lady can learn the art of dressmaking and of cutting ladies and children's garments to a perfect fit. Call and see descriptive advertisement.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
42 Marietta Street.
G. W. LEONARD, General Agent.
524 nov13—d til jan1

I. Y. SAWTELL. LEON F. SAWTELL.

I. Y. SAWTELL & SON,
Real Estate, Wild Land and Mining Agts,

OFFICE 50 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, Georgia. Buying and Selling Wild Lands and Mining Interests our Specialty. Send for our Advertised list. 880 oct16 3mo

MRS. C. FREELAND
Corner Julia and Forsyth streets,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.,
First-class Private Board.
nov1—d1m

WHEAT Dealers make Money with W. T. SOULE & CO., 130 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. Write for particulars.

WHITEHEAD HOUSE,

On the Georgia Railroad, 31 Miles from Atlanta,

Contains 15 bed rooms, 6 being suite-rooms, suited to families. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Healthy locality; good water.
BOARD PER DAY, $2 00.

Special arrangements may be made for continued board. Unsurpassed for convenience and comfort in every respect. Solicits patronage.
sep29 d3m L ACREE, Proprietor.

FRIERSON & LEAK......AUCTIONEERS

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. BY VIRTUE of a commission from the superior court of said county, to us directed, in the matter of Mary E. Mullery et al. vs. John J. O'Sullivan et al. partition, etc. We will sell, for division, on the first Tuesday in December next, at the court house door in said county, within the lawful hours of sale, at public outcry, for cash, the following described property of the Bridget Doyle estate, to wit:

A parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, state aforesaid commencing on the old McDonough road on the original line between land lots Nos. 44 and 21, and running south on said land line 295 feet, thence east 357⅔ feet, thence north 192 2-10 feet to stake in the old road, thence north 73°; 45', west in a direct line 372 feet to the point of beginning, containing 2 acres, and being part of land lot No. 21 in the 14th district of said county; also in lot in the city of Atlanta, part of lot No. 11 in the plan of said city, bounded on the northwest by lot No. 10, one hundred and forty-two (142) feet, on the southwest by Decatur street 78 feet, on the southeast by part of said lot, No. 11, one hundred and forty-two (142) feet, and on the northeast by lot No, 8 seventy-eight feet, one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and on land lot No. 52, in the 14th district of said county; also, a lot in the city of Atlanta, and known in the plan of said city as the west half of the east half of city lot No. 69 in block No. 11, and fronting on Ellis street 63 feet and extending back 210 feet; said lot is part of land lot 51, in the 14th district of said county, and lies between the lots of Loftin and Schenck; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, county and state aforesaid, commencing at the northwest corner of city lot No. 3 in block 6, running south on Thompson street 55 feet, and extending back 200 feet to an alley opening on Hunter street, all of which is now inclosed, and is part of land lot No. 77, in the 14th district of said county; bounded on the southwest by Mrs Albright, and on the northeast by Sarah Harrison, Johnson warehouse, Adair & Bro., and Ice manufacturing company; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta known as part of block No. 168 and land lot 78, of the 14th district, of said county, bounded on the north by the Mercer lot 157 feet, on the west by the Cooly lot 70 feet, on the south by Jones alley 152 feet and on the east by the old Monroe railroad track 72½ feet, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and known as lot No. 6 of the subdivision of the Doyle property; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta known in the plan of said city as part of block 168, bounded on the south by J. A. Hayden, on the west by Hulsey street and the Jones lot, on the north by the Jones lot and on the east by a street that runs along the old Monroe railroad right of way, and fronting 151½ feet, more or less, on said right of way, and extending back from 200 to 250 feet, more or less, and known in the subdivision of the Doyle property as lots 7, 8 and 9.

M. K. MURPHY,
T. A. FRIERSON,
P. H. CALHOUN,
nov6 d30d Commissioners.

THE EXPOSITION.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.
—AND—
GREAT INTERNATIONAL COTTON EXPOSITION!
Is Open Daily at
OGLETHORPE PARK, ATLANTA,
FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

Pronounced by all who have visited it the most wonderful, varied and brilliant display of the products of American industry ever put on exhibition.

Eleven miles of aisles in twenty-seven buildings, filled with rare and beautiful exhibits.

Special Programme for the Ensuing Two Weeks.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1ST,

By special request of representatives from that state has been dedicated as

FLORIDA DAY,

And will witness the arrival and presence on the grounds of a large body of visitors from the "Land of Flowers."

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2D,

Will be marked by an attendance similar to that for Tuesday.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3D,

Will be honored by the presence of a large crowd. It will be

ROME MILITARY DAY,

And will be marked by the presence of the crack companies of the "Hill City."

THE GREAT PLANTERS' CONVENTION

will occupy the better part of the second week.

Tuesday, December 6—Address by Colonel F. C. Moorehead, president of the National cotton planters' association.

Wednesday, December 7—Address by the president of the New England manufacturers' association.

Thursday, December 8 — Address on "Small Farms," by Hon. George B. Loring, United States commissioner of agriculture.

Friday, December 9—"Mayors' Day," in honor of the chief officers of the cities of the union; also, address by Hon. Francis D. Moulton, president of the International dairy fair association and chairman of the finance committee of the agricultural association of New York.

Get your half dollar ready and save trouble at the turnstiles. Every visitor must have a silver half dollar to obtain admission. No other money taken at the gates.

H. I. KIMBALL,
Director General.

LEGAL NOTICES.

FULTON SHERIFF'S SALE.—WILL BE SOLD before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

The west half of land lot No. 37, in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and twenty acres of land lot No. 70, in said district, adjoining said half lot of land and extending the whole length of said half lot of land, containing 121¼ acres, more or less. Leviedon as the property of Benjamin P. Davis and David Crews, the same being for the purchase money of said lot; property pointed out by William Ezzard, plaintiff's attorney; levy made by C. W. Wells, former deputy sheriff, December 8th, 1873, said levy made to satisfy a fi fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Louis Wright vs. Benjamin P. Davis and David Crews, makers, and John Thomason, indorser.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, known and distinguished as lot No. 211, said tract of land containing two hundred two and a half acres, more or less, bounded north by Ozburn, on the east by Alman and J. L. Miller, on the south by W. L. Harris and on the west by W. L. Harris and Herring; levied on as the property of Mrs. M J. Bryan to satisfy a fi fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of W. F. Westmoreland, trustee etc., vs M. J. Bryan.

Also, at the same time and place, one brick storehouse, on the southwest corner of city lot 128, in the city of Atlanta, fronting fifty feet on Marietta street, and running back fifty feet. Levied on as the property of Mrs. L. E. Adams, to satisfy two distress warrants issued from the justice's court of the 1234th district, G. M., in favor of W. H. and J. P. Dean, executors of L. Dean vs. L. E. Adams.

Also at the same time and place, a city lot in the fifth ward of the city of Atlanta, bounded north by Jones avenue, east by Marietta street, south by lot of L. Dean, and west by right-of-way of Western and Atlantic railroad, being the lot on which the defendant and wife now live. Levied on as the property of Frank Mills, as trustee for wife, to satisfy two fi. fas issued from the justice's court of 1234th district G. M. in favor of Lemuel Dean vs. Frank Mills, trustee for wife.

Also at the same time and place a lot containing sixty by one hundred and fifty feet, located in what is known as Blan Town, it being part of land lot No. 188, in the 14th district of Fulton county, bounded as follows: south by Galager, west by Rosser, north by Blan & Berry, and east by Alexander. On said lot is a small wood-house. Levied on as the property of Richard Pickens to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 469th district G. M., one in favor of Green & Isom and one in favor of "Walton Whann;" each against Richard Pickens.

Also at the same time and place, one-eight of an acre of land, being part of block No. 37 of the subdivision of Powell property, and a part of original land lot No. 112, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning on the northwest corner of said block, and on the south side of Main street, and thence running along Franklin street, one hundred and thirty-two feet and six inches, thence east forty-one feet and three inches, thence north one hundred and thirty-two feet and six inches to said Main street, thence west forty-one feet and three inches along Main street to the place of beginning, containing one-eighth of an acre. Levied on as the property of W. T. Findley to satisfy fi. fa. issued from the justice's court of the 469th district, G. M., in favor of Martha L. Walker vs. W. T. Findley.

Also one city lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on the corner of Ponder avenue and Moore street, containing 100x190 feet, the same being city lot No. 50 of the subdivision of the Ellen B. Ponder property, and a part of land lot No. 81, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton co., Ga. Levied on to satify three justice court fi. fas. in favor of W. C. Asher vs Wm. G. Eaton. Levy made and returned to me by G. A. Cooper, L. C.

A. M. PERKERSON,
nov6—1aw4w Sheriff

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, November 5th, 1881.—J. A. Defoor has applied for letters of guardianship of the property of Lou Ida and Mollie O. Davis, minors.

This is therefore to give notice to all persons concerned to file their objection, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else letters will be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
239 nov6 1aw 4w. Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, November 5, 1881.—James Wilson, administrator of the estate of Christina Wilson, late of said county, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in March, 1882, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.
W. L. CALHOUN,
231nov6 d1aw3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, October 8, 1881.—James H Weaver, executor of the will of William Weaver, represents that he has fully discharged said trust, and prays for letters of dismission:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next why letters of dismission should not be granted the applicant as applied!
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
oct9—d1aw3mos

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, November 5th, 1881.—T. C. Boykin, administer of the estate of A. H. Boykin, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is therefore to give notice to all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
230 nov6—1aw1w Ordinary.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA.

WHAT THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE DOING.

A Leesburg Failure—Newspaper Changes—A Bold and Daring Robbery Near Columbus—A Woman Horribly Burned—Accident on the Macon and Brunswick—Press Opinions, Etc.

By Mail and Wire to The Constitution.

ALBANY, November 29.—Ed. A. Cutliff, a son of our worthy townsman, Captain John M. Cutliff, died last evening at his father's house in this city, after a protracted illness of typhoid fever. He was a young man of promise, barely twenty-one years of age, and was one of a large family of brothers, all of whom are well known and exceedingly popular in this section. Notwithstanding his youth, he had been in business in Albany for several years past, in which he was doing well. The bereaved family have the sympathies of our entire community and of a wide circle of acquaintance outside, to whom the deceased was personally known.——The firm of Tison & Carter, of Leesburg, failed last week and made an assignment, making G. W. Warwick, of Smithville, assignee. We have not learned the full extent of liabilities nor amount of assets, but presume they are in the usual Georgia proportion. The firm did a large business in Leesburg, and had branch stores in Stockville and at Jordans Store, in Lee county. Up to the time of the break it was apparently in a prosperous and flourishing condition. The senior of the firm was the late J. P. Tison, formerly a senator from this, the Tenth, district, and whose tragical death at the hands of Mr. John Calloway, one or two years since, will be remembered. The firm name has remained unchanged since his death, the business being carried on by the junior partner, Carter. We do not know who are the sufferers by this collapse. It is rumored that one Albany firm was caught out for about $1,000. Have heard of no others about here. We have not heard whether the assignment will be allowed to stand. Under the late act of September 18, 1881, it would appear that others besides the preferred creditors would be allowed a voice in all such transactions in the future.——Superior court is in session this week in Mitchell county, Judge D. P. D. Warren presiding. Most of the Albany bar are in attendance.——Little Gertrude Sterne, an interesting child of our townsman, Levi Sterne, about four years of age, died on Saturday night last of rheumatism of the heart.

SAVANNAH, November 30.—The ninth annual session of the American public health association convened here yesterday at Masonic temple. There was a large attendance. The meeting was called to order by the president, Dr. Chas. B. White, and opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Axson, of Savannah. The following papers were read at the morning session: "Contagious Diseases of Domestic Animals," by Dr. E. M. Hunt, of New Jersey; "Disease Among Texas Cattle," a continuation of a report made to the association at the New Orleans meeting in December, 1880, by Dr. J. R. Smith, United States army; report of the examination of hogs at the New Orleans abattoir during the summer of 1881, submitted by the New Orleans Sanitary Auxilliary association; Trychinea Spiralis, by Dr. J. M. Partridge, of Indiana; Trychinea Spiralis in American and German hogs, by Dr. J. F. Billings, veterinarian surgeon of Massachusetts. At the afternoon session there were read: "Kankakee, a sanitary problem in Indiana," by Professor John L. Campbell, of Indiana; "Comparative vital movements of the white and Colored Races in the United States," Dr. S. S. Herrick, of Louisiana; "The Disposal of the Dead," Dr. W. W. Curtiss, of Illinois; "The Relation of Alimentation to Infantile Development of Disease," Dr. T. C. Duncan, of Illinois. In the evening a grand public reception was given at the temple. The meeting was presided over by the mayor. An address of welcome was delivered on the part of the city authorities by the Hon. George A. Mercer, and on benalf of the Georgia medical society, of Savannah, by R. J. Nunn. President White read his annual address. The meeting then adjourned until 11 a.m. to-day. The association was afterwards handsomely entertained at the residence of D. L. Falligant. The programme to-day embraces, among the important papers, one of color-blindness and railroad sanitation by Dr. Joyes.

DAHLONEGA, November 28.—Mrs. Dr. Lombard left for Atlanta to-day.——Boyd Sitten, Monroe Bisser and others have returned from Atlanta, and gives glowing reports of the exposition.——Henry Boalfield and Fannie Mucrux were married on yesterday.——Bell has been arrested and lodged in jail.——Cannon is recovering and all is now quiet along the line.——H. D. Gurley has his new store and dwelling house about completed, and will soon move into it.——A number of our citizens will leave town to-morrow, some for the exposition and some for Athens to attend the annual Methodist conference.——Jackson Mears, 80 years old, died on Thursday last. He lived in Gaddestown, Union county, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

AMERICUS, November 29.—The Americus Recorder has been sold by Mr. M. Callaway, who has been up to the present time its editor and proprietor, to Mr. W. L. Glessner, recently of Clinton, Illinois. Mr. Glessner and family have just arrived in our city and he assumes control of the paper to-day. Mr. G. has published a democratic newspaper in Illinois for the past ten years, but has been looking around in Georgia for some months past for a suitable location. The Recorder in the hands of Mr. Callaway has been a prosperous and successful newspaper and was extensively circulated in this and the surrounding counties. The new proprietor has the best wishes of all classes of our citizens.

CONYERS, November 30.—Mr. A. C. Taylor, late postmaster of this place, died Monday evening at 3 o'clock, at the home of his son-in-law P. F. Jones. His funeral took place yesterday evening at 3 o'clock, from the Methodist church. Rev Henry Quigg, his old neighbor and friend, preached his funeral in an able manner. Mr. Taylor for quite a number of years was general manager for Colonel Jordan, who was at one time one of the largest planters in Georgia. He was a man of sterling worth in his day and time. He has a large family connection scattered all over the union. He was a second cousin of Davy Crockett.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—Mr. W. M. Sims, of the law firm of Sims & Shubrick, was married this morning to Miss Bettie DuBose, one of the reigning belles of Washington. The ceremony was performed by Dr. S. G. Hillyer, assisted by Rev. George Gardner. The newly wedded pair leave on the train today for Atlanta.

NEWNAN, November 30.—Look out for Carroll en masse, headed by the lord mayor, W. P. Cole, headquarters exposition.

What the Papers Say.

Macon Telegraph.

Some time during the early part of the past week Mr. John Edward Moreland, who lives about six miles from Dawson, on the road leading to the village of Chickasawhatchee, left Dawson about dark—or perhaps later—to return to his home, and when near the outskirts of Dawson says he was assaulted by three negro men, who attempted to rob him, but from whom he managed to escape. In the scuffle which resulted Moreland professes to have lost his hat, and in its place, it being dark, he got one of the negroes' hats. The next day—or within a day or two afterward—he returned to Dawson, bringing with him two or more of his neighbors and friends. In looking around town he thought he recognized his hat upon the head of a young negro man named Mark Thompson. He and his friends forced the negro, Mark Thompson, into a buggy and drove rapidly away in the direction of Moreland's house. About five miles from Dawson and within one mile of Moreland's residence, they were met by a negro who was coming to Dawson, and who stated that when he passed they were beating Mark. This was late in the afternoon of last Friday. On Sunday morning, as the negro Mark Thompson had not returned to Dawson, and nothing had been seen or heard of him after the party were seen beating him on the road near Moreland's house, as has been stated, quite a number of negroes from Dawson went to Moreland's premises and commenced to search the woods around, to see if any trace of violence had been done to Mark, and to ascertain, if possible, what had become of him. In a swamp near Moreland's house they found a part of a shirt and a pair of socks very much stained with blood—and buried. The ground for several feet around had the appearance of there having been a severe scuffle, or encounter of some kind, but they failed to find any trace of Mark Thompson's body. The officers, with several citizens of Dawson, attempted last night to make an arrest of the parties who carried off Mark Thompson on Friday evening but failed to find any of them. Their names are: John Edward Moreland, John W. Beverly and Thomas Kennedy. Up to this writing, 10 o'clock a.m., no arrests have been made and no trace other than has been stated of the missing man.

Macon Telegraph.

There seems to be a prevalence of railroad accidents, scarcely a day passing without noting some injury to limb or loss of life on the railroads. In the majority of these cases neglect of duty or a reckless disregard of safety are the causes. Only a day or so ago we chronicled the severe injury of a man while coupling cars, and on yesterday afternoon another man had his leg broken and badly mangled while performing the same duty. From what we can learn, Mr. Benton Austin, one of the extra conductors on the Macon and Brunswick railroad, was on yesterday afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock, engaged in making up a train on the track just beyond the junction. He undertook to couple a car, holding the pin in position while the engine moved up to it; but the engine moved too fast, and the pin being a crooked one, brought the cars close together, crushing the unfortunate man. He dropped to the track, either from force of the blow or loss of consciousness, his leg falling across the track. The engineer, not seeing him, supposed that all was right and moved on, the train running over Austin's leg, mangling it and bruising up his body generally. He was carried to his home, on the corner of Elm and McIntosh streets, and Dr. Mettauer sent for. The doctor did all that was possible to alleviate the poor man's sufferings, and may succeed in saving his life.

Savannah News.

Yesterday afternoon about 12:30 o'clock Petty McCall, a colored woman, who lived at No. 95 Perry street, was horribly and fatally burned under the following circumstances: It seems that she had been confined to her bed through some indisposition, and at the time of the accident was in her room alone. The room becoming cold, she arose from her bed and started to the fire-place to put on some wood, and just as she reached the fire she fell headforemost into the flames. Her hair first caught on fire, and almost immediately the flames communicated to her clothing. She seemed to be utterly unable to move, and her screams brought assistance, but it was too late. About one-third of the body of the unfortunate woman was found burnt to a crisp, and after lingering in intense agony for about four hours death came to her relief. The exact cause of the fatal fall into the flames is not known. Her mother says that she was subject to fainting spells, and it is presumed that as she approached the fire she was seized with one of them, and, after falling, did not recover consciousness until she was burned as above described.

Columbus Enquirer.

A robbery, which was as bold and daring as it was outrageous, was committed on a small negro boy last Saturday night. Charley Brown, for that was his name, had drawn the wages for his week's work, and was on his way to do an errand in the lower part of the city. When near the old Catholic church a grown negro man caught him and putting his hand over his mouth, demanded the money that his employer had given him. The boy managed to get the man's hand from off his mouth and called for help when another man ran up and succeeded in gagging him. They then robbed him of his money and of a new coat which he had on. In the scuffle the clothes of the little negro were badly torn, and he received a number of bruises. This is as bold a robbery as we have recorded in a long time, and an effort should be made to catch up with the outlaws who perpetrated it. It is true that it may be a hard matter to ascertain who they were in this instance, but they will doubtless make another similar attempt. The boy has no idea who did it, but it was evidently one who knew of the fact that the boy had drawn his money. The officers should keep a keen eye for all such scoundrels.

By the use of the Great German Remedy, Hamburg Drops, you can maintain good digestion.

—Miss Mary Anderson earnestly denies the report that she is to be married to a Mr. Carleton, and comes forward with the stock announcement that she is wedded to her art.

Watch Carefully Your Health.

Are your hands and feet cold? Does your pulse beat irregular? Does your heart quickly palpitate at the least exertion, worriment, or nervous excitement? Does your face often flush from a rush of blood to the head? Are you troubled with dyspepsia, indigestion, or some urinary disorder? Beware! Death may at any time suddenly ensue from apoplexy. Do not delay. Your system needs some true medical tone. Nothing is so good as Brown's iron bitters. This excellent remedy will assist nature in quickly regaining her lost hold on health and life. It strengthens every part of the system, and restores the different organs of life to their normal condition. In diseases of an exhaustive nature, having a tendency to weaken both mind and body, it invariably acts like a charm.—Journal. nov27—d&w1w

—Judge Cox, who presides at the Guiteau trial and laughs at some of his jokes, was appointed to his present position by Hayes.

Answer This.

Is there a person living who ever saw a case of ague, biliousness, nervousness, or neuralgia, or any disease of the stomach, liver, or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?

—A well-known newspaper correspondent at the state capital of Missouri has applied for a divorce from his wife, alleging as a reason that "he finds married life and newspaper business incompatible and intolerable."

NEW BLOOMFIELD, Mississippi, January 2, 1880.

I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching all over. I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it. I have used up four bottles, and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old an poor but feel to bless you for such a relief by your medicine and from torment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at me. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenic; another took four quarts of blood from me. All they could tell was that it was skin sickness. Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever.

HENRY KNOCHE.

—Emelie Melville is a Boston girl, and her mother was Julia Miles, who was the soubrette at the Howard Athenium many years ago.

If You Are Sick, Read

The Kidney-Wort advertisement in another column, and it will explain to you the rational method of getting well. Kidney-Wort will save you more doctor's bills than any other medicine known. Acting with specific energy on the kidneys and liver, it cures the worst diseases caused by their derangement. Use it at once. In dry or liquid form. Either is equally efficient: the liquid is the easiest, but the dry is the most economical.—Interior.

—Mr. F. C. Burnand, the editor of Punch, is a man of middle age, who, with his dark eyes, his French beard and abundant scarf knotted at his throat, looks more like a Parisian than an Englishman.

—Sudden change of the weather often cause Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic troubles. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will allay irritation which induces coughing, oftentimes giving immediate relief.

—A Charleston, S. C., burglar has been sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

DANDRUFF

Is Removed by the Use of Cocoaine,

And it stimulates and promotes the growth of the hair.

BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS are the best.

—The congress in session in France to consider the ravages of phylloxera recommended the introduction of foreign vines, but the French minister of agriculture has issued a decree in which it is specifically stated that vines and slips are not permitted to be imported into France.

Parents who have used White's Cream Vermifuge for worms in their children, regard it as a great blessing. It will move them.

nov26 d1w sat tues thur&wlt

ST. JACOB'S OIL.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

jan11—d1y top col nex to or fol read ma

KIDNEY WORT

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

KIDNEY-WORT

has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the Country. In hundreds of cases it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.

As it has been proved by thousands that

KIDNEY-WORT

is the most effectual remedy for cleansing the system of all morbid secretions. It should be used in every household as a

SPRING MEDICINE.

Always cures BILLIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, PILES and all FEMALE Diseases.

Is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes 6 quarts medicine.

Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for the convenience of those who cannot readily prepare it. *Acts with equal efficiency in either form.*

GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'rs, (Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

KIDNEY-WORT

apr2 d&ewly nr rd 2alt

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

LOVELY COMPLEXIONS

POSSIBLE TO ALL.

What Nature denies to many Art secures to all. Hagan's Magnolia Balm dispels every blemish, overcomes Redness, Freckles, Sallowness, Roughness, Tan, Eruptions and Blotches, and removes all evidences of heat and excitement. The Magnolia Balm imparts the most delicate and natural complexional tints—no detection being possible to the closest observation.

Under these circumstances a faulty complexion is little short of a crime. Magnolia Balm sold everywhere. Costs only 75 cents, with full directions.

ues thur sasuh next read ma

TROPIC FRUIT LAXATIVE.

PRESCRIBED BY

TROPIC FRUIT

LAXATIVE

Prepared from tropical fruits and plants.

A Delicious and Refreshing Fruit Lozenge, Which Serves the Purpose of Pills and Disagreeable Purgative Medicines.

TROPIC-FRUIT LAXATIVE is the best preparation in the world for Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Piles, and all kindred Complaints. It acts gently, effectively, and is delicious to take. Cleansing the system thoroughly, it imparts vigor to mind and body, and dispels Melancholy, Hypochondria, &c. *One trial convinces.* Packed in bronzed tin boxes only.

PRICE 25 and 50 CTS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

feb10—d&w1ythur

THE OLDEST AND BEST IN AMERICA.

CORTICELLI SPOOL SIL

for hand or machine use. Ask for it and see that you get it.

FLORENCE ETCHING SILK

FOR ART DESIGNS IN OUTLINE.

FLORENCE KNITTING SILK

FOR GLOVES, STOCKINGS, WRISTERS AND EDGINGS.

AN ILLUSTRATED 32 PAGE PAMPHLET, "HOW TO USE FLORENCE KNITTING SILK," SENT TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF A 3 CENT STAM

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

NONOTUCK SILK COMPANY

SOLE MANUFACTURERS.

SALESROOMS, 88 WEST THIRD STREET, CINCINNATI

4—d3m sat tues thur

EXCURSION RATES.

CENTRAL RAILROAD AND BANKING CO. OF GA. GENERAL PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, SAVANNAH, November 11, 1881.

The Central Railroad of Ga.

WILL SELL

EXCURSION TICKETS

To visitors attending the

ATLANTA COTTON EXPOSITION,

At the low rate of

ONE CENT PER MILE

From the various points as follows:

November 14th to 20th, Inclusive,

From stations on Southwestern Railroad between AMERICUS and SEAGO, including Perry Branch, and from stations between COLUMBUS and FORT VALLEY.

November 21st to 27th, Inclusive,

From stations on Central Railroad between SAVANNAH and MILLEN, including stations on Augusta Branch except AUGUSTA.

November 28th to December 4th, Inclusive

From stations on Atlanta Division Central Railroad between GRIFFIN and EAST POINT, including stations on Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

December 5th to 11th, Inclusive,

From stations on Southwestern Railroad between EUFAULA and SUMTER, including stations on Albany (Blakely extension) and Fort Gaines Branches.

December 12th to 18th, Inclusive,

From stations on Central Railroad between CUSHINGVILLE and GRISWOLDVILLE, including stations on Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.

December 19th to 25th, Inclusive,

From stations on Atlanta Division Central Railroad between MACON and ORCHARD HILL, including stations on Upson County Railroad.

These tickets will be placed on sale at the above mentioned places and dates, and will be limited to five (5) days from date of sale from Southwestern Railroad and Savannah division Central Railroad, and three (3) days from Atlanta division on Central Railroad, including Macon.

Tickets will be recognized on any of the passenger trains within the limits prescribed.

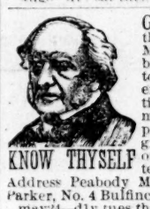
G. A. WHITEHEAD, General Passenger Agent.

nov15 d1ill dec25—tues thur sat

$1000 REWARD

For any one case of Bleeding, Itching Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DEBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. Miller, M. D., 915 Arch st., Phila., Pa. None genuine, without his signature. Sold by druggists. $1. Send for Circular. Daniel & Marsh, Agents, Atlanta Ga.

aug6—d1y sat tues thur & wlv



KNOW THYSELF

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED the Author. A new and great Medical work, warranted the best and cheapest, indispensable to every man, entitled "the Science of Life, or, self preservation:" bound in finest French muslin, embossed, full gilt, 300 pp., contains beautiful steel engravings, 125 prescriptions, price only $1.25 sent by mail; illustrated sample, 6 cents; send now. Address Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston

may24—d1y tues thur sat & wlv

THE GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

HAVING RENEWED MY LEASE OF "THE Grand Central Hotel" for a term of years, I beg leave to inform the public that the house has been THOROUGHLY repainted, and is now furnished with New and Improved Black Walnut Furniture, Wire Spring Beds with best Hair Mattresses, Velvet and Brussels Carpets.

ELECTRIC ANNUNCIATORS

connected with every room, and the Hotel is connected through the Columbia Telephonic Exchange with every prominent place of business throughout the city. These advantages, with Competent Attendants, warrant me in assuring the traveling public as good accommodations as the South can afford. JOHN T. WILLEY, Proprietor.

oct29—3m sat tues thur

C. G. GROSSE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

30 WHITEHALL ST., UP-STAIRS.

HIS STOCK EMBRACES SOME OF THE MOST elegant and tasty goods ever brought to the city before. The two suits made by the Willimantic Linen company on governor's day, for Governor Colquitt and Governor Bigelow were cut and made by Mr. Grosse in less than five hours. Their beauty, fit and taste in make were subjects of universal comment and praise, and many high compliments were passed upon the work by the governors and distinguished visitors who thoroughly examined the suits as they were worn at the receptions on the evening of Governor's day.

nov6—1m

NOTICE

TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE FOR MONROE Female College, being desirous to resume work at once, invite proposals to finish the College according to plans and specifications now in their hands. Apply or address at once to the

BUILDING COMMITTEE,

Monroe Female College,

nov24 d10t Forsyth, Ga.

CHARLES H. SWIFT,

UNDERTAKER,

47 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A COMPLETE assortment of Fisk's Patent Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets, and a full line of Wooden Caskets and Coffins. Prompt attention given to calls by day or night, and Funerals attended to in any manner desired. Elegant Hearses and Carriages furnished at moderate prices.

Embalming a specialty.

Located within a few yards of the Union Passenger Depot. All orders by mail or telegragh will be led with promptness and dispatch. nov9d3m

WHITE MARBLE GRAVEL

Is Best of all for Lawn and Garden Walks, because it

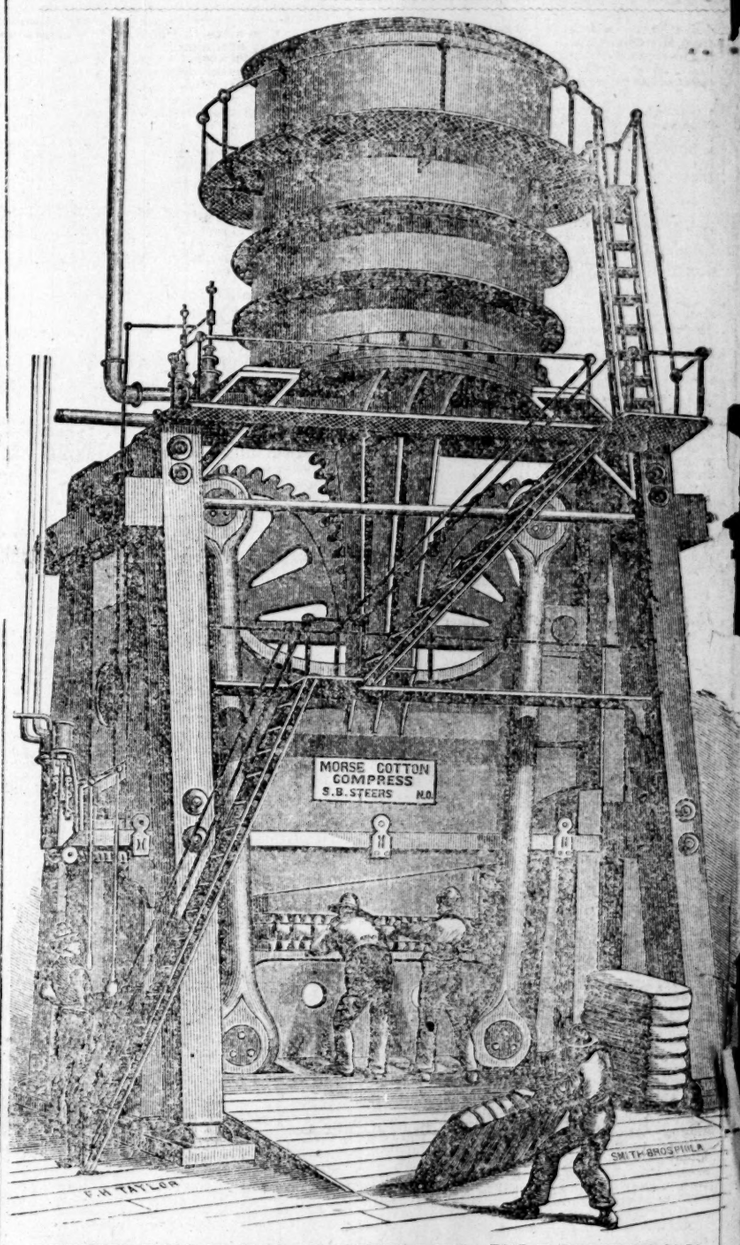
LOOKS PRETTIER,

NEEDS NO REPAIRING, WILL LAST A WHOLE generation, will not wash off and the more it is worn the nicer it looks and makes a beautiful contrast with the green grass. Address

JNO. H. CLOTWORTHY

sep13—1m Manufacturer, Knoxville, Tenn

COTTON COMPRESS.



NEW MORSE COTTON COMPRESS.

The Largest and Most Powerful Compress on the Earth.

With a Lifting Power of 3000 Tons.

THIRTY-FIVE have been built and erected in four years; and for this period twice as many as all other Compresses, and in the last two years five times as many as all others combined in the United States, making the investment in the Morse Press over one million dollars in four years. 400,000 pounds of material are required for a single Compress, and only iron is used of the highest known grade. Their immense weight, strength and durability, make them in the end, the cheapest Compress in use, and the only one to meet the commercial demands of the present and future. Several of those first built have now compressed from 400,000 to 500,000 bales cotton, without defect or perceptible wear. They have secured a density (measured in the press) of 75 pounds to the cubic foot.

A FEW CHIEF MERITS.

1. It is, in all respects, simplest in construction, and least liable to disorder or breakage.
2. It is a steam power, and works faster than any of the hydraulic presses and has no packings to give out, when delays would be ruinous.
3. It has fewer points in motion, and consequently less wear and friction than any other compress.
4. Its wedge-shaped rack and cycloidal sectors secure a PROGRESSIVE leverage, nicely adjusted to overcome the increasing density of the bale, as the platen is brought home.
5. Its superior power has reduced freight to a minimum, and wherever located, has made the business of compress wonderfully successful, and at many interior points has doubled the receipts of cotton.

New Orleans alone has nine of these mammoth presses; Memphis, three; Houston, three; Norfolk, three; others at Mobile, Galveston, Brenham, Dallas, Fort Worth, Paris, Jefferson, Shreveport, Little Rock, Vicksburg, Meridian, Columbus, (Miss.,) Selma, Wilmington, West Point, Va., Rome and St. Louis, and one may be seen daily at work in this city, (Atlanta.) For descriptive circulars and particulars address

S. B. STEERS, Sole Proprietor, New Orleans,

Or the Builders—READING IRON WORKS, Philadelphia; FULTON IRON WORKS, St. Louis.

nov12—d2m sat tues thur not in sup

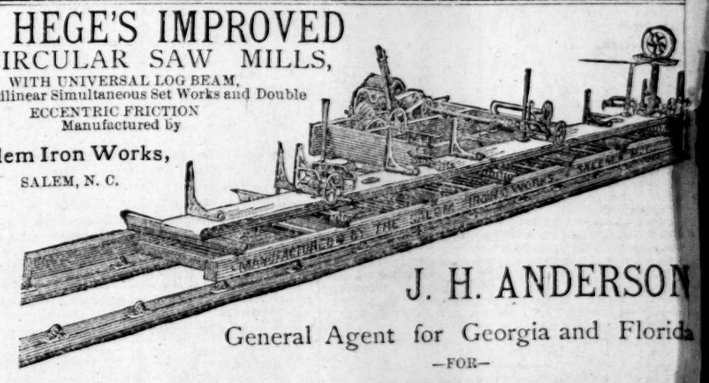
HEGE'S IMPROVED

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

WITH UNIVERSAL LOG BEAM, Rectilinear Simultaneous Set Works and Double ECCENTRIC FRICTION Manufactured by

Salem Iron Works,

SALEM, N. C.



J. H. ANDERSON

General Agent for Georgia and Florida

—FOR—

HEGE'S IMPROVED SAW MILLS

jnne16—d&w6m wed thur sat tues 69 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA

HATS! HATS! HATS!

J. A. CHRISTIAN,

HATTER.

SUCCESSOR TO

L. H. CLARKE, AGENT, NO. 6. WHITEHALL ST

☞ The public will please notice that I have purchased the interests of above firm, and in continuing the business at this well-known stand, I propose to keep the finest line of fashionable goods kept in the city, bought direct from the manufacturer, and shall sell at inside figures, and by courtesy and square dealing merit your patronage.

nov19tf 6p J. A. CHRISTIAN, 6 Whitehall street.

LOCAL TIN-TYPES

FROM OUR REPORTERS' POCKET CAMERAS.

Yesterday in the City—What was Done and Said by Home-Folks and Strangers—The Gossip of the Town as Taken on the Fly—In and About the Courts and Departments.

OUT AGAIN.—The many friends of Mr. L. W. Scoville, the genial proprietor of the Kimball house, will be glad to know that he has so far recovered as to be able to leave his room.

LECTURE ON GEOLOGY.—Professor B. Clark Wheeler, mining engineer, now representing the mineral resources of Pitkin county, Colorado, at the exposition, has accepted an invitation to deliver a lecture on geology, before the young ladies of the girls' high school on Tuesday noon, next.

LOST.—Ed Jones, an employe of Thompson's restaurant, was yesterday relieved of his pocket-book, containing a small amount of change and two checks on James's bank. His loss is due to the successful work of a pickpocket.

BAD FALL.—Miss Isabelle Franklin, a young lady from Montgomery, Ala., who is stopping at a boarding house on Pryor street, near Hunter, fell down a flight of stairs and received injuries which will prevent her from seeing the exposition again.

GERMAN CARP FOR GEORGIA.—Dr. H. H. Cary, superintendent of fisheries for Georgia, left last night for Washington, D. C., for more carp for distribution in Georgia. They will be distributed on his return from the department of agriculture at the capitol.

A FALL.—Yesterday morning a little son of Mr. J. M. Murrell, of Rome, who is visiting Major J. F. Cummings, fell over a stair railing and sustained severe injuries about the head and shoulders. The little fellow was doing very well at last accounts, although suffering considerably.

CRIPPLED FOR LIFE.—Frank Harman, a colored dray driver, met with a serious accident yesterday. He was loading some heavy boxes at the Air-Line freight depot, when one of them slipped from the wagon and, striking him on the knee, split the knee-cap in two. The attending physician thinks that a stiff leg will be the result.

LIGHT FINGERED.—An elderly gentleman whose home is in Columbus and who is now taking in the exposition, was robbed yesterday at the exposition grounds. In his pants pocket he carried a purse in which there were fifty dollars and two return tickets to Columbus. And this is what he lost through the dexterity of a successful leather lifter for whom Captain Couch is now seeking.

WORKING THE CAR SHED.—That there is a band of trained leather-lifters working the union passenger depot there can no longer be a doubt. Yesterday three gentlemen and two ladies were relieved of money, and one lady of a valuable gold watch. The robberies were committed while the trains were arriving and when the crowd was around the coaches, and this is the time generally chosen by the robbers for their work.

THE GRAND JURY.—This body was in session again yesterday, but as to their labors nothing definite could be ascertained beyond a single indictment against Monroe Frederick for assault with intent to murder. However, judging from the witnesses about the chamber door and from bits of conversation here and there, it is generally believed that the affairs of the Citizens' bank were undergoing a further investigation.

CHARGED WITH ROBBERY.—At the solicitation of a stranger, who lodged Tuesday night at the sleeping hall on Alabama street, Officer Glover yesterday arrested Merritt Henseley, a young white man, against whom he brings the charge of robbery. It is claimed by the complainant, that while he was asleep, the accused stole three dollars from him. Subsequent to arrest, the missing money was found in Henseley's possession.

AN ACCIDENT TO MISS HAHR.—Yesterday morning about ten o'clock as Miss Emma Hahr was leaving her home, at West End, to visit the exposition she had the misfortune to receive a fall, which came near resulting in a broken arm. Her right arm was painfully hurt, and it was thought for a while that it was really broken. The accident will be greatly regretted by her friends when they learn of it this morning.

CARS OFF THE TRACK.—Two cars attached to the train which left the exposition grounds a few minutes before five o'clock last evening, after proceeding but a short distance, jumped the track. Much consternation ensued among the passengers, none of whom were injured, though several jumped recklessly from the moving train. At the time of the mishap the passenger train and a freight train on a parallel track were apparently racing. Some slight damage ensued to the gearing of the dislodged cars.

NEARLY A BAD ACCIDENT.—About noon yesterday a carriage containing two ladies and a driver was passing down Whitehall street. Just behind the carriage was a large two horse wagon. Both vehicles were moving rapidly. Suddenly the carriage stopped, and before the driver of the wagon could check his team the wagon tongue struck the back of the carriage with such force that it went clear through. The tongue struck one of the ladies near the shoulder, and knocked her from her seat to the ground. Fortunately she was but little hurt. Her escape was a lucky one.

AN OLD LIBRARY.—In an auction house on Whitehall street is the old library of the celebrated Duff Green, of Georgia. The collection is a rare one and every single volume was read by the old statesman. They have been placed there for sale, and by their dilapidated appearance and former ownership are attracting considerable attention. There are some rare volumes among the lot and their sale is proving an easy and lucrative task. When the lot was received there was among them a bound volume of the first paper ever published in the United States, which has been purchased by an Atlanta gentleman. This gem of ancient journalism was on exhibition at the centennial and is much prized by its present owner.

CITY REGISTRATION.—As will be seen by reference to the council proceedings in another column, the closing of the registration books, which was to have occurred last night, has been postponed. This action on the part of the city council was caused by the expressed desire of many of the leading citizens of Atlanta who deferred registering until too late. And now, since the time has been extended, it is to be hoped that every voter will come up. When the books were closed last night the following was the showing:

First ward	573
Second ward	430
Third ward	248
Fourth ward	597
Fifth ward	460
Total	2,308

ANOTHER ORMOND GROVE MYSTERY.—Early yesterday morning Chief Connolly was informed that a large trunk had just been found in Ormond's grove. The chief instructed Officer Steerman to investigate the matter. Repairing to the place indicated, Steerman found a large trunk which had been broken open and lightened of a part of its contents. On one end was "Miss M. M. Fitten," and this gave a clue which caused the officer to have the trunk taken to the station-house. The chief then visited Major Fitten, on Peachtree street, and learned that the trunk was the property of his sister, Mrs. J. M. Hawkins, and that it was stolen Tuesday. On that day Mrs. Hawkins reached Atlanta, and at the car shed gave her check to one of Ballard's baggage men with instructions to send the trunk to Major Fitten's. Late in the evening she was informed by a messenger from Ballard's that the trunk had not reached the city. It is presumed that the trunk was carried away by a thief while the baggage car was being unloaded. Only a small portion of the contents was taken by the thief.

THE CITY COUNCIL.—There was a called session of the city council yesterday afternoon at Mayor English's office. There were present Mayor English, presiding, and a full board, except Councilmen Pinson, Knapp, Buchanan, Boyd and Johnson.

Mayor English said that he had been induced to call the meeting in order to consider the propriety of extending the time for registration. He thought that the registration ordinance ought to be changed so as to allow the registration books to remain open until the Tuesday immediately preceding election day.

Councilman Payne moved to amend the ordinance by making the time for closing the registration books 6 o'clock Tuesday preceding the day of election.

The question was discussed and an ordinance, which appears elsewhere in this issue, was drawn, read and adopted.

Upon motion of Councilman Berkele the pay of election managers was fixed at five dollars per day.

Upon motion of Alderman Goodwin each set of election managers was allowed two clerks, whose compensation was assessed at three dollars per day, said clerks to be chosen by the managers.

Upon motion the council adjourned.

SOMETHING WRONG.—About nine o'clock yesterday morning, while Officer Haynes was in charge of the station house, a well dressed man entered the office and said: "My name is Edward Alexander. I am a discharged soldier. About one month ago I killed a man in St. Louis, and now I want to give myself up." This statement somewhat non plused the veteran policeman, and Chief Connolly was sent for. After his arrival Chief Connolly interrogated the stranger who said that on the second day of [illegible] October he was discharged from the [illegible] States army and that on the 13th day [illegible] he had [illegible] a [illegible] on the wharf in [illegible] He then e[illegible]ed [illegible]

the go constantly since committing the crime and that he wanted to go back and stand his trial. The story was told in a good, straight manner, and in a few minutes Connolly had telegraphed to the chief of police of St. Louis, giving the details, and asking whether or not Alexander was wanted. In a short while a negative answer was received, and a first class sensation spoiled. When shown the contents of the telegram from the chief of police of St. Louis, Alexander reiterated his statement and then left the office. He is about 35 years of age, medium size, has mustache and chin whiskers, light colored hair and eyes and was well dressed.

THE DRUMMER BOYS IN GLEE.—Wednesday will be an ever memorably day in the history of the exposition on account of the fact of it being set aside to the entertainment of the "drummers." Many of our readers may not be familiar with the appellation as used by us in describing the vocation of those who are commonly known as "traveling agents or commercial travelers." There is no class of business men who are more to be respected by the American people than the men who represent the industries, manufactories, importers and jobbing houses of the world. These men devote the larger portion of their time in traveling over the country. They are subjected to the trials of disappointment and all of the inconveniences of railroad, steamboat, stage and every conceivable means of travel. They are obliged to be continually employed, ever busy and stirring, to establish a trade, and to maintain the same. They are the life and soul of business. They are the hotel keeper's support, and woe to the landlord who does not cater for and entertain the drummer. About two hundred of these happy, genial fellows were entertained by the Willimantic cotton company last evening. During the afternoon the boys were the guests of the Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing company, who gave each of the boys a beautiful souvenir in the form of a badge with the name of each written on the same.

The Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing company is ever alive to the introduction of its celebrated magic sewing machines, and this company know the value of advertising. We believe the drummer boys will always hold this company in grateful memory, and when they buy machines for their wives the silent number eight Wheeler & Wilson will be their choice.

CURBSTONE GOSSIP.—Atlanta has 50,000 inhabitants.

The National life association of Ohio is doing a good business in Atlanta.

The blue front wagon yard, on Peachtree street has been sold by Mr. Hoke Smith, Mr. A. C. Fleming becoming the purchaser. Each of them will build residences next spring.

A meeting of the "Athens folks" who live in Atlanta is spoken of for the purpose of forming a club that will have an annual dinner, and keep the run of the Athens colony in the gate city. There is scarcely a town or city in the state that could not furnish a similar organization in Atlanta.

Mayor Morgan, of Rome, has challenged Jim Crawford to try his fox hounds against some North Georgia hounds, behind a red fox. The challenge has been accepted and the chase will come off soon. Fulton county can rally a pack of hound that she would like to throw into this chase, just for full measure, if for nothing more.

The Courts.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, Nov. 30.—List of circuits showing the cases remaining undisposed of: Middle circuit 3; Oemulgee circuit, 8; Brunswick circuit, 5; Eastern circuit, 17; Northern circuit, 11; Atlanta circuit, 46.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 19. Argument concluded.

COWETA CIRCUIT.

No. 6. Dunsan et al. vs. Pitts et al., commissioners. Injunction, from Troup. Argued. B. H. Bigham; C. W. Mabry; T. H. Whitaker, by brief, for plaintiffs in error. Terrell & Longley, by brief, contra.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

No. 2. Strange vs. Smith. Money rule, from Washington. M. Cumming; H. D. D. Twiggs; J. N. Gilmore, for plaintiff in error. James K. Hines, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Hines, the court adjourned until 9:30 a.m. to morrow.

CITY COURT.—Judge Richard Clarke, presiding. This court was actively engaged yesterday with its criminal docket and disposed of the following cases:

State vs. John Purley, charge, gaming; sentence, two months in the county jail or a fine of $95.

George Pallas, charge, gaming; sentence, two months in the county jail or a fine of $90.

F. C. Battle, charge, gaming; verdict, not guilty.

Lewis Price, charge, larceny from the house; verdict, not guilty.

This court adjourned until Friday morning.

SUPERIOR COURT.—The Fulton superior court, Judge Hillyer presiding, was in session again yesterday.

An order of publication was passed in the case of Henry S. Robinson vs. Amanda Robinson. Suit for divorce.

An order was passed directing the receiver for Hook & Smith to separate the goods belonging to Field, Thayer & Co. and Hood, Boubright & Co., and to account to each firm for the same.

An order directing J. N. Smith, constable of 1234 militia district to pay over to Joe Jackson the amount of a fi. fa. collected by him was passed.

In the case of A. T. Finney vs. John L. Maddox—suit for damages—a verdict for $100 for the plaintiff was rendered.

In the case of B. A. Mullins vs. J. C. Bridger—action for damages—a settlement was effected by the defendant agreeing to pay the plaintiff $150.

Remember G. W. Adair's sale of valuable residence property, on Cock, McDonough and Jones streets, this afternoon at 3½ o'clock, sharp. Free ride on street cars to sale. dec1 d1t

WATKINS INSTITUTE.

The Design of Bruce & Morgan, of Atlanta, Accepted—Compliment to Atlanta Architects.

Nashville American.

The trustees of the Watkins institute met yesterday morning, and accepted the design of Mr. A. C. Bruce, of Bruce & Morgan, architects, of Atlanta, to whom the prize of $300 was awarded.

The building to be erected in accordance with the accepted plans is designed in the Venitian-Gothic style, which fitly expresses the beauty of strength in its graceful proportions, as shown in the handsome perspective drawing by the architects.

The first floor of the library building has been divided into a reception hall, library, ladies' parlor, reading room, art collections, and the necessary closets and conveniences to a well appointed library building. The ceiling to the library will be finished in panels of native wood. The alcoves for the books will be formed as shown on plan and section drawning. The room is well lighted, and has a capacity for about 15,000 volumes. From the library through large double doors is entered the ladies parlor, and through other doors the general reading room and art collection. In the ladies' parlor there will be a bow window adding very much to the cheerfulness and comfort of the room. There will also be a square recess in the general reading room, which will have all the effect of a square bay window, and when the sliding doors between the rooms are open the view will be very fine. The grand stairway in the reception hall leads to the hall above where it connects with the corridor leading to Church street. Thus giving access to the library from Church street as well as from High street, and which serves to divide the crowd emerging from the lecture hall contained on this floor. The lecture hall has a capacity for about eight hundred people. The seats incline from the rostrum to the rear, so that all can have a good view of the speaker. The construction of the roof is shown on the section drawing, and the shape of the ceiling being octagon, is well adapted to accoustic principles. At the rear of the rostrum, access to which is given through the hall, are retiring rooms and other conveniences.

The prize was awarded solely on account of its merit, and Mr. Bruce, who was reared in Nashville, will doubtless feel proud of his success. He is regarded as one of the best architects in the south.

Mr. Morgan has been associated with Mr. Bruce for a number of years, and is one of the most promising and talented young men in his profession. He came here with Mr. Bruce about three years since.

The second prize was awarded to Mr. Sloan, of Philadelphia, and the third to Mr. Cusack, of Nashville.

Your life is in danger when you allow a severe cough or cold to go unchecked. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a cheap harmless and reliable remedy.

—A Norwich man has started out to sue all the railroads in Connecticut for not conforming to the law concerning water-closets and passenger stations. The penalty is $100 for each violation, the informer to get the money.

Buys Them by the Gross.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, May 25, 1881.

Please send me at once one gross of your most excellent medical tonic, Brown's iron bitters. I have used them in my practice, for indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, heartburn, nausea, vertigo, etc., and have met with great success, in effecting cures. I find they give perfect tone and real strength to every part of the body, and in cases of kidney diseases and consumption they quickly stop all decay.

R. B. ALEXANDER, M. D. and druggists.

nov27—d&w1w

THE legislature of Tennessee has been called in extra session for the 7th of December, principally to redistrict the state.

BUY NO HOLIDAY PRESENT WITHOUT SEEING DR. Scott's beautiful Electric Hair and Flesh Brushes They always benefit the well, and marvelously cure Headaches, Neuralgia, Dandruff, Falling Hair, Baldness, Rheumatism, etc. Price refunded if not as represented. [illegible] Drug and Fancy Stores.

JEWELRY.

STILSON, JEWELER,

RELIABLE GOODS AND BOTTOM PRICES,

53 WHITEHALL STREET.

1459 oct20—d6m top 7thp nx tin tp

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

Rheumatism Neuralgia

Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side.

There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of **PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.**

This remedy is **not** a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat **to avoid danger of explosion,** nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.

PAIN KILLER has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, **IT NEVER FAILS.** It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most inexperienced.

The record of cures by the use of **PAIN KILLER** would fill volumes. The following extracts from letters received show what those who have tried it think:

Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says:
About a year since my wife became subject to severe suffering from rheumatism. Our resort was to the PAIN KILLER, which speedily relieved her.

Charles Powell writes from the Sailors' Home, London:
I had been afflicted three years with neuralgia and violent spasms of the stomach. The doctors at Westminster Hospital gave up my case in despair. I tried your PAIN KILLER, and it gave me immediate relief. I have regained my strength, and am now able to follow my usual occupation.

G. H. Walworth, Saco, Me., writes:
I experienced immediate relief from pain in the side by the use of your PAIN KILLER.

E. York says:
I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism, and have received great benefit.

Barton Seaman says:
Have used PAIN KILLER for thirty years, and have found it a *never-failing* remedy for rheumatism and lameness.

Mr. Burditt writes:
It *never fails* to give relief in cases of rheumatism.

Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes:
From actual use, I know your PAIN KILLER is the best medicine I can get.

All druggists keep PAIN KILLER. Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills. **25c., 50c., and $1.00 a bottle.**

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july5—d&wly november december january whole next read mat

S. S. S.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

CURES RHEUMATISM.

MILAN TENN., November 1, 1881.

S. S. S. has cured several bad cases of Rheumatism and I have a good sale for it.

W. H. CALEY.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., November 19, 1881.

We have had several cases of Rheumatism cured by the use of S. S. S. after having tried all other treatment here in vain.

O. A. JOHNSTON.

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM

TUMBLING SHOALS, S. C., September 2, 1881.

I cured a colored man of Syphilitic Rheumatism by the use of S. S. S. who had been confined to his bed with it for several months. I think without S. S.S. he would have died. I have prescribed it in several cases of skin disease with best results.

W. B. SMITH, M.D.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

Cures Blotches, Pimples, Eruptions, Rough Skin, and Clears Up the Complexion.

SAVED FROM A HORRIBLE DEATH

QUINCY, ILLINOIS, November 1, 1881.

Two years ago I contracted the horrible disease, and up to May last had spent $560 for treatment by the best medical men without any benefit, on the contrary, I grew worse. My mouth and throat becoming badly ulcerated, sores breaking out on my neck and legs. I also suffered excruciatingly with Rheumatism, growing very despondent, and my best friends advised me that the icy hand of death was fast approaching, and indeed I felt such to be the case. This was my condition in May last. I caught at S. S. S. like a drowning man at a straw. After taking two bottles I could feel a great change for the better. The sores began to discharge freely and the Rheumatism to abate. When I had taken six bottles every sore had healed, my skin began to assumed a natural appearance. I persisted in the use of S.S.S. until I had taken twelve bottle AND THERE IS NOT A SYMPTOM OF THE DISEASE REMAINING, and I feel as well as I ever did. I have gained 21 pounds in flesh and my friends wonder at my improved condition. I have recommended it to many and in every instance with complete success. I believe that S. S. S. has saved me from a horrible death, and wish I could induce every sufferer to do as I have done—take S. S. S. and be cured.

C. H. SMILEY.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

If you wish we will take your case, TO BE PAID FOR WHEN CURED. Write for particulars and copy of little book "MESSAGES TO THE UNFORTUNATE," or ask your druggist for it.

$1,000 REWARD

Will be paid to any chemist who will find on analysis of 100 bottles S. S. S. one particle of Mercury, Iodine Potassium, or any Mineral substance.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

☞Price of regular or large size reduced to $1 75 per bottle. Small size, holding half the quantity, price $1.

315 aug4—d1y

WILLIMANTIC SPOOL COTTON.

"AMERICA STILL AHEAD!"

WHY IS

WILLIMANTIC THE BEST THREAD FOR SEWING MACHINES. WILLIMANTIC

ASK THE JUDGES AT THE

Centennial Exposition, 1876.
Pittsburg Exposition, 1876--7--8 and '79.
St. Louis Exposition, 1877.
American Institute, New York, 1878.
Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1878.
Cincinnati Exposition, 1879.

ASK ANYBODY WHO HAS EVER USED

WILLIMANTIC SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON,

O[illegible] the Exposition and See for Yourself.

CARPETS.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

We have now in stock, and arriving daily, the most complete line of carpets, oil cloths, mattings, lace curtains, shades, cornice mouldings and wall papers ever brought to this city.

Among them will be found the latest designs in Wilton's, moquets, body brussels, tapestry and ingrains, which, for beauty and style, cannot be surpassed by any house in the south.

Our stock of wall papers and ceiling decorations is the most complete and extensive ever brought to this market.

In our upholstering department we employ none but the most skilled workmen, and guarantee work equal in finish to any turned out in New York city.

We are determined not to be undersold and invite an inspection of our stock, feeling confident we can make it to your interest to purchase from us.

CARTER & SOLOMON,

50 WHITEHALL STREET

382 sep11—d3m 7thp top 5th&6th col

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Buyers of Clothing and Furnishing Goods should examine our immense stock of Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Reversibles and Dress Overcoats in heavy and light weights.

Business Suits, Dress Suits, Plain and Fancy Underwear, Fancy and White Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Half-hose, Neckwear, etc. E. & W. Collars.

ANDREWS, HITCH & CO.,
16 Whitehall street.

sep30 d3m—5th or 7th p

ENGINES, SEEDS, FERTILIZERS, ETC

PHŒNIX AND ONEIDA ENGINES.

SEE THEM

AT THE EXPOSITION.

NONE EXCEL THEM. NONE SO CHEAP.

A FULL LINE OF HARROWS, PLOWS and all FARM IMPLEMENTS

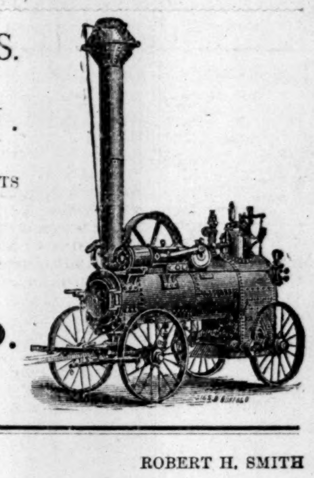
SEEDS, FERTILIZERS,

—AND—

MACHINERY, ALWAYS ON HAND.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.

27 Marietta street.



nov12—d1y

A. B. FARQUHAR. A. JESSOP. ROBERT H. SMITH

A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.,

SOUTHERN DEPOT, PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS,

MACON - - - GEORGIA.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS,

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL AND NAILS.

GENERAL AGENCY FOR THE

BROWN COTTON GIN

AND PROPRIETORS OF

CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.

Special attention to all kinds of Repair Work. ☞ Send for Catalogue and Prices.

an2—d1y

BROWN'S

NATIONAL HOTEL

RATES $2.00 PER DAY.

(Nearly Opposite Passenger Depot.)

E. E. BROWN & SON, PROPRIETORS.

MACON, GEORGIA.

LEAD, OILS AND COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & BROS.,

231 South Front St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE LEAD,

RED LED LITHARGE,

ORANGE MINERAL, LINSEED OIL & PAINTERS' COLORS.

492 oct9—d3m

WHITE & MILLER



Genlera Agents for C & G Cooper's

PLAIN, PORTABLE, TRACTION

—AND—

STATIONARY ENGINES, SAW MILLS,

GRIST MILLS, SMUT MACHINES, ETC.

Also for the Hamilton Stationary and Monarch Portable, Traction and Road Engine. These latter guaranteed to draw 4,000 feet of lumber, or 20,000 pounds of freight over ordinary roads. Also the Eclipse and Merchant Saw Mills, manufactured at these works. The machinery of these two houses has no superior in the United states. In stock and for sale:

CIRCULAR SAWS, SOLID AND PLANER TOOTH

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

of all kinds.

WHITE & MILLER,
Cor Broad and Hunter sts, Atlanta, Ga.

oct2—d6m sun thurs&w6m

REAL ESTATF FOR SALE.

RESIDENCES IN ATLANTA, ANY SIZE AND LOCATION. FARMS NEAR ATLANTA AND IN ANY PORTION OF GEORGIA. MILLS NEAR ATLANTA. VACANT LAND IN AND NEAR ATLANTA

FRIERSON & LEAK,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, 33 MARIETTA STREET

oct21—d1f

LADIES' CLOAKS!

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, LADIES' CIRCULARS, LADIES' ULSTERS,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE GREAT

DRY GOODS, CARPET, BOOT AND SHOE STORE

OF

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

66 AND 68 WHITEHALL STREET.

ALSO, AGENTS BUTTERRICK'S PATTERNS

CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

Does the water in your town or city need Filtering? If so, go at once to McBride & Co's and secure right to manufacture the "Gate City Stone Water Filter." Without a doubt it is the best Filterer in the world. Every Druggist and Liquor Dealer must have one.

jan 16dlyabove we re top col

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6 9-16d; in New York, at 12c; in Atlanta at 11¼c.

The Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, light rains, and partly cloudy weather, falling barometer, slight changes in temperature, light variable winds.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, November 30, 10:31, P. M.

[All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.14	59	55	S. E.	Fresh	.01	Foggy
Augusta	30.18	58	...	.....	Calm	0	Foggy
Palestine	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Galveston	30.15	64	64	N.	Light	.00	Foggy
Indianola	30.16	66	64	N. E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
Key West	30.11	77	...	E.	Light	.00	Clear.
Mobile	30.11	68	...	S. W.	Light	.37	Cloudy.
Montgomery	30.10	64	63	S. E.	Fresh	.02	Lt. rain.
Port Eads	30.04	63	63	S.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Pensacola	30.11	67	66	S. E.	Light	....	Cloudy.
Savannah	30.16	64	...	E.	Light	.00	Foggy

NOTE—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 2 to 5, inclusive; Fresh, 9 to 14 inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; High, 30 to 39, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., November 30, 1881.

TIME.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
6:31 a. m.	30.25	50	38	E.	Fresh	....	Cloudy.
10:31 "	30.26	53	51	E.	Light	.00	Lt. rain
2:00 p. m.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2:31 "	30.18	56	54	S. E.	Light	.07	Cloudy.
6:00 "	30.19	60	54	E.	Fresh	.00	Foggy
10:31 "	30.14	59	55	S. E.	Fresh	01	Foggy

Mean daily bar..... 30.190 | Maximum ther..... 60 0
Mean daily ther.... 55.0 | Minimum ther..... 50.0
Mean daily humid .. 92.0 | Total rainfall..... .08

H HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Hymes's Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 Whitehall street The place where you can get the best clothing and furnishing goods for the least money.

sep16—d3m 1st col 8thp

EXPOSITION FACTS.

THE FINEST DISPLAY OF ELECTRO, GOLD and SILVER-PLATED WARE is the one of the MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO. in the ART BUILDING, up-stairs. These goods can be bought of A. F. PICKERT, No. 5 Whitehall street, near the railroad crossing.

The best selected stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES and JEWELRY can be found at No. 5 Whitehall street. A. F. PICKERT.

The MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.'S ELECTRO GOLD and SILVER-PLATED WARE is the finest in the world. A. F. PICKERT, SOUTHERN HEADQUARTERS.

Just received a large stock of SOLID SILVER WARE, at bottom prices. A. F. PICKERT.

A beautiful selection of FINE LAMPS, suitable for BRIDAL and CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, will be found at THE SILVER PALACE, No. 5 Whitehall street.

Vistors to the city should not fail to see THE SILVER PALACE OF A. F. PICKERT, No. 5 WHITEHALL STREET.

dec5—dtf 8thp 1st col

Local Notes

Ladies' and Misses' kid and pebble button and lace common-sense walking shoes—inside prices. McCalla Bros, 3 Whitehall. dec1 d1t

—W. G. Browne, Dentist, 33½ Whitehall street sep28—dtf

We offer for ten days a "big exposition drive" on shirts, valises. So call early and arrange your "baggage," at McCalla Bros, 3 Whitehall street. dec1 d1t

—Read what Messrs. F. J. Coledge & Bro. have to say in ten cent column. They are headquarters for paints, oils, glass, etc. 1151 nov27 d1t

A new lot of nobby hand-made shoes and medium machine shoes, at "driving bargains." McCalla Bros, 3 Whitehall. dec1 d1t

—Why suffer the aches and pains of Rheumatism when so safe and permanent a remedy as Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure is at your door? Call at Hutchison's and get a bottle—it will cure you sure.

86 feb13 tf—sun tues thur

—An Immense success. Victor Baby Food Twenty-five cents. All druggists.

feb3—d1y thurs sun tues

Boy's Goods.—Nice lot boy's fine shoes, hats, undershirts, rubbers, etc. All cheap and good. McCalla Bros, 3 Whitehall street. dec1 d1t

Sign Painters.

J. F. Klapp and M. C. Fincher are prepared to do painting of any kind. Satisfaction guaranteed. Shop 51 Peachtree street. dec1 d1t

Notice.

Stop using the poisonous compounds, sold under the name of Apple Vinegar. Ask your grocer for W. J. Morrison's genuine Apple Vinegar, and take no other. dec1 d1t

V. L. Hopson,

General Trader and Real Estate Agent, Leesburg, Fla. Refer to Moore, Marsh & Co., Atlanta; D. N. Speer, State Treasurer, Atlanta, Ga. Have the controlling agency and sale of several choice bearing orange groves contiguous to Leesburg. Situated in Lakes Harris and Griffin, and the Isle of Emerald, at the mouth of the Ochlawaha river. Have them varying in price from one to sixty thousand dollars, according to size and locality. Each will now pay a good per cent on the investment. Parties desiring to see me for the next six or eight days can find me at Adams House, Atlanta, Ga., every morning till noon during next week. Will be at Adams House in the afternoon of each day will be at Exposition grounds, Florida Department. 1196 nov27—5t

At the Kimball from Georgia.

Mr and Mrs J A Gammond and two children, Rome; Dr H H Cary, LaGrange; T W H Underwood, Rome; H S Pitts, Dr A B Copeland, Mrs A B Copeland, Miss Willie Copeland, T H Cowsert, Hamilton; W E Lee, Covington; Mrs M B Moon, W H Warren and wife, Augusta; Rev S J Pinkerton, Marietta; W M Sims and wife, Miss Sallie DuBose, Miss Sallie Callaway, W H Duncan, Washington; W B Frost, LaGrange; A Reynolds, Macon; George Herbert Jackson, Augusta; A W Johnson and wife, C J Wilson, Macon; J B Bass, M O Bowdion, Griffin; G D Jackson, G F Harrington, West Point; G F Turner, Hampton; W A Tift, Tipton; J R Stafford and wife, Augusta; C H Peacock, Eastman; G T Hodge, Hartwell.

ULSTERETTES AND OVERCOATS

IN BEAVERS,
CHINCHILLAS.
MELTONS, ETC.

HANDSOMEEST SYLES.
SUPERIOR MAKE,
PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION

AT

HIRSCH BROS.,

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

671 sep18—d1y un cham boy & co

HARALSON'S HOPE.

He States His Position with Regard to Next Year's Congressional Race.

The meeting here at the exposition of people from all parts of this congressional district has led naturally to discussion of the race of next year. It has been taken for granted that there would be strong independent opposition to whoever might be the nominee of the regular democratic convention. Hearing the name of Hon. Frank L. Haralson, our present state librarian, frequently mentioned in this connection, a CONSTITUTION man yesterday found a favorable opportunity to question him about the rumors.

"Have you been thinking about running as an independent candidate for congress in this district?"

"Well, yes."

"Seriously?"

"Certainly; it is not a matter to be thought of as a mere pastime."

"And do you intend to run the race?"

"I am not prepared to say to you that I am now a candidate, but I am free to say this: that if I remain in my present feelings about the matter and a very different condition of affairs does not prevail when the race becomes imminent, I shall be a candidate for election to congress from this district."

"And as an independent?"

"Yes, sir. I believe that is the true line for any man to take who wishes to represent the whole people and not a clique or faction of politicians."

"Then you may be considered as in the field and ready to enter when the race is called?"

"If you choose."

The above may, therefore, be considered as service of notice on all other congressional aspirants in this bailiwick.

The Pine Wood Still.

The test of Messan & Pause's process of pine wood distillation, which was made last Friday and Saturday at the exposition grounds, resulted most satisfactorily, and showed even greater results than the proprietors claimed for it. A committee composed of Mr. J. C. Peck, who at that time was acting as director general, Colonel Mark A. Hardin, of the agricultural department, Mr. William S. Schley, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, Mr. J. Ogle, of Indianapolis, and Mr. Sanford, of the Savannah, Florida and Western road, was selected to witness the test and make a report. The wood used was of the following dimensions: Two feet wide, 4 feet long and 2 feet six inches high, or 1-7 of a cord, weighing 628 pounds. The result was as follows: 14½ pounds or 2 gallons spirits turpentine, 17 per cent; 300 pounds or 30 gallons pyroligneous acid, 37 per cent; 155 pounds or 15½ gallons tar, 18 per cent; 196 pounds or 8¾ bushels charcoal, 22 pounds to bushel, 24 per cent. Loss only 4 per cent.

The following certificate was given the gentlemen who saw the process and the result:

We witnessed the above weights and measures of the products after distillation of one-seventh of a cord of pine wood.

C. C. MCPHAIL, Richmond and Danville Railroad.
WILLIAM ROBERTSON, South Carolina Exhibit.
T. P. GRASTY, Louisville Courier-Journal.
CHARLES W. DABNEY, JR., Ph. D., State Chemist of North Carolina.

The final result, as shown by the above, is very gratifying indeed. A cord of pine wood is brought from an almost valueless condition to one where its changed condition renders it worth $16.35—quite an achievement. But the patentees, Messrs. Messan & Pause claim only an average of $13.00 to the cord. This certainly shows that they are modest in their claims. The products realized through this process are all free from acids, and they are pronounced the very best in the market. The charcoal for iron furnaces is claimed to be superior to any ever secured before, as the acid is taken from the wood, and the pure carbon saved by the process. The wood still will be under the supervision of the representatives of two leading iron furnaces from Alabama to day, and the result of the test will be published to-morrow.

He is at it Again.

John Keely, the irrepressible! Another "bankrupt stock." Well, we knew that the captain was up to mischief when he showed us a telegram calling him to New York last week, and behold, sure enough he bought the bankrupt stock which that telegram invited him to inspect. Nothing short of a stock of $40,000 in prospect at 25 cents on the dollar could have called the captain to New York at a time when he was overrun with business; but he is always on hand in such an emergency, and around with the cash. Now, we predict for such of our readers as may visit his store (and who does not?) rare bargains, for so immense is this stock that unless almost given away it will take too long to dispose of it, and John Keely is not the man to have either men or goods around him which do not "move." He has marked them down to ridiculously low prices, and he will certainly have an unprecedented rush for them. Some of his quotations are astonishingly low for the class of goods to which they refer. Every department is represented in this grand stock, and no trash goods will be found amongst them. Nobody can afford to ignore this opportunity to purchase fine goods, cheaper than they have ever before been offered.

The Kirkwood High School.

The closing exercises of the Kirkwood high school came off in fine style Wednesday night and was witnessed by a large congregation, among which was General John B. Gordon and Governor Colquitt. The military exercises, under direction of Captain Leyman Hall, formerly of the United States army, was a very attractive feature, and the manner in which the young cadets acquitted themselves reflected great credit upon his teachings, and won for the Kirkwood high school the praise of all.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Sam Hall and Miss Hattie Hall, of Macon, Ga., are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Howard, 100 Richardson street.

Messrs. A. R. Pearce, R. P. Webb, J. F. Skeggs and R. B. Vaughan, of Nashville, who have been spending a few days at the exposition, returned home yesterday.

Miss Marie Bowen, an accomplished humorous and dialect elocutionist, is in the city, expecting to make it her home. We hope she may be induced to favor the public with one of her entertainments.

Among the party of some forty or more from Selma, Alabama, visiting the exposition is Colonel J. M. Bedman, proprietor of the St. James hotel, Selma. A genial, courteous gentleman—he knows how to run a public house.

Honorable William Arthur, of the British legation at Washington is visiting the exposition, and is stopping with Judge Jackson. Mr. Arthur is a gentleman of intelligence and culture, and it is to be hoped that his stay in Atlanta will be pleasant, and that the opinion which he forms of the south and the exposition will be a favorable one. He is accompanied by his wife.

Decline of Man.

Impotency of mind, limb, or vital function, nervous weakness, sexual debility, etc., cured by "wells's Health Renewer." $1. At Druggists. Depot, Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta.

The magnificent display of Italian marble statuary, busts, monuments and rustics, from the importing house of Chas. Cobb, New York city, has been purchased entire by Theo. Markwalter, of Augusta, Ga. He will be pleased to have all his friends and those desiring to purchase work for parlor or cemery, to call at the Art and Industrial building, Atlanta exposition, and examine this work. Mr. Markwalter will be on hand to give prices and all particulars. dec1 d2t—thur sun

W. H. BROTHERTON'S DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND SATINS.

All wool black cashmere very superior goods, 40c.

Beautiful black, colored and striped silks, 50c.

Black satin, a splendid article, 50c.

Colored satins in all colors, handsome goods, 1.00.

An immense stock dress goods in all the latest novelties, at prices that are far below their market value, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

The cheapest and best coal to burn is my splendid "Lykens Valley," red ash anthacite. Warranted to burn freely in stoves or grates. All sizes at

J. C. KIMBALL'S,
11 Alabama and 72 Marietta streets.
1167 nov27 3t sun tues thurs sun & tues.

37

GAY'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

37 PEACHTREE STREET,
ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY

OF

FINE CLOTHING

We cannot be excelled, if equaled, by any

CLOTHING HOUSE

in the State, in MAKE UP, FIT, STYLE AND ELEGANCE of our CLOTHING.

In these particulars, we compete with the best merchant tailors, and sell at prices 33 per cent lower.

A. O. M. GAY & CO.,
37 Peachtree street.

37

830 oct16 d3m—8th p

Don't Be Deceived

By buying an inferior grade of coal for "Montevallo." Ask for the genuine "Aldrich Montevallo"—none other of any account. The genuine can always be found at KIMBALL'S,
11 Alabama and 72 Marietta.
1169 nov27 3t sun tues thurs 8th page

Good Butter for the trade, at Smith & Tresilian's, No. 30 Decatur street.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S MILLINERY

MILLINERY,
MILLINERY.

Presided over by Mrs. B. Lyon.

The finest retail millinery establishment south of Baltimore, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

The Old Reliable.

Coal Creek Coal never fails to give satisfaction. Plenty of Glen Mary at same price as Coal Creek. Also genuine Aldrich Montevallo, Anthracite, Wood and Kindling.

Full stocks of all the above at popular prices.

J. C. KIMBALL,
11 Alabama Street and 72 Marietta Street.
1165 nov27—5t sun tues thur sat sun 8th p

John Keely offers the following goods, which he bought in bankrupt stock, viz:

Fine French Jaconet Muslins 10c per yard, worth 40c.

Excellent Linen Towels 10c, 15c, and 20c each, half price!

Flannels, gray and blue twilled, half price!

Jeans and Cassimeres, half price!

Table Linens, half price!

Besides thousands of other items, from bankrupt sale, half price, at

dec1 d1t JOHN KEELY'S.

JOHN KEELY'S

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

"THE LEADER OF LOW PRICES" ON THE WAR PATH!

RECEIPT OF AN IMMENSE

BANKRUPT STOCK

From New York! This stock, amounting to some $40,000.00, sold by the sheriff, bought by JOHN KEELY at 25 cents on the dollar!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Could not advertise it until the goods had come! THEY ARE ALL IN NOW.

While in New York last week I bought for $10,000 CASH, a stock of goods, representing by the stock sheet, $40,000.

I HAVE NOT ROOM TO CARRY THEM!
I WILL SELL THEM OUT AT ONCE!
I BOUGHT THEM SO AS TO BE ABLE TO OFFER BARGAINS.

EVERY DEPARTMENT OF A FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS STOCK IS REPRESENTED IN THIS BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF GOODS! IT EMBRACES

CLOAKS! DOLMANS! ULSTERS! CIRCULARS & JACKETS

By the hundred! This season's goods. DRESS GOODS in fine variety! SILKS!

PLUSHES! PLUSHES! PLUSHES! SILK VELVETS!
BLACK AND COLORED ALL-WOOL CASHMERES.

Table Linens, all styles. Towels, Napkins, etc. White Goods, Bed Spreads, Comforts, etc.

BLANKETS---IN A FINE LINE.

200 pieces Gray Twilled Flannel---a fearful Bargain!
150 pieces Beautiful Plaid Flannels---all combinations!
Red; White and Blue Flannels---both plain and twilled.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS

HOSIERY and GLOVES, all styles. MERINO UNDERWEAR, a superb line.

SHIRTS!

Forty-five hundred dollars worth of SHIRTS, which are very bulky and I can't spare the room. So lookout for a Shirt Boom! "They Must Go!"

SHIRTS AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

Shirts almost given away from this lot of goods!

No use to try to enumerate the entire line which this stock represents! It cannot be done! Every cellar of my store, and every spare room up stairs is chuck full of it, and it is going to be sold right away!

THE PRICES ARE SIMPLY RIDICULOUS AT

JOHN KEELY'S.

dec1—dtf sun 8thp

New Styles New Dolmans, only the Latest Cuts at

JOHNRYAN'S

No old goods carried from one season to another and palmed off as special bargains from some big sale.

60 Satin Merreilleax Dolmans, trimmed with fur, $75, $85 and $100 each.

100 magnificent Satin Rhodamas and Gros Grain Silk Dolmans at $40, $50 and $60.

Ladies' Cloaks at $4, $6 and $10, worth 30 per cent more.

Walking Jackets, latest styles, at $6.50, $8.50 and $10.

Walking Jackets, elegantly trimmed, with plush, at $10, $15 and $20.

No such stock of Cloaks, Dolmans and Circulars ever shown in this country.

Cloaks at $1.50 and $2 and $2.50 and $3, perfect wonders of cheapness,

500 Misses and Children's Cloaks, all styles, from $3.50 to $25 each.

Cloaks for everybody.

No house in the U. S., whether dealer or manufacturer, can show a handsomer line than

JOHN RYAN'S.

CLOTHING!

IN ALL STYLES AND QUALITY FROM MEDIUM TO THE FINEST FOR

MEN'S, YOUTHS AND BOYS',

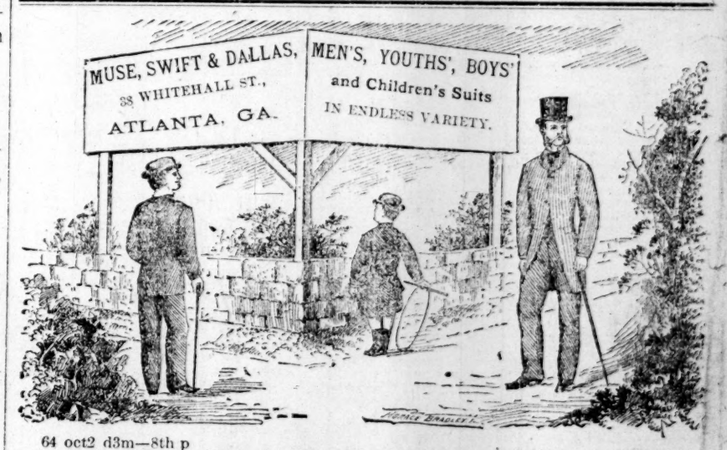
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Please call and examine goods and prices, as we intend to make it to your interest. Respectfully,

A. & S. ROSENFELD.

sep21—d3m 8thp un ga suit co



64 oct2 d3m—8th p

W. H. BROTHERTON'S 5c COUNTER!

Is the great wonder of the age. Tin and Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, and over one thousand articles that sell in a regular way in other houses for 25c. If you want bargains go to the 5c Counter at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

VALUABLE IN A STABLE.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 20, 1881.

Dear Sir—Within the past three days I have healed up and cured severe sores on three horses in my stables with Sanodine. I consider it a valuable medicine in a stable.

Respectfully, ZACH. E. TAYLOR.
nov27 d1w

W. H. BROTHERTON'S CLOTHING,

CLOTHING
CLOTHING.

Gents', Youths', Boys' and Childs', in great variety and at prices that defy competition, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

FURNITURE.

ANDREW J. MILLER,

42 & 44 PEACHTREE ST.

Music Stands.

Ladies' Desks.

New lot Wardrobes, Sideboards, etc.

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

nov9—d3m 8thp

W. H. BROTHERTON'S SHOES!

His Shoe department is unusually attractive. He keeps the very best goods in Ladies', Misses and Children's. His Gents' and Boys' boots and shoes are kept down stairs, where you can find anything you may wish at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.